

Supplementary data for article:

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Supporting information 1

Long-chained 4-Aminoquinolines as Quorum Sensing Inhibitors in *Serratia marcescens* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*

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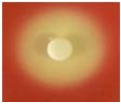

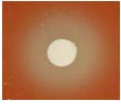













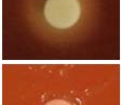

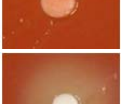

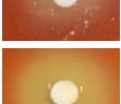

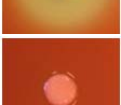
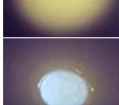






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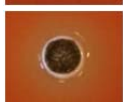





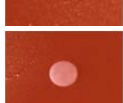





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Table 1S. Inhibition of prodigiosin and violacein production in the presence of tested compounds

Compound*	Zones of inhibition (mm)		
	Prodigiosin	Violacein	
1	20±2	 20±2	 20±2
2	14±2	 14±2	 20±2
3	14±1	 14±1	 20±2
4	14±1	 14±1	 26±2
5	n.a.	 n.a.	 24±2
6	10±1	 10±1	 9±1
7	n.a.	 n.a.	 n.a.
8	n.a.	 n.a.	 20±2
9	12±1	 12±1	 24±2
10	n.a.	 n.a.	 12±1
11	16±2	 16±2	 20±1
12	22±2	 22±2	 30±2
13	n.a.	 n.a.	 9±1
14	n.a.	 n.a.	 30±3
15	n.a.	 n.a.	 14±1

16	n.a.		16±1	
17	n.a.		n.a.	
18	n.a.		10±1	
19	28±2		36±3	
20	28±2		32±3	
21	n.a.		n.a.	
22	8±1		20±1	
23	n.a.		n.a.	
24	n.a.		n.a.	
25	n.a.		n.a.	
26	n.a.		n.a.	
27	14±1		n.a.	

* Inhibition of pigment production was determined in the presence of 250 µg of tested compound per disk; n.a. – not active;

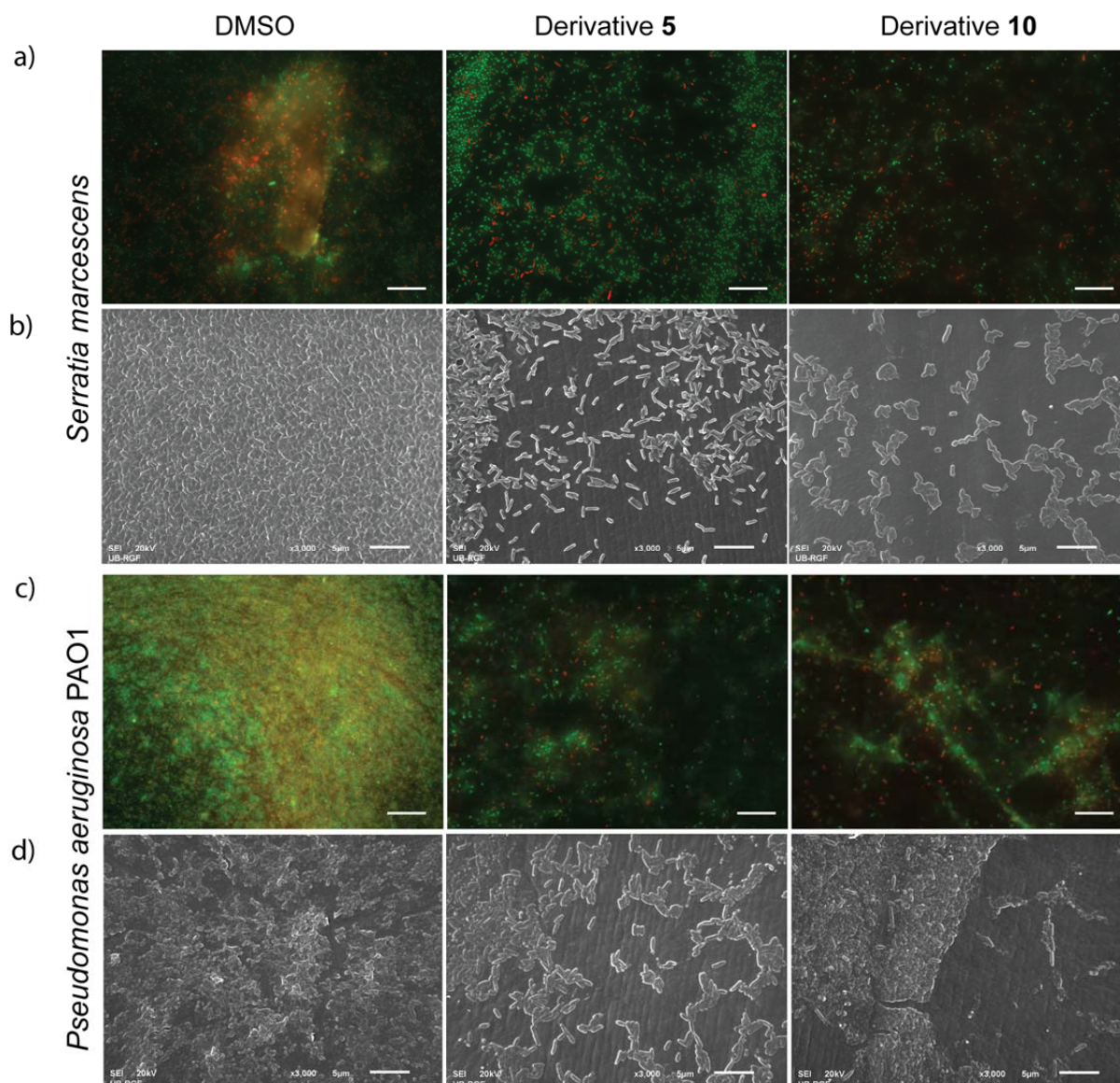


Figure 1S. Inhibition of biofilm formation with 4-AQ derivatives **5** and **10**. Biofilms of *S. marcescens* and *P. aeruginosa* were formed for 24 h in the presence of DMSO (0.1 %), **5** or **10** (BFIC₅₀). Biofilms were analysed by fluorescent microscopy (a and c) or scanning electron microscopy (b and d). In a) and c) living bacteria are labeled with Syto9 (green) and dead bacteria were stained with membrane impermeable dye propidium iodide (red), scale bars represent 10 μm.

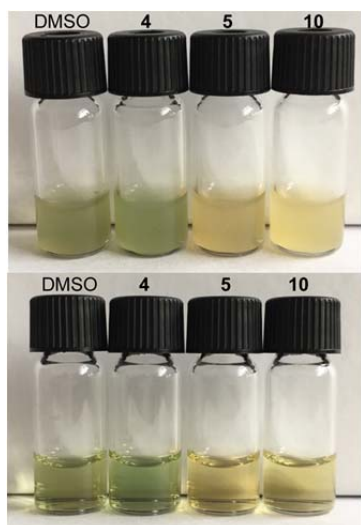
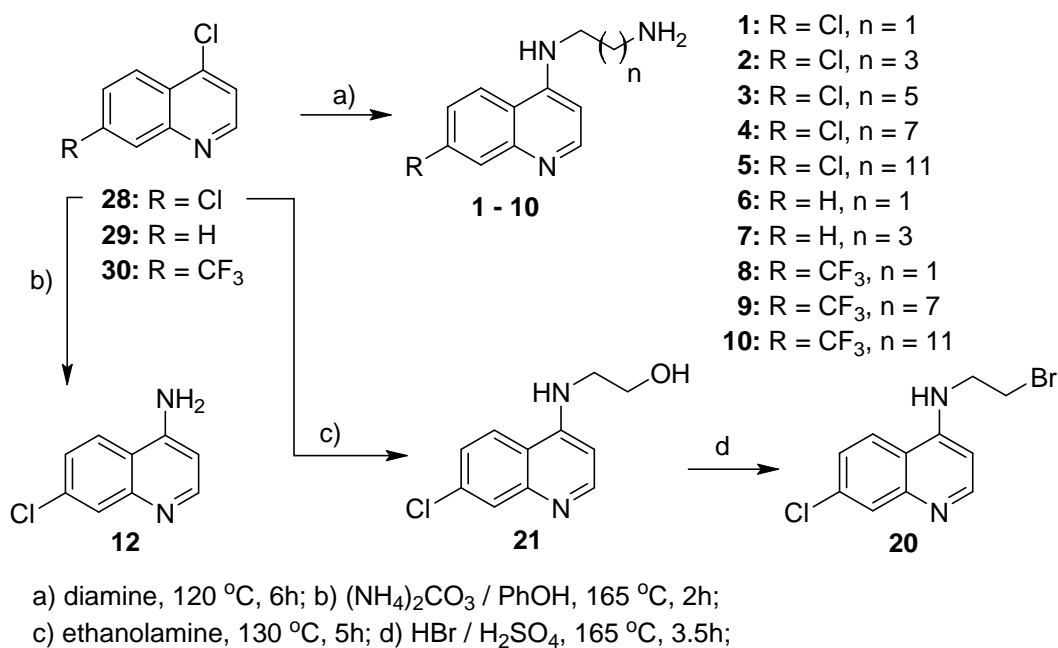


Figure 2S. Inhibition of pyocyanin production in *P. aeruginosa* PA14 incubated for 24h with 50 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ derivatives **4**, **5** or **10** or, 0.1% DMSO. Upper panel demonstrates bacterial cultures and the lower panel shows respective supernatants.

Table 2S. Experimentally determined R_M values for standard and examined compounds

Compounds	$\log P^1$	R_M	Compound	R_M
4-Aminophenol	0.04	-1.06	1	-0.50
p-Anisidine	0.95	-0.60	2	-0.41
Diphenylamine	3.50	0.50	3	-0.31
Phenol	1.46	-0.10	4	-0.12
4-Nitrophenol	1.91	0.03	5	0.37
3-Nitrophenol	2.00	0.10	6	-0.79
Benzyl Alcohol	1.10	-0.07	7	-0.66
2-Naphtol	2.70	0.35	8	-0.43
Naphtylamine	2.25	-0.31	9	-0.07
2,4-Dichlorophenol	3.06	0.43	10	0.43
Antracene	4.45	1.28	11	-0.16
4-Chlorophenol	2.39	0.23	12	-0.21
Acetophenone	1.58	0.18	13	-0.43
Pyrene	4.88	1.69	14	-0.27
Fluorene	4.18	1.19	15	-0.31
Acenaphtene	3.92	1.06	16	-0.07
Phenantrene	4.46	1.19	17	0.25
Simazine	2.18	-0.03	18	-0.14
4-Bromoaniline	2.26	-0.37	19	-0.45
Benyophenone	3.18	0.69	20	-0.12
2-Aminophenol	0.62	-0.69	21	-0.31
Bromazepam	2.05	-0.33		
Diazepam	2.82	-0.14		
4-Methoxyphenol	1.58	-0.12		
Benzo(a)anthracene	5.76	1.69		



Scheme 1S. Reaction schemes for synthesis of tested derivatives.

***Chromobacterium violaceum* disk assay** was performed as previously described². N-(hexanoyl)-L-homoserine lactone (HHL) (5 μM) was used as inducer of violacein production in molten semi-solid LB agar (0.3 % w/v). Cellulose disks containing compounds (250 μg/disk) were placed on solidified agar and incubated for 24 h at 30 °C. Inhibition of violacein synthesis was detected as appearance of colourless halo around a disk.

Fluorescent microscopy

Overnight cultures of bacteria were diluted to 5×10^7 cfu mL⁻¹ in LB and 2 ml was added per well of 6 well microtiter plate containing plastic cover slips in the presence of DMSO (0.1%) or BFIC₅₀ of active compounds. After 24 h, biofilms were washed with 0.9% NaCl and stained with 2.5 μM SYTO9 green fluorescent dye and 2.5 μM propidium iodide (PI) red fluorescent dye of Live/Dead staining kit (LIVE/DEAD® BacLight™ Bacterial Viability Kit, Thermo Fisher Scientific, Waltham, MA, USA). Cells were observed under a fluorescence microscope (Olympus BX51, Applied Imaging Corp., San Jose, USA) under 100× magnification.

Scanning electron microscopy (SEM)

Overnight bacterial cultures were diluted to 5×10^7 cfu mL⁻¹ in LB and 2 ml was added per

well in 6 well microtiter plate containing 1 cm silicone catheter pieces (Romed, Holland) in the presence of DMSO (0.1%) or BFIC₅₀ of active compounds. After 24 h, the catheters were thoroughly washed with phosphate buffered saline (PBS), biofilms were fixed with cold methanol and dried before examination.

Catheters were glued to double-sided conductive carbon tab stuck on standard vacuum-clean stub, and were coated with gold (thickness of 15-20 nm) by sputtering process (Leica EM SCD005 sputtering machine). Sputtering was performed in the vacuum chamber under pressure <0.05 mbar using sputter current of 40 mA, working distance of 50 mm and sputter time of 100 s. Such prepared samples were examined by JEOL JSM-6610LV microscope. An acceleration voltage of 20 kV was used.

7-chloroquinolin-4-amine (12)³:

4,7-Dichloroquinoline (2.0 g, 10.0 mmol) was dissolved in phenol (23.7g, 0.1 mol.) with stirring and heating at 110 °C. Ammonium carbonate (4.84g, 0.05 mol) was added in portions as rapidly as the frothing was permitting. After 2 h at 165 °C, the mixture was cooled and diluted with diethyl ether (100 mL), transferred into separatory funnel, washed with 10 % NaOH water solution until all phenol was removed, then with brine, and dried under anh.Na₂SO₄. Solvent was removed under reduce pressure and product was isolated upon column chromatography purification (dry flash, SiO₂, eluent DCM, DCM/MeOH = 9/1, MeOH). Yield 1.44 g (80%). IR (ATR): 3443m, 3321m, 3098s, 2788m, 2707w, 1683w, 1656m, 1634m, 1612m, 1577s, 1505s, 1444s, 1371m, 1329m, 1285m, 1204m, 1165w, 1125m, 1107m, 1075m, 907m, 940w, 877m, 853m, 810m cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 8.22 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 5.35, H-2), 8.0 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 9.0, H-5), 7.72 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 2.2, H-8), 7.31 (*dd*, 1H, *J*₁ = 9.0, *J*₂ = 2.2, H-6), 6.57 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 5.35, H-3). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 154.45 (C4), 151.81 (C2), 149.86 (C8a), 136.57 (C7), 127.29 (C8), 125.81 (C6), 124.97 (C5), 118.27 (C4a), 103.89 (C3). (+)ESI-HRMS (*m/z*): calculated for [C₉H₈ClN₂ + H]⁺ 179.03705, observed 179.03644.

General procedure for 4-diaminoquinoline synthesis:

A mixture of 4,7-dichloroquinoline (5 g, 25 mmol) and 1,2-diaminoethane (15 mL, 224 mmol) was heated slowly to 80 °C over 1 h with stirring. Subsequently the temperature was raised to 120 °C and stirred for 6 h until the reaction was completed. The reaction mixture was poured into ice/water mixture and left overnight. Precipitate was filtered, washed with

H₂O and dried under reduce pressure. Yield was 5.46 g (97%). If not specified differently, samples were not additionally purified.

***N*-(7-chloroquinolin-4-yl)ethane-1,2-diamine (1)⁴:**

IR (ATR): 3247s, 2923m, 2190w, 1586s, 1542s, 1482m, 1456s, 1427m, 1389m, 1348s, 1323m, 1291m, 1254w, 1211w, 1166w, 1140m, 1112w, 1082w, 1046w, 1023w, 949w, 910w, 867w, 825m, 802w, 769w cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 8.36 (d, 1H, *J* = 5.6, H-2), 8.12 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0, H-5), 7.78 (d, 1H, *J* = 2.25, H-8), 7.41 (dd, 1H, *J*₁ = 9.0, *J*₂ = 2.28, H-6), 6.58 (d, 1H, *J* = 5.6, H-3), 3.46 (t, 2H, *J* = 6.35, H-9), 2.99 (t, 2H, *J* = 6.35, H-10). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 153.0 (C4), 152.62 (C2), 149.84 (C8a), 136.53 (C7), 127.76 (C8), 126.22 (C6), 124.48 (C5), 118.99 (C4a), 99.87 (C3), 46.28 (C9), 40.93 (C10). (+)ESI-HRMS (*m/z*): calculated for [C₁₁H₁₃ClN₃ + H]⁺ 222.07925, observed 222.07881.

***N*-(7-chloroquinolin-4-yl)butane-1,4-diamine (2)⁴:**

IR (ATR): 3285s, 2943s, 1609w, 1580s, 1540m, 1473w, 1452m, 1431w, 1367m, 1329m, 1282w, 1248w, 1203w, 1165w, 1135w, 1078w, 904w, 874w, 853w, 806w, 764w cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 8.34 (d, 1H, *J* = 5.7, H-2), 8.09 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.9, H-5), 7.77 (d, 1H, *J* = 2.2, H-8), 7.38 (dd, 1H, *J*₁ = 8.9, *J*₂ = 2.2, H-6), 6.51 (d, 1H, *J* = 5.7, H-3), 3.38 (t, 2H, *J* = 7.1, H-9), 2.76 (m, 2H, H-12), 2.78-2.74 (m, 2H, H-10), 1.65 (m, 2H, H-11). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 152.87 (C4), 152.58 (C2), 149.85 (C8a), 136.47 (C7), 127.74 (C8), 126.08 (C6), 124.45 (C5), 118.92 (C4a), 99.77 (C3), 43.85 (C9), 42.05 (C12), 30.41 (C10), 26.89 (C11). (+)ESI-HRMS (*m/z*): calculated for [C₁₃H₁₇ClN₃ + H]⁺ 250.11055, observed 250.10956.

***N*-(7-chloroquinolin-4-yl)hexane-1,6-diamine (3)⁴:**

IR (ATR): 3362w, 3274m, 3035m, 2933s, 2857m, 1610w, 1579s, 1541m, 1472m, 1451m, 1429m, 1370m, 1333m, 1256w, 1198w, 1133w, 1081w, 1005w, 937w, 899m, 851m, 799m, 772w, 735w cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 8.34 (d, 1H, *J* = 5.7, H-2), 8.09 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.1, H-5), 7.77 (d, 1H, *J* = 2.15, H-8), 7.38 (dd, 1H, *J*₁ = 9.1, *J*₂ = 2.15, H-6), 6.5 (d, 1H, *J* = 5.5, H-3), 3.36 (t, 2H, *J* = 7.2, H-9), 2.72-2.68 (m, 2H, H-14), 1.76 (q, 2H, *J* = 7.3, H-10), 1.58-1.40 (m, 6H, H-11-13). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 152.91 (C4), 152.56 (C2), 149.88 (C8a), 136.42 (C7), 127.73 (C8), 126.05 (C6), 124.44 (C5), 118.92 (C4a), 99.72 (C3), 44.05 (C9), 42.17 (C14), 32.64 (C10), 29.47 (C13), 28.15 (C11), 27.81 (C12). (+)ESI-HRMS

(*m/z*): calculated for $[C_{15}H_{21}ClN_3 + H]^+$ 278.14185, observed 278.14060; calculated for $[C_{15}H_{21}ClN_3 + 2H]^{2+}$ 139.57456, observed 139.5745.

***N*-(7-chloroquinolin-4-yl)octane-1,8-diamine (4):**

A mixture of 4,7-dichloroquinoline (200 mg, 1.02 mmol) and 1,8-diaminooctane (1.03 g, 7.12 mmol) was heated 15 minutes at 55 °C, then for 24 hour at 130 °C and poured into ice/water mixture and left overnight. Precipitate was filtered, washed thoroughly with H₂O, dried under reduce pressure and purified by column chromatography (dry-flash, SiO₂ column, eluent DCM/MeOH = 95:5 → MeOH → DCM/MeOH/NH₃(aq) = 9:1:1). Yield 240 mg (77 %). IR (ATR): 3248m, 3100m, 2852s, 1612m, 1581s, 1543m, 1477m, 1452m, 1432m, 1371m, 1332m, 1254w, 1136w, 1082w, 1027w, 963m, 908w, 878w, 852w, 802w, 769w, 730w cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 8.32 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 5.7, H-2), 8.07 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 9.1, H-5), 7.76 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 2.15, H-8), 7.36 (*dd*, 1H, *J*₁ = 9.1, *J*₂ = 2.15, H-6), 6.44 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 5.7, H-3), 3.30 (*t*, 2H, *J* = 7.15, H-9), 2.62 (*t*, 2H, *J* = 7.15, H-16), 1.77-1.67 (*m*, 2H, H-10), 1.50-1.27 [*m*, 10H, H-(11-15)]. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 152.83 (C4), 152.51 (C2), 149.83 (C8a), 136.36 (C7), 127.73 (C8), 125.99 (C6), 124.45 (C5), 118.90 (C4a), 99.68 (C3), 44.17 (C9), 42.56 (C16), 33.59 (C10), 30.67 (15), 30.60 (11), 29.52 (C12), 28.33 (C14), 28.07 (C13). (+)ESI-HRMS (*m/z*): calculated for $[C_{17}H_{25}ClN_3 + H]^+$ 306.17315, observed 306.17263; calculated for $[C_{17}H_{25}ClN_3 + 2H]^{2+}$ 153.59021, observed 153.59029.

***N*-(7-chloroquinolin-4-yl)dodecane-1,12-diamine (5):**

Compound **5** was obtained according to procedure described for **4**, using 4,7-dichloroquinoline (200 mg, 1.02 mmol) and 1,12-diaminododecane (1.42 g, 7.0 mmol). Solid was triturated with CH₃OH, methanol extract was evaporated to dryness and purified by column chromatography (dry-flash, SiO₂ column, eluent DCM/MeOH = 95:5 → MeOH → DCM/MeOH/NH₃(aq) = 9:1:1). Yield 248 mg (81 %). IR (ATR): 3377m, 3258m, 2938m, 2865m, 1592s, 1548s, 1470m, 1433w, 1380m, 1328s, 1283m, 1206m, 1158m, 1136s, 1118s, 1070m, 962w, 911w, 868w, 810w, 778w, 739w cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 8.32 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 5.7, H-2), 8.08 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 8.85, H-5), 7.76 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 2.0, H-8), 7.36 (*dd*, 1H, *J*₁ = 8.85, *J*₂ = 2.0, H-6), 6.46 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 5.7, H-3), 3.34-3.29 (*m*, 2H, overlapped with solvent signal, H-9), 2.64-2.58 (*m*, 2H, H-20), 1.72 (*q*, 2H, H-10), 1.49-1.22 [*m*, 18H, H-(11-19)]. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 152.86 (C4), 152.53 (C2), 149.86 (C8a), 136.37 (C7), 127.75 (C8), 126.0 (C6), 124.47 (C5), 118.93 (C4a), 99.70 (C3), 44.19 (C9), 42.69 (C20), 33.89 (C10), 30.67 (19), 30.60 (11), 30.85, 30.82, 30.77, 30.65, 29.52, 28.36, 28.19. (+)ESI-HRMS

(m/z): calculated for $[\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{25}\text{CN}_3 + \text{H}]^+$ 362.23575, observed 362.23549; calculated for $[\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{25}\text{CN}_3 + 2\text{H}]^{2+}$ 181.62151, observed 181.62179.

***N*-(quinolin-4-yl)ethane-1,2-diamine (6)⁵:**

IR (ATR): 3268s, 3058m, 1668m, 1621m, 1581s, 1542s, 1458m, 1389m, 1342m, 1224m, 1132m, 1136s, 893w, 810w, 763m, 739w cm^{-1} . ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CD_3OD , δ): 8.36 (d, 1H, $J = 5.6$, H-2), 8.12 (*dd*, 1H, $J_1 = 8.5$, $J_2 = 0.7$, H-8), 7.81 (*dd*, 1H, $J_1 = 8.5$, $J_2 = 0.7$, H-5), 7.64 (*ddd*, 1H, $J_1 = 8.4$, $J_2 = 6.9$, $J_3 = 1.4$, H-7), 7.45 (*ddd*, 1H, $J_1 = 8.4$, $J_2 = 6.9$, $J_3 = 1.4$, H-6), 6.57 (*d*, 1H, $J = 5.6$, H-3), 3.48 (*t*, 2H, $J = 6.35$, H-9), 3.01 (*t*, 2H, $J = 6.35$, H-10). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CD_3OD , δ): 153.06 (C4), 151.09 (C2), 148.68 (C8a), 130.83 (C8), 128.68 (C7), 125.94 (C6), 122.42 (C5), 120.42 (C4a), 103.89 (C3), 44.19 (C9), 42.69 (C10). (+)ESI-HRMS (m/z): calculated for $[\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{14}\text{CN}_3 + \text{H}]^+$ 188.11822, observed 188.11795.

***N*-(quinolin-4-yl)butane-1,4-diamine (7)⁶:**

IR (ATR): 3311s, 2943s, 2860m, 1582s, 1545m, 1503w, 1478w, 1442w, 1407w, 1379m, 1346m, 1294w, 1262w, 1225w, 1160w, 1128w, 1095w, 1047w, 985w, 958w, 930w, 895w, 864w, 809w, 771m, cm^{-1} . ^1H NMR (200 MHz, CD_3OD , δ): 8.31 (d, 1H, $J = 5.6$, H-2), 8.07 (d, 1H, $J = 8.4$, H-8), 7.79 (*d*, 1H, $J = 8.4$, H-5), 7.59 (*td*, 1H, $J_1 = 7.6$, $J_2 = 1.1$, H-7), 7.45-7.32 (*m*, 1H, H-7), 6.42 (*d*, 1H, $J = 5.6$, H-3), 3.30 (*t*, 2H, $J = 6.7$, H-9), 2.65 (*t*, 2H, $J = 6.7$, H-12), 1.89-1.40 (*m*, H-10 and H-11). ^{13}C NMR (50 MHz, CD_3OD , δ): 152.65 (C4), 151.30 (C2), 148.97 (C8a), 130.45 (C8), 128.87 (C7), 125.56 (C6), 122.26 (C5), 120.33 (C4a), 99.16 (C3), 43.81 (C9), 42.32 (C12), 31.39 (C10), 26.88 (C11). (+)ESI-HRMS (m/z): calculated for $[\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3 + \text{H}]^+$ 216.14952, observed 216.14980.

***N*-[7-(trifluoromethyl)quinolin-4-yl]ethane-1,2-diamine (8)⁵:**

IR (ATR): 3377m, 3258m, 2938m, 2865m, 1592s, 1549s, 1470m, 1433w, 1380m, 1327s, 1283m, 1206m, 1159s, 1136s, 1118s, 1070m, 962w, 911w, 868w, 810w, 778w, 739w cm^{-1} . ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CD_3OD , δ): 8.46 (*d*, 1H, $J = 5.6$, H-2), 8.32 (*d*, 1H, $J = 8.75$, H-5), 8.09 (*s*, 1H, H-8), 7.62 (*dd*, 1H, $J_1 = 8.75$, $J_2 = 1.7$, H-6), 6.66 (*d*, 1H, $J = 5.6$, H-3), 3.49 (*t*, 2H, $J = 6.2$, H-9), 3.03 (*t*, 2H, $J = 6.2$, H-10). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CD_3OD , δ): 153.03 (C2), 152.76 (C4), 148.37 (C8a), 132.28. (*d*, $J = 32.5$, C7), 126.5 (*d*, $J = 3.6$, C8), 124.47 (C5), 123.44 (*q*, $J = 269.7$, CF_3), 122.35 (C4a), 120.89 (*d*, $J = 1.8$, C6), 100.89 (C3), 46.25 (C9), 40.80 (C10). (+)ESI-HRMS (m/z): calculated for $[\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3 + \text{H}]^+$ 256.10561, observed 256.10546.

***N*-[7-(trifluoromethyl)quinolin-4-yl]octane-1,8-diamine (9):**

Compound **9** was obtained according to procedure described for **4**, using 4-chloro-7-trifluoromethylquinoline (300 mg, 1.29 mmol) and 1,8-diaminooctane (1.31 g, 9.07 mmol). Product was purified by column chromatography (dry-flash, SiO₂ column, eluent DCM/MeOH = 95:5 → MeOH → DCM/MeOH/NH₃(aq) = 8:12:1). Yield was 419 mg (95%). IR (ATR): 3371w, 3263m, 3161w, 3112w, 3074w, 3028w, 2932s, 2857m, 1584s, 1546m, 1469m, 1435w, 1373s, 1329s, 1281m, 1194w, 1154m, 1137m, 1112s, 1074m, 1027w, 966w, 934w, 912m, 878w, 858w, 809w, 764w, 735w cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 8.42 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 5.6, H-2), 8.29 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 8.85, H-5), 8.07 (*s*, 1H, H-8), 7.60 (*dd*, 1H, *J*₁ = 8.85, *J*₂ = 1.8, H-6), 6.56 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 5.6, H-3), 3.37-3.32 (*m*, 2H, H-9), 2.64-2.58 (*m*, 2H, H-16), 1.79-1.70 (*m*, 2H, H-10), 1.50-1.27 [*m*, 10H, H-(11-15)]. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 152.99 (C2), 152.71 (C4), 148.42 (C8a), 132.24 (*d*, *J* = 32.5, C7), 126.49(C8), 124.41 (C5), 123.44 (*q*, *J* = 269.8, CF₃), 122.32 (C4a), 120.75 (C6), 100.74 (C3), 44.26 (C9), 42.62 (C16), 33.73 (C10), 30.69 (15), 30.60 (11), 29.44 (C12), 28.34 (C14), 28.09 (C13). (+)ESI-HRMS (*m/z*): calculated for [C₁₈H₂₄F₃N₃ + H]⁺ 340.19951, observed 340.19890; calculated for [C₁₈H₂₄F₃N₃ + 2H]²⁺ 170.60339, observed 170.60341.

***N*-[7-(trifluoromethyl)quinolin-4-yl]dodecane-1,12-diamine (10):**

Compound **10** was obtained according to procedure described for **4**, using 4-chloro-7-trifluoromethylquinoline (300 mg, 1.29 mmol) and 1,12-diaminododecane (1.84 g, 9.07 mmol). Product was purified by column chromatography (dry-flash, SiO₂ column, eluent DCM/MeOH = 95:5 → MeOH → DCM/MeOH/NH₃(aq) = 8:2:1). Yield was 418 mg (81%). IR (ATR): 3221m, 3119w, 30375w, 3042w, 2924s, 2851s, 1590s, 1466m, 1433w, 1374m, 1329s, 1279m, 1206w, 1161s, 1117s, 1072w, 911w, 891w, 853w, 815w, 737w cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 8.43 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 5.6, H-2), 8.30 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 8.85, H-5), 8.07 (*s*, 1H, H-8), 7.60 (*dd*, 1H, *J*₁ = 8.85, *J*₂ = 1.7, H-6), 6.57 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 5.6, H-3), 3.35 (*t*, *J* = 7.2, 2H, H-9), 2.68-2.61 (*m*, 2H, H-20), 1.75 (*q*, *J* = 7.4, 2H, H-10), 1.52-1.23 [*m*, 18H, H-(11-19)]. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD, δ): 152.99 (C2), 152.74 (C4), 148.43 (C8a), 132.25 (*J* = 32.37, C7), 126.49 (*d*, *J* = 4.5, C8), 124.42 (C5), 123.45 (*q*, *J* = 269.9, CF₃), 122.34 (C4a), 120.76 (*d*, *J* = 2.8, C6), 100.75 (C3), 44.26 (C9), 42.44 (C20), 33.19 (C10), 30.82, 30.71, 30.64, 29.42, 28.36, 28.10. (+)ESI-HRMS (*m/z*): calculated for [C₂₂H₃₃F₃N₃ + H]⁺ 396.26211, observed 396.25993; calculated for [C₂₂H₃₃F₃N₃ + 2H]²⁺ 198.63469, observed 198.63451.

2-[(7-chloroquinolin-4-yl)amino]ethanol (21)⁷:

4,7-Dichloroquinoline (19.8 g, 0.1 mol) was heated in pure ethanolamine (18 mL, 0.3 mol) at 130 °C for 5h. After cooling to room temperature, 10% NaOH solution (100 mL) was added, solid was filtered off, rinsed with water, dried and recrystallized from methanol. Yield was 16.75 g (75%). IR (ATR): 3310s, 3112m, 2964m, 2834m, 1613m, 1582s, 1541m, 1492w, 1450m, 1391w, 1368w, 1340m, 1289w, 1250w, 1223m, 1171m, 1140m, 1140m, 1065m, 925w, 884w, 850w, 801w, 765w cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 9.19 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 5.5, H-2), 9.08 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 9.15, H-5), 8.59 (*d*, *J* = 2.3, 1H, H-8), 8.24 (*dd*, 1H, *J*₁ = 9.15, *J*₂ = 2.2, H-6), 8.08 (*t*, 1H, *J* = 5.3, H-N), 7.30 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 5.5, H-3), 5.70 (*bs*, 1H, H-O), 4.48 (*t*, 2H, *J* = 5.9, H-10), 4.16 (*t*, 2H, *J* = 5.9, H-9). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 154.72 (C2), 153.09 (C4), 151.93 (C8a), 136.20 (C7), 130.30 (C8), 126.93 (C5), 126.83 (C6), 120.31 (C4a), 100.52 (C3), 6159 (C10), 47.98 (C9). (+)ESI-HRMS (*m/z*): calculated for [C₁₁H₁₁Cl₃N₂O + H]⁺ 223.06327, observed 223.06335.

N-(2-bromoethyl)-7-chloroquinolin-4-amine (20)⁸:

Alcohol **21** (5.0 g, 22.4 mmol) was heated in 48% HBr (15.84 mL) and 98% H₂SO₄ (2.63 mL) mixture at 165 °C for 3.5 h. After cooling to 50-60 °C, mixture was poured into water/ice mixture, and solid NaHCO₃ was added in small portions until pH value of mixture was adjusted to 9. Toluene was added (100 mL), mixture was boiled for 15 minutes, then cooled (50 °C) and layers were separated. Water layer was extracted with toluene (3x15 mL). Combined organic layers were washed with brine and dried with anh. Na₂SO₄. Solution was filtered off and cooled. Separated crystals were filtered and dried under reduce pressure. Yield was 3.8 g (59%). IR (ATR): 3216m, 3062m, 2965m, 1612s, 1577s, 1543s, 1489w, 1454m, 1430m, 1369m, 1327m, 1282w, 1252w, 1228m, 1138m, 1081w, 901w, 874w, 851w, 808w, 769w cm⁻¹. ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 8.42 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 5.5, H-2), 8.25 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 8.95, H-8), 7.81 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 2.25, H-5), 7.65-7.58 (*m*, 1H, H-N), 7.49 (*dd*, 1H, *J*₁ = 8.95, *J*₂ = 2.25, H-6), 6.58 (*d*, 1H, *J* = 5.5, H-3), 3.78 – 3.68 (*m*, 4H, H-9 and H-10). ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 153.71 (C2), 151.71 (C4), 150.76 (C8a), 135.72 (C7), 129.33 (C8), 126.48 (C5), 126.0 (C6), 119.33 (C4a), 100.93 (C3), 46.09 (C9), 33.27 (C10). +ESI-MS (*m/z* (%)): calculated for [C₁₁H₁₀BrClN₂ + H]⁺ 284.97886, observed 284.97886.

Chromatographic determination of lipophilicity of AQ derivatives

As a measure of lipophilicity, the distribution coefficient log*D*(o/w)_{exp} of the investigated compounds were determined using reversed-phase thin-layer chromatography under acidic

conditions ($\text{pH} \approx 1$). An HPTLC vertical developing chamber (Camag, Muttenz, Switzerland) in the tank configuration was used for this purpose. A set of standard compounds (Table 2S) and tested substances were simultaneously chromatographed using commercially available sorbent RP-18 W F254s (Art. 13124, Merck, Darmstadt, Germany) and mobile phase containing methanol / HCl / H₂O (60/5/35), $\text{pH} \approx 1$.

The investigated AQ derivatives and substances used as standards were dissolved in methanol, and the plates were spotted with 0.5 mL aliquots of freshly prepared solutions ($C \approx 1 \text{ mg/mL}$). Before chromatogram development, the chromatographic chamber was equilibrated for 15 min in vapours of the mobile phase. Detection of individual zones was performed using UV lamp (254 nm). All used solvents were of analytical-grade purity. Water was purified using a water purification system Millipore Simplicity 185 S.A., 67120 (Molshem, France). All experiments were performed at room temperature ($22 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$).

The retardation factor (R_F) of each compound was determined as a ratio of individual zone distance and the solvent front. The corresponding retention mobility (R_M) was calculated from R_F as follows: $\log(1/R_F - 1)$.

In order to determine $\log D(o/w)_{\text{exp}}$ values of the investigated compounds, the following linear calibration dependence was obtained between R_M values of standard compounds and their $\log P(o/w)$ values obtained from the literature (Table 2S):

$$R_M = 0.489 \log P(o/w) - 1.007; R^2 = 0.891, N = 25, S.D. = 0.247, P < 0.0001 \quad (1)$$

The $\log D(o/w)_{\text{exp}}$ values of the investigated AQs were further calculated simply by substituting their R_M values (Table 2S) into equation 1.

QSAR computations

Before building QSAR models all variables were standardized, *i.e.*, in a column wise fashion from each value the arithmetic mean was subtracted and the difference was divided by the standard deviation. In that way data were mean-centred and expressed in the unit standard deviation.

Furthermore, only the AQ derivatives, *i.e.*, compounds containing quinolone core (**6-27**), were taken into account. Optimal model complexity, in this case the ideal number of PLS components, was determined using cross-validation procedure based on venetian blinds (VB) resampling strategy with 5 splits. The number of PLS components resulting in the model with the lowest cross-validation error (RMSECV) was selected as the optimal one.

In order to increase model performance, variable selection was carried out employing a stepwise PLS regression procedure. In each step variables that contribute to the overall model

better than the average (variable importance to the projection scores - VIP > 1) were retained, and the new PLS model was built. In all instances no further improvements in statistical model performance was noted after the second iteration step. Actually, model deterioration following third and fourth iteration was observed.

The quality of the regression fits was evaluated by the values of determination coefficients for calibration, cross-validation and prediction (R^2_{cal} , R^2_{CV} , R^2_{Pred}) and the corresponding root mean-square errors ($RMSEC$, $RMSECV$, and $RMSEPred$, respectively). Low value of $RMSEC$ is desirable but if the high values of $RMSECV$ and $RMSEPred$ are present at the same time, it indicates the poor predictability of the calibration model. It is considered that model is predictive, if the following conditions are satisfied: $R^2_{cal} > 0.6$, $R^2_{CV} > 0.5$. Predictive performance of a model was assessed in a double cross-validation procedure. The entire data set has been split four times into independent training and test sets using VB algorithm as a part of the outer cross-validation loop. Then, each training set has been further divided into calibration and validation set as a part of the inner cross-validation loop, using five splits in combination with the VB algorithm. In that way each compound has been used as a part of the calibration, validation, and test set but never at the same time. The optimal model complexity was determined based on the model performance criteria obtained from the inner loop, while the performance parameters from the outer loop were used as the model prediction estimates ($RMSEPred$ and R^2_{Pred} , respectively).

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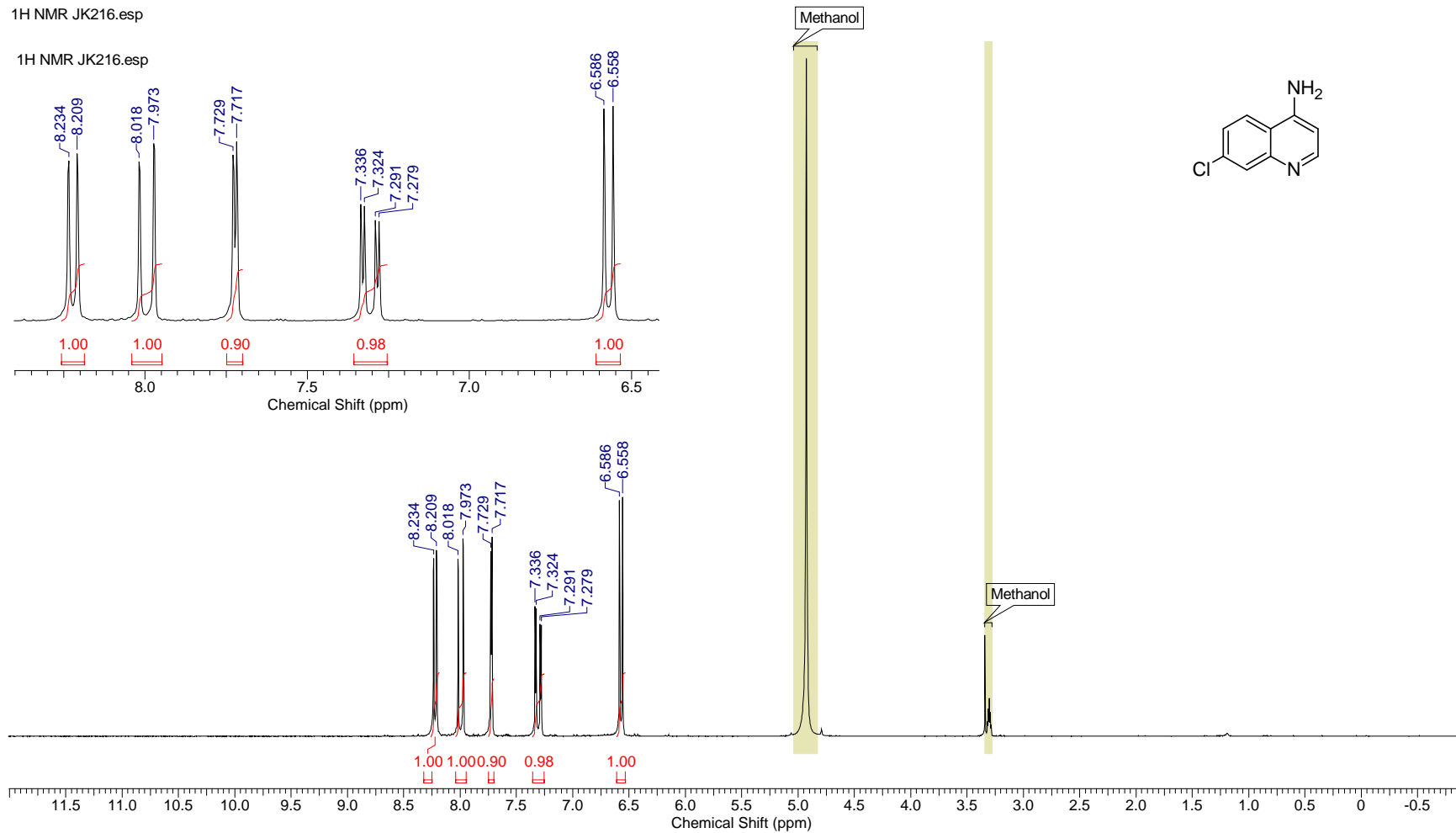
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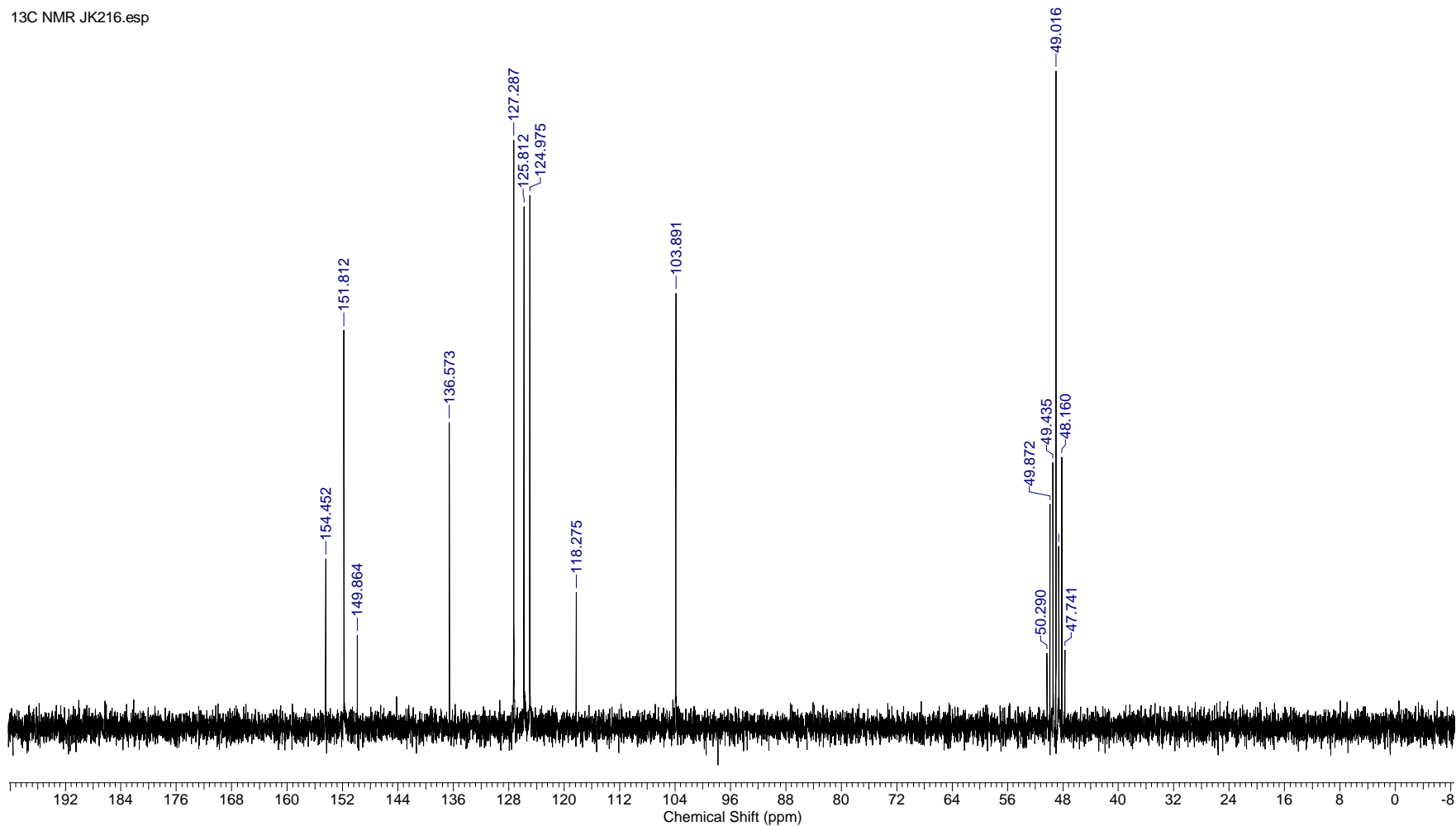
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Compound 12: ^{13}C NMR spectrum (50 MHz, CD_3OD):

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<i>Nucleus</i>	^{13}C	<i>Number of Transients</i>	466	<i>Original Points Count</i>	16000	<i>Points Count</i>	16384
<i>Pulse Sequence</i>	s2pul	<i>Receiver Gain</i>	25.00	<i>Solvent</i>	METHANOL-d4	<i>Spectrum Offset (Hz)</i>	4918.2021
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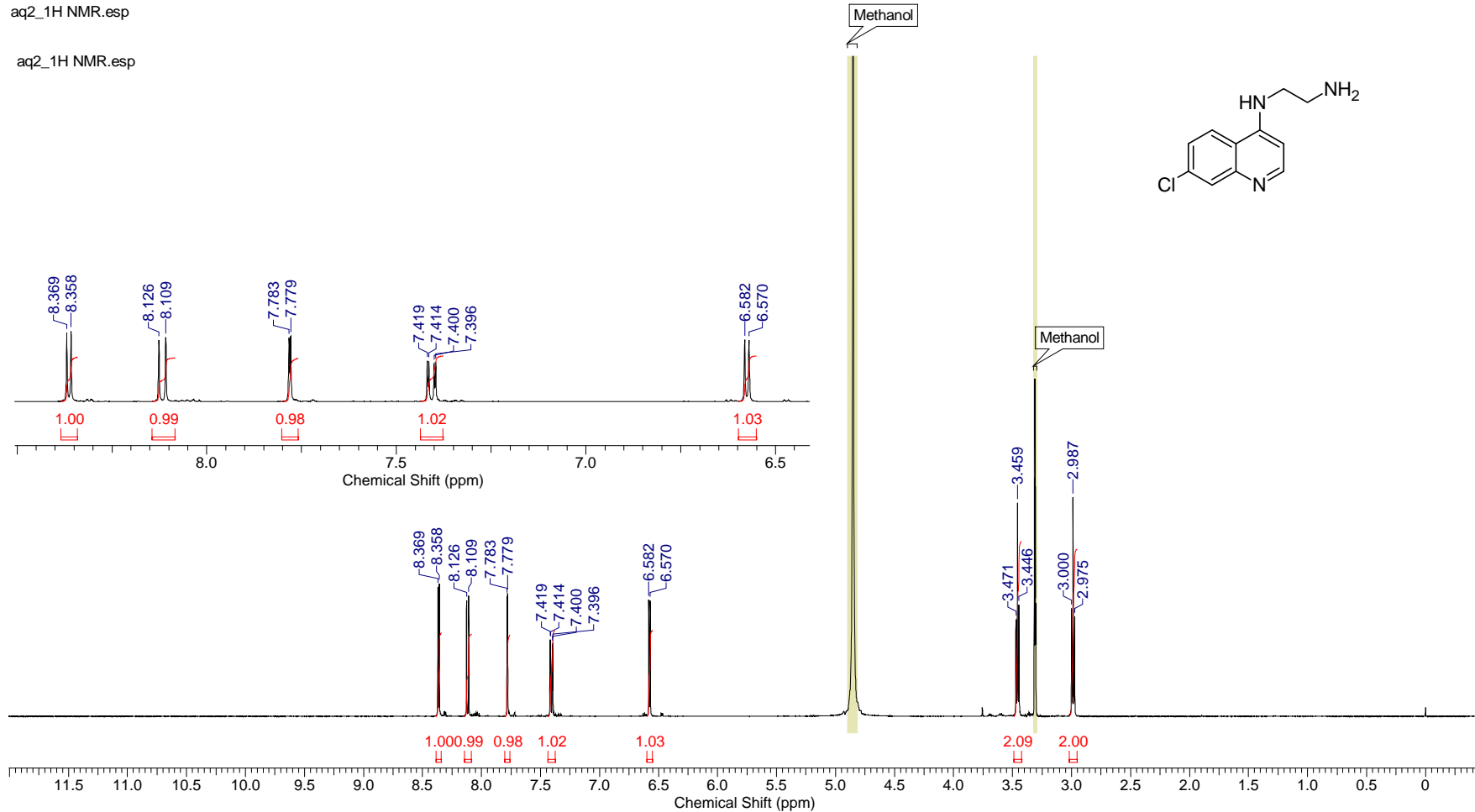


Compound 1: ^1H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

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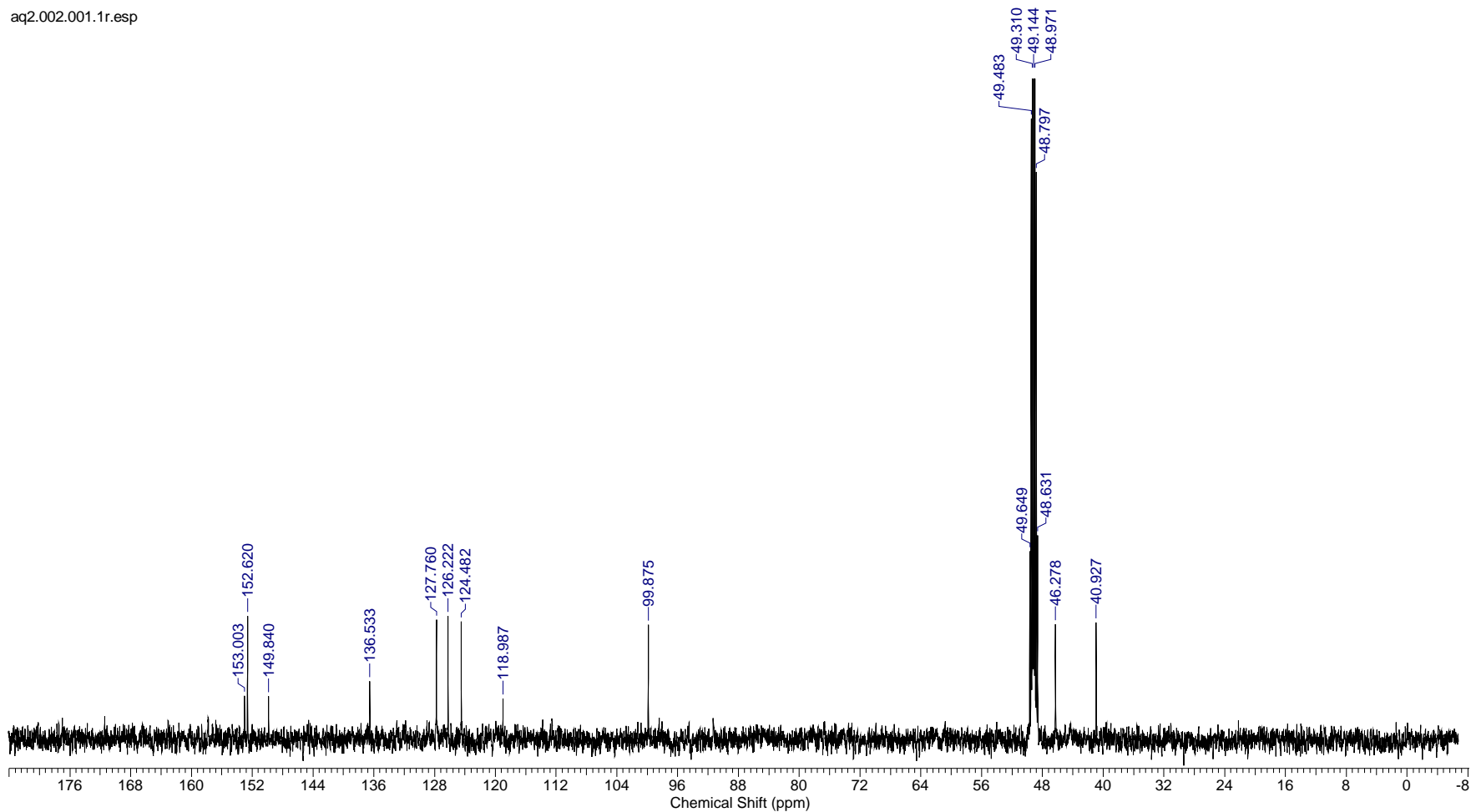
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Compound 1: ^{13}C NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

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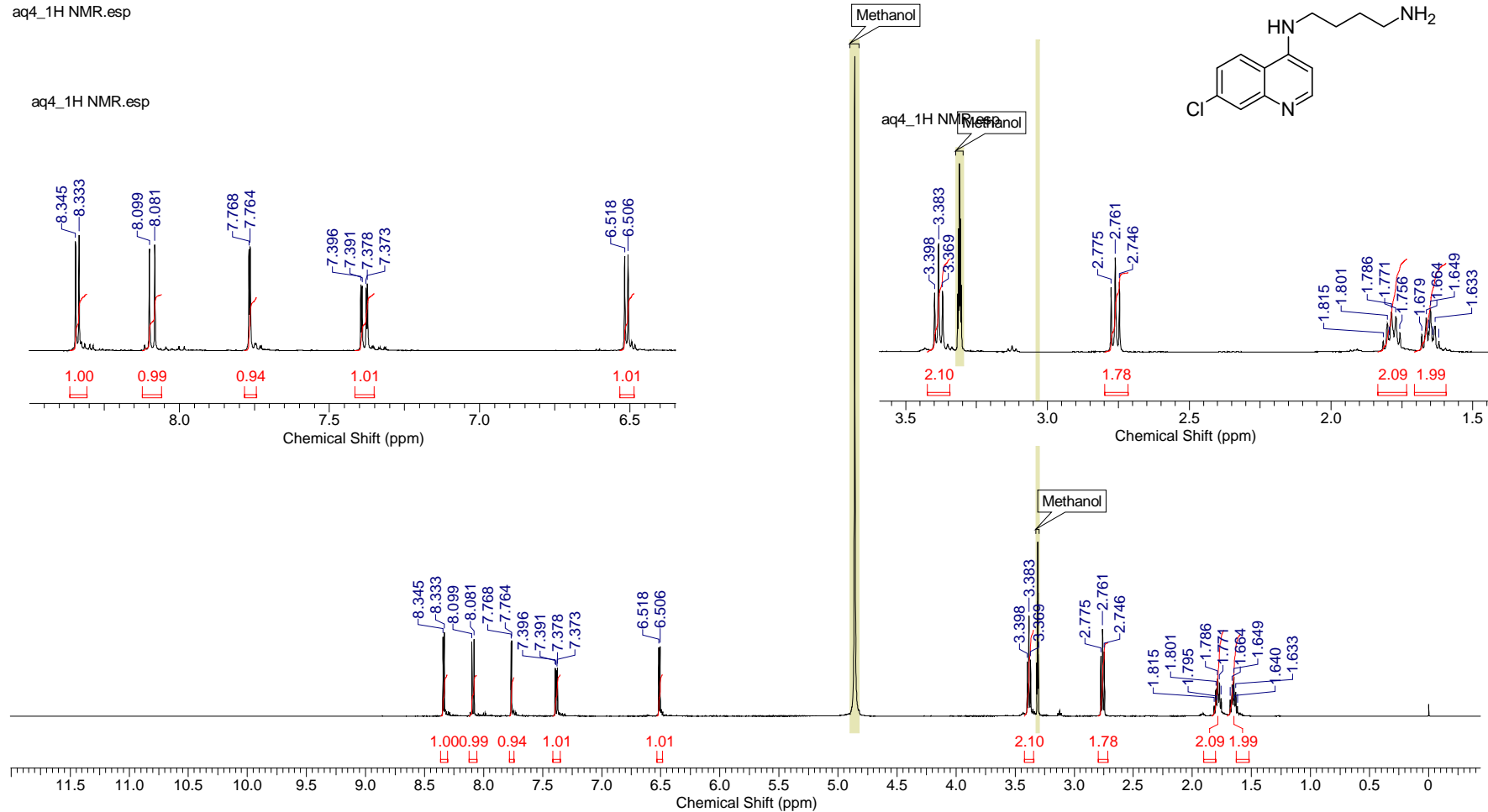
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Compound 2: ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD₃OD)

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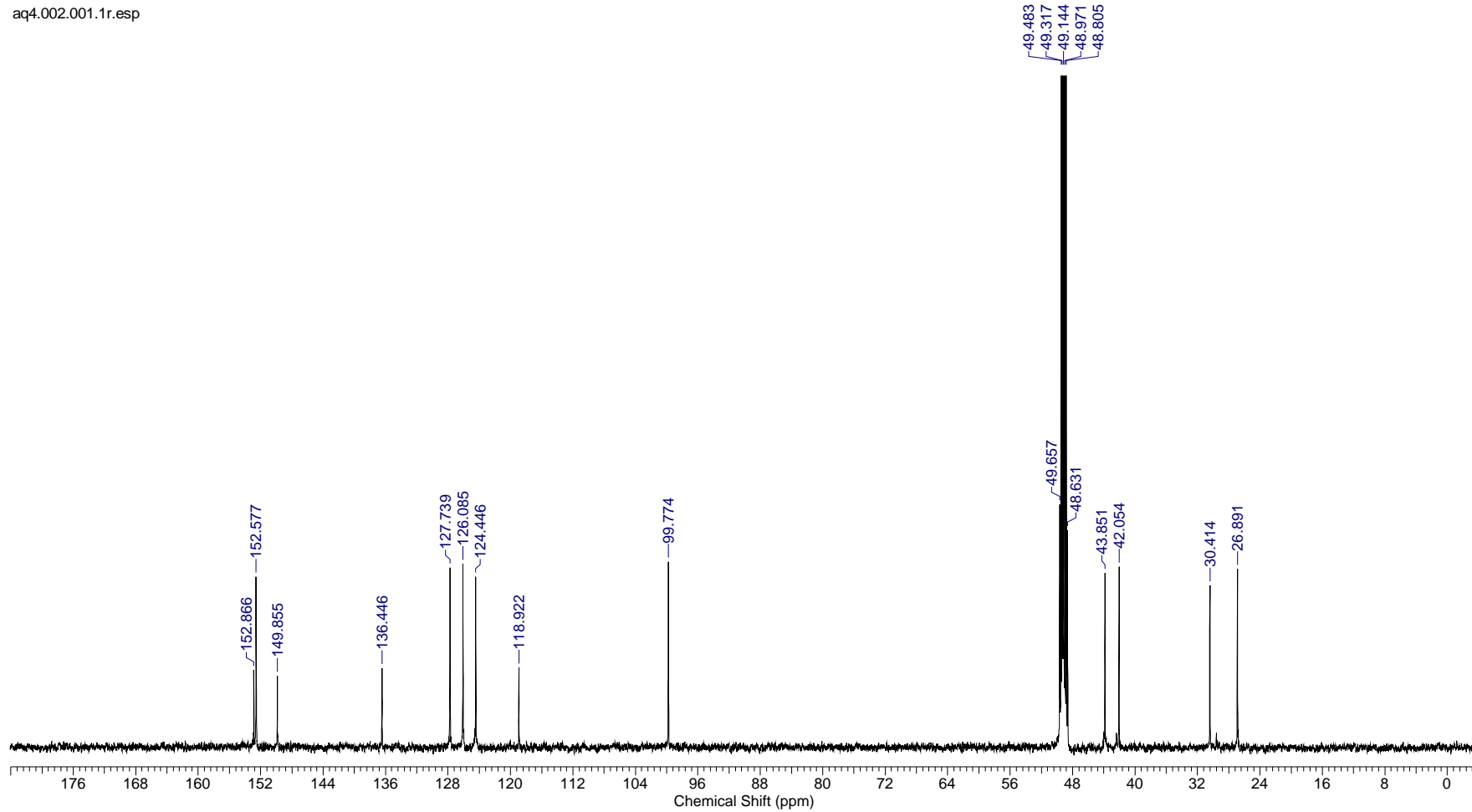
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Compound 2: ^{13}C NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

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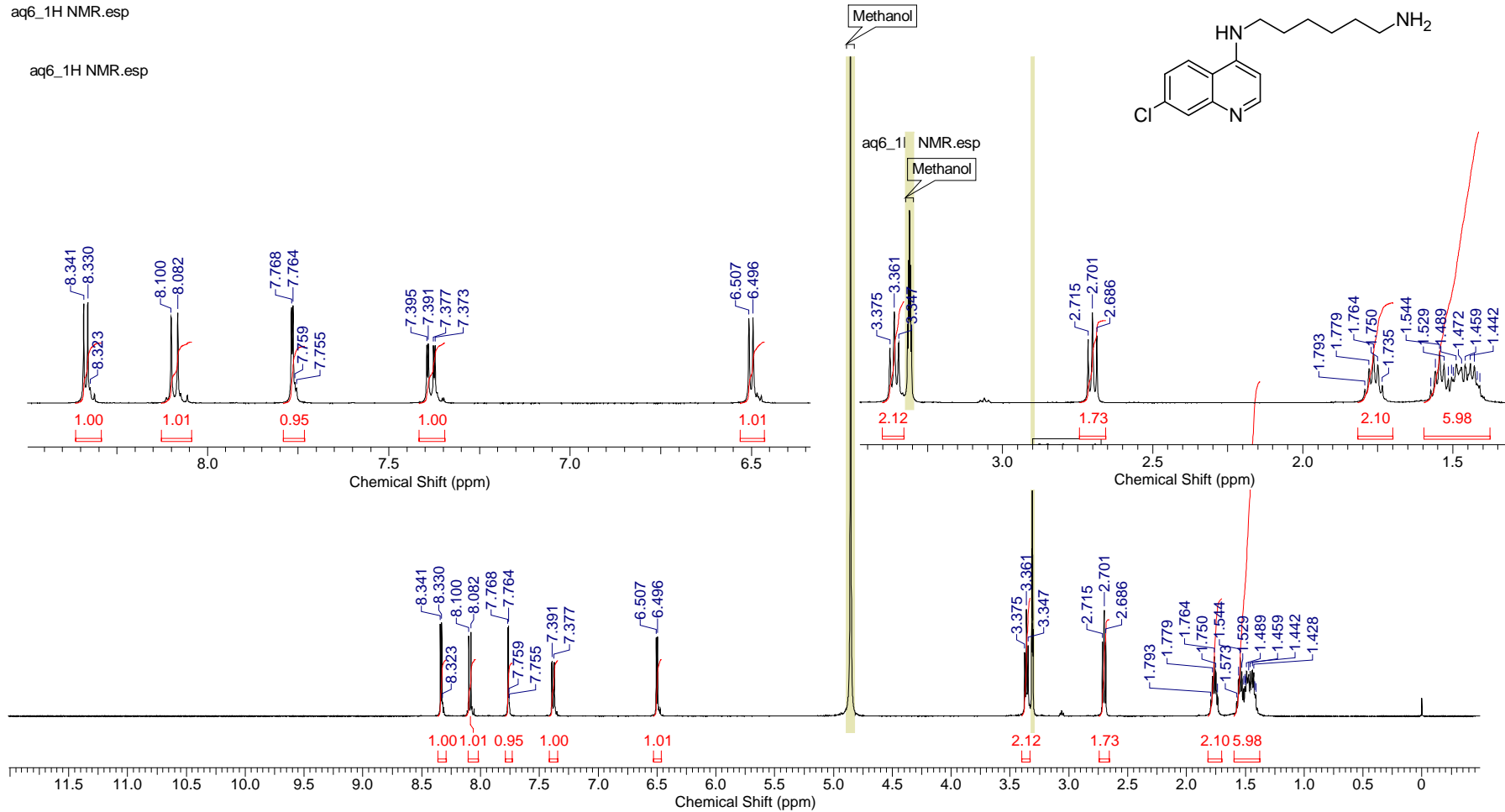


Compound 3: ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD₃OD)

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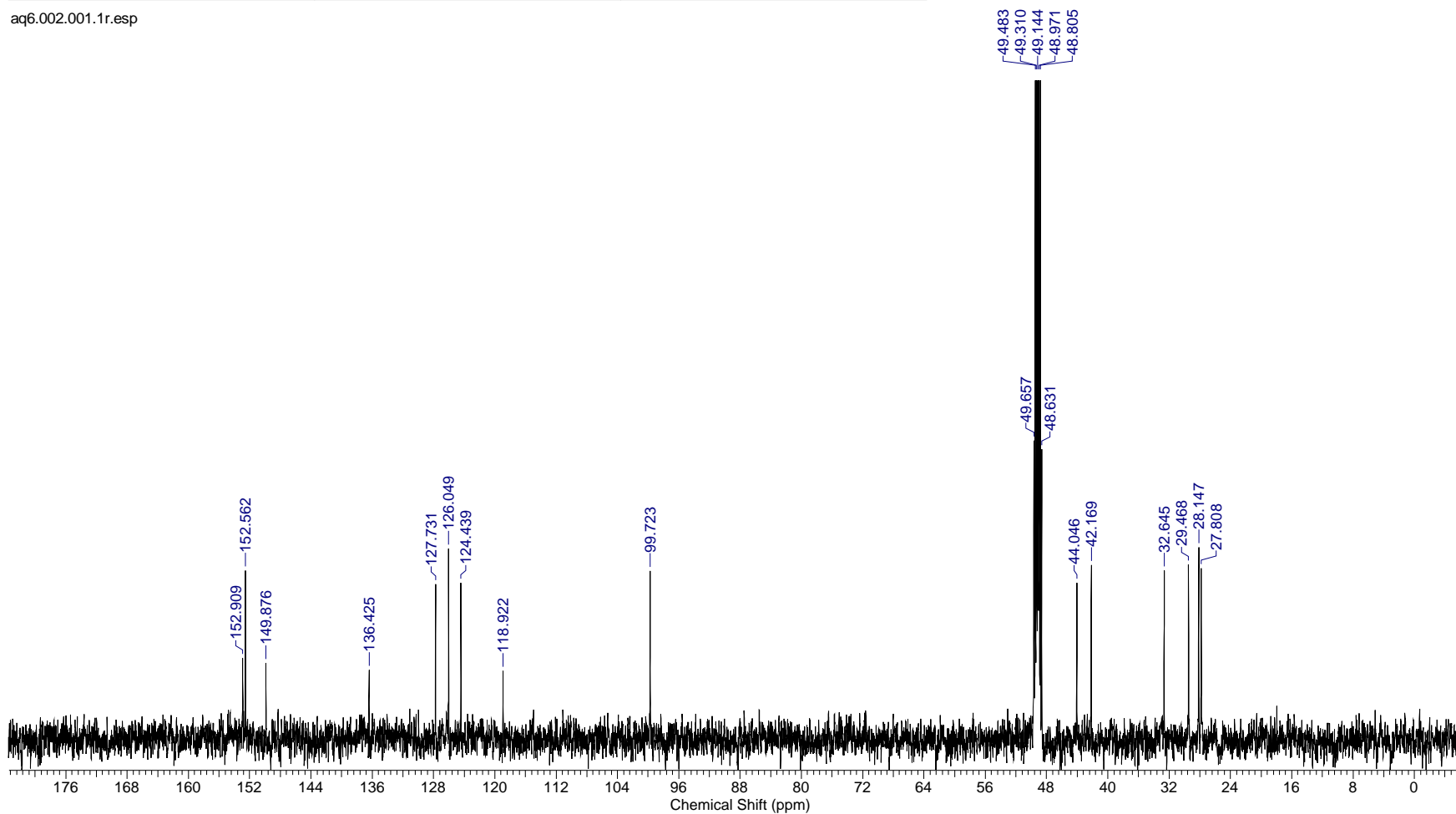
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Compound 3: ^{13}C NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

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Date Stamp	28 Oct 2015 10:42:24	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opšenica\Documents\Radni dnevnik\AQ 6\aq6\2\pdata\1\1r				
Frequency (MHz)	125.79	Nucleus	^{13}C	Number of Transients	134	Origin	spect
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmsu	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zgpg30
Receiver Gain	2050.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	29761.90	Solvent	METHANOL-d4	Spectrum Offset (Hz)	14031.4922
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	29761.00	Temperature (degree C)	25.200		

aq6.002.001.1r.esp

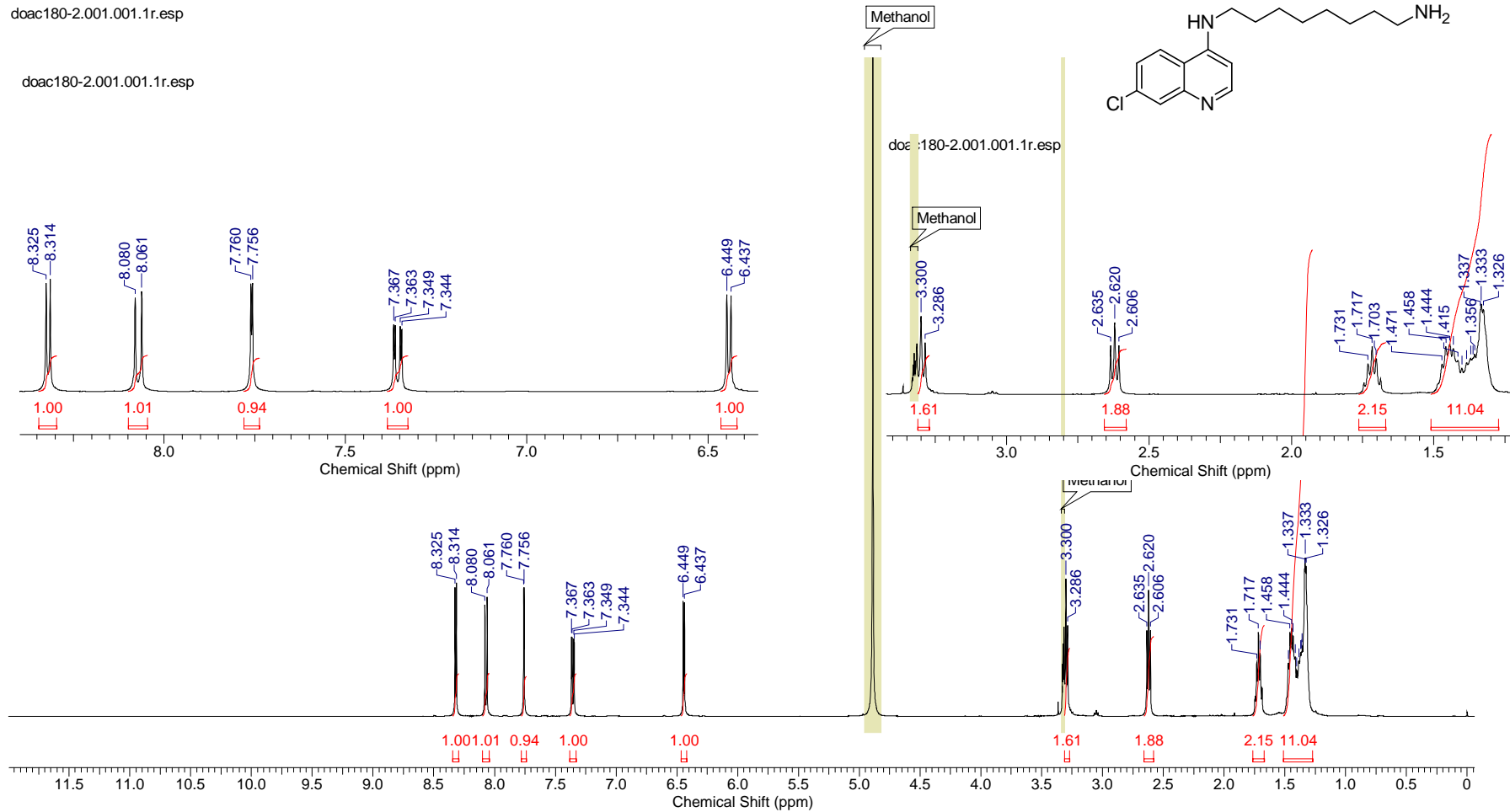


Compound 4: ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD₃OD)

Acquisition Time (sec)	2.1823	Comment	5 mm BBO BB-1H/D Z-GRD Z8007/0118		Date	07 Sep 2015 10:00:00	
Date Stamp	07 Sep 2015 10:00:00	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opсениca\Documents\Radni dnevnik\DOAC\DOAC180\doac180-21\pdata\11r				
Frequency (MHz)	500.26	Nucleus	1H	Number of Transients	64	Origin	spect
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmrsu	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zg30
Receiver Gain	71.80	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	7507.51	Solvent	METHANOL-d4	Spectrum Offset (Hz)	3499.8916
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	7507.28	Temperature (degree C)	25.000		

doac180-2.001.001.1r.esp

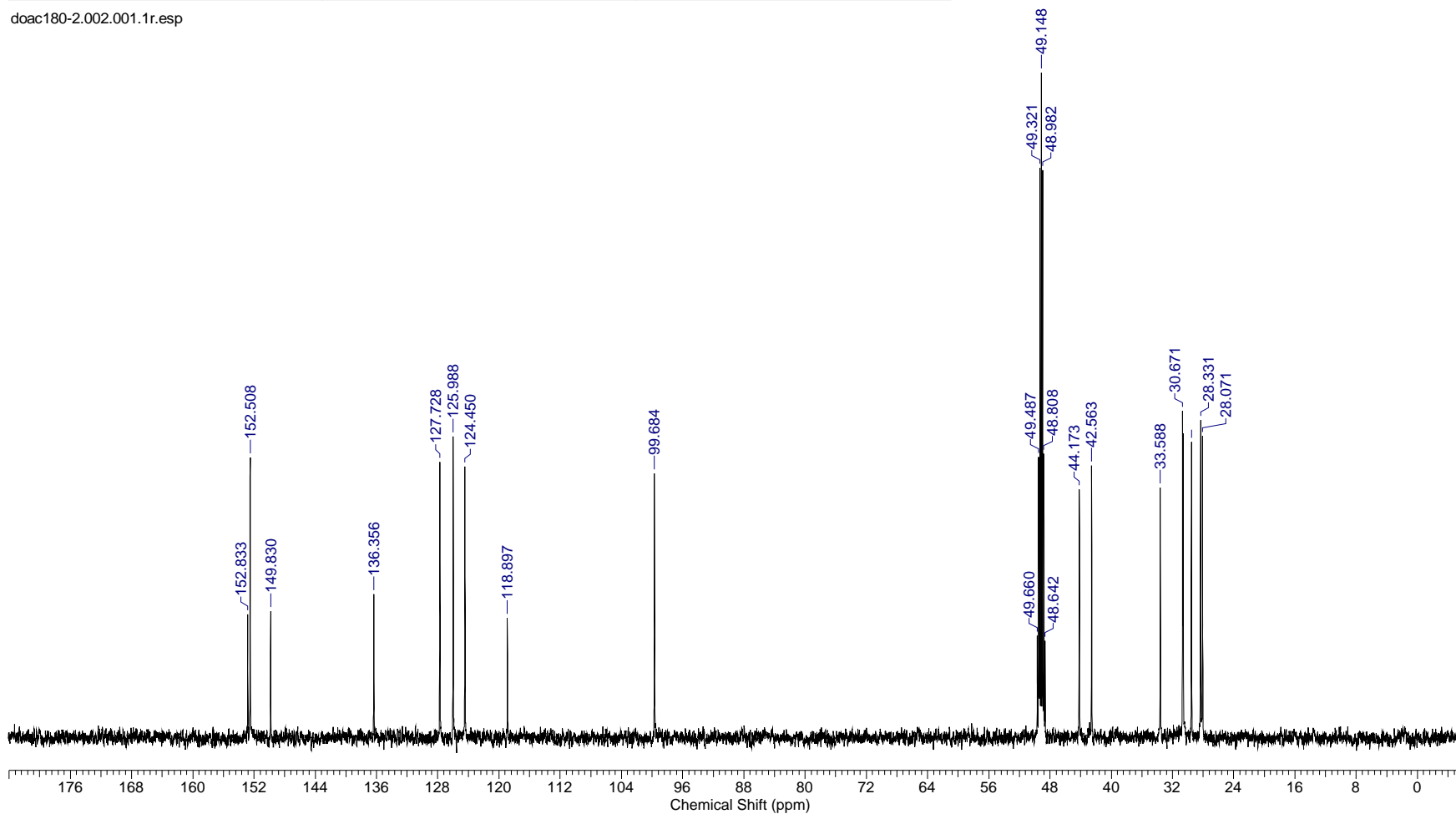
doac180-2.001.001.1r.esp



Compound 4: ^{13}C NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

Acquisition Time (sec)	0.5505	Comment	5 mm BBO BB-1H/D Z-GRD Z8007/0118		Date	07 Sep 2015 10:04:16	
Date Stamp	07 Sep 2015 10:04:16	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opsenica\Documents\Radni dnevnik\DOAC\DOAC180\doac180-2\2\pdata\1\1r				
Frequency (MHz)	125.79	Nucleus	^{13}C	Number of Transients	116	Origin	spect
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmsu	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zpgg30
Receiver Gain	2050.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	29761.90	Solvent	METHANOL-d4	Spectrum Offset (Hz)	14029.2275
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	29761.00	Temperature (degree C)	25.000		

doac180-2.002.001.1r.esp

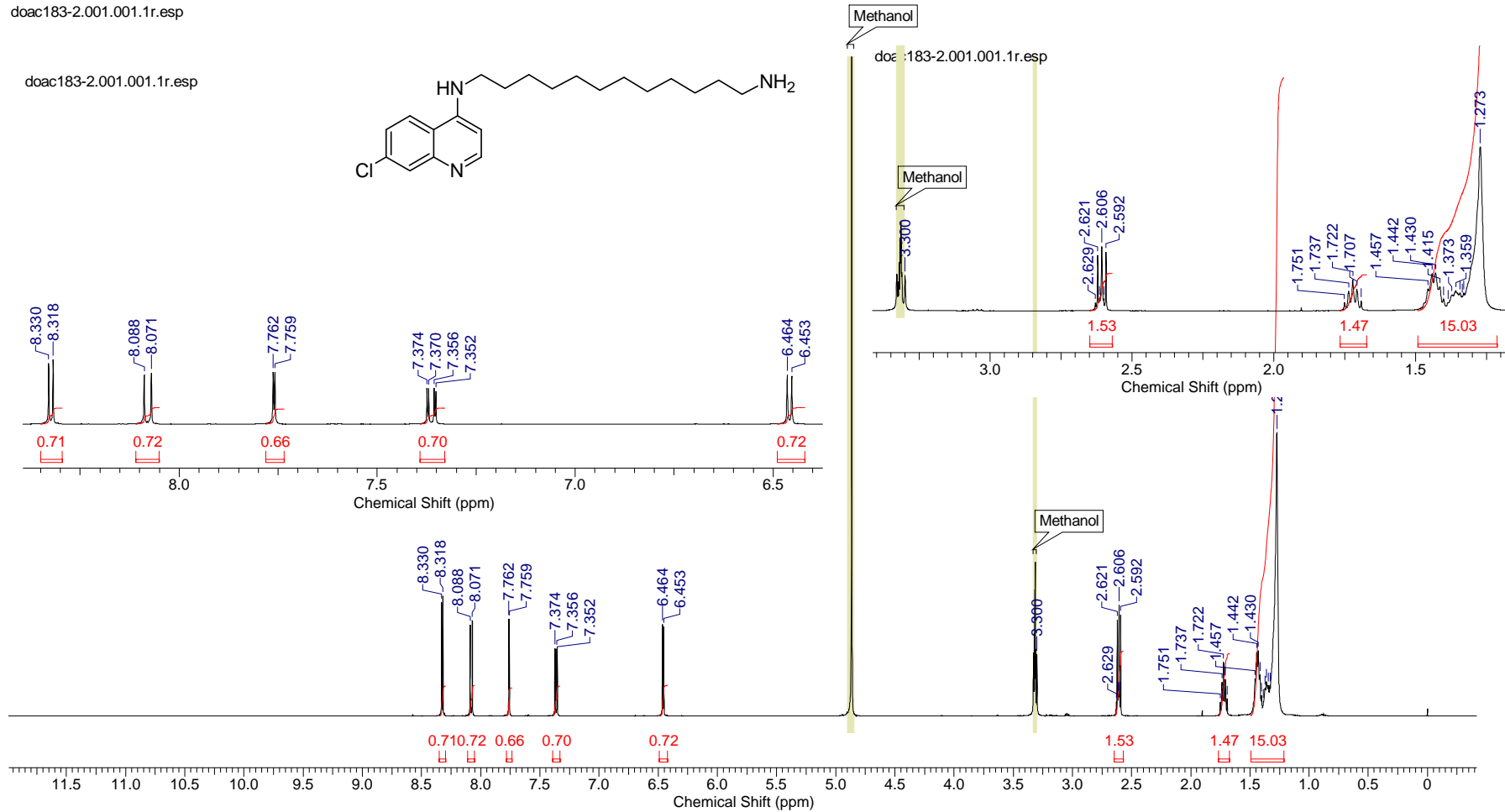


Compound 5: ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD₃OD)

Acquisition Time (sec)	2.1823	Comment	5 mm BBO BB-1H/D Z-GRD Z8007/0118	Date	07 Sep 2015 10:10:40
Date Stamp	07 Sep 2015 10:10:40	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opsenica\Documents\Radni dnevnik\DOAC\DOAC183\doac183-2\1\data\1\1r		
Frequency (MHz)	500.26	Nucleus	1H	Number of Transients	14
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmr-su	Points Count	32768
Receiver Gain	71.80	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	7507.51	Solvent	METHANOL-d4
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	7507.28	Temperature (degree C)	25.000
				Pulse Sequence	zg30
				Spectrum Offset (Hz)	3496.1145

doac183-2.001.001.1r.esp

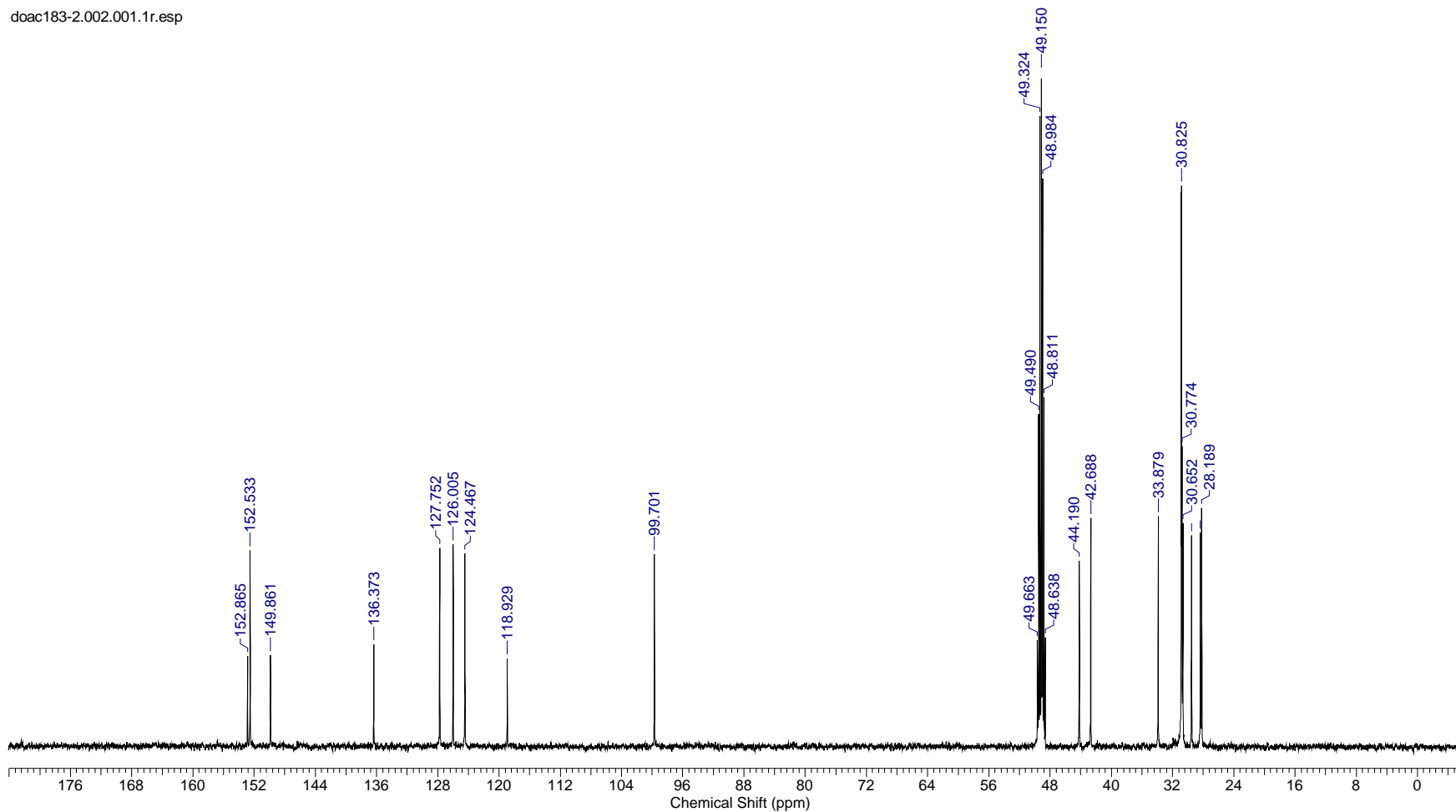
doac183-2.001.001.1r.esp



Compound 5: ^{13}C NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

Acquisition Time (sec)	0.5505	Comment	5 mm BBO BB-1H/D Z-GRD Z8007/0118		Date	07 Sep 2015 10:12:48	
Date Stamp	07 Sep 2015 10:12:48	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opsenica\Documents\Radni dnevnik\DOAC\DOAC183\doac183-2\pdata\1\1r				
Frequency (MHz)	125.79	Nucleus	^{13}C	Number of Transients	973	Origin	spect
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmrsu	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zpgg30
Receiver Gain	2050.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	29761.90	Solvent	METHANOL-d4	Spectrum Offset (Hz)	14030.4727
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	29761.00	Temperature (degree C)	25.100		

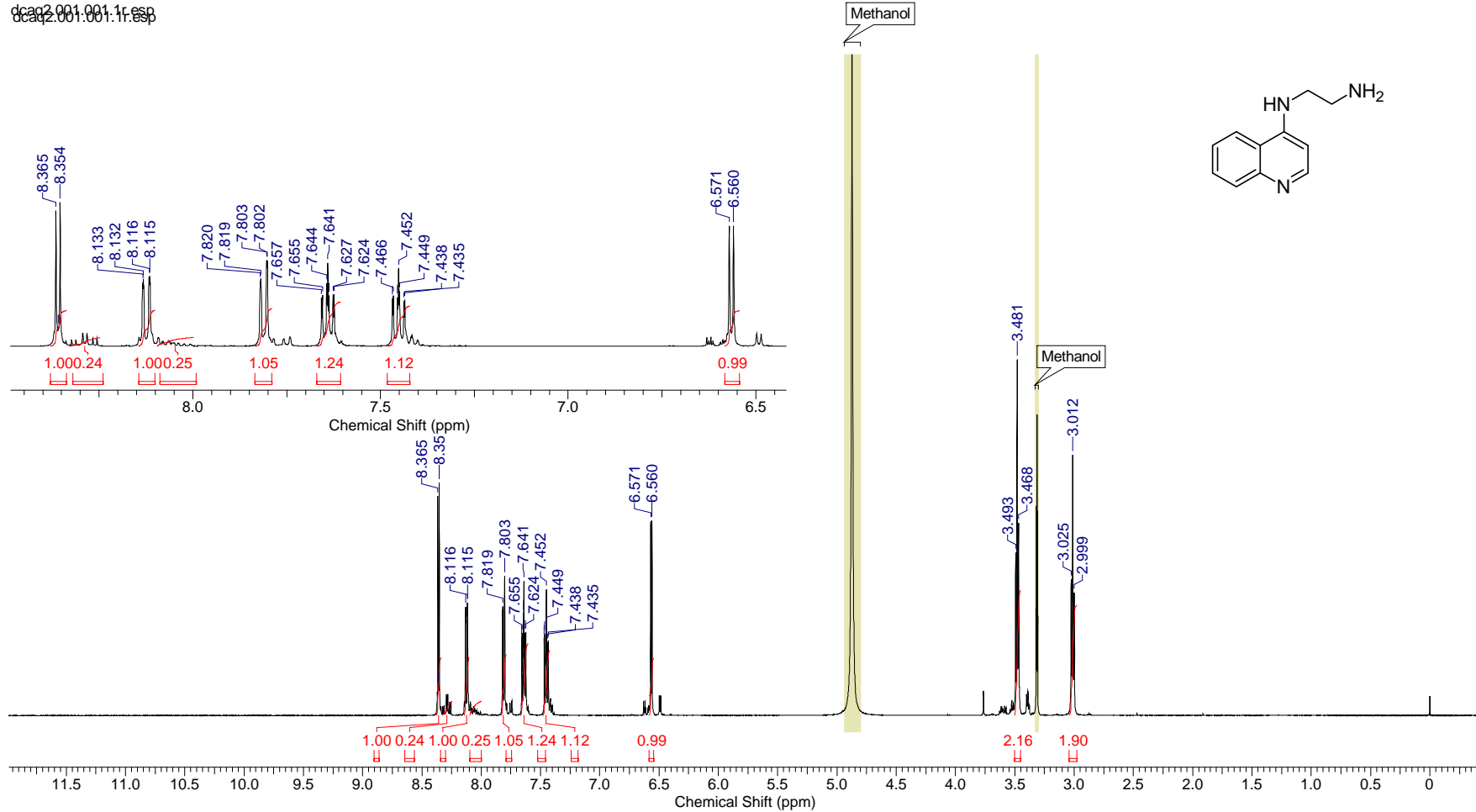
doac183-2.002.001.1r.esp



Compound 6: ^1H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

Acquisition Time (sec)	2.1823	Comment	5 mm BBO BB-1H/D Z-GRD Z8007/0118	Date	28 Oct 2015 10:23:12
Date Stamp	28 Oct 2015 10:23:12	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opsernica\Documents\Radni dnevnik\DCAQ2\dcaq2\1\data\1\1r		
Frequency (MHz)	500.26	Nucleus	1H	Number of Transients	16
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmrsu	Points Count	32768
Receiver Gain	406.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	7507.51	Solvent	METHANOL-d4
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	7507.28	Temperature (degree C)	25.000
				Pulse Sequence	zg30
				Spectrum Offset (Hz)	3494.4385

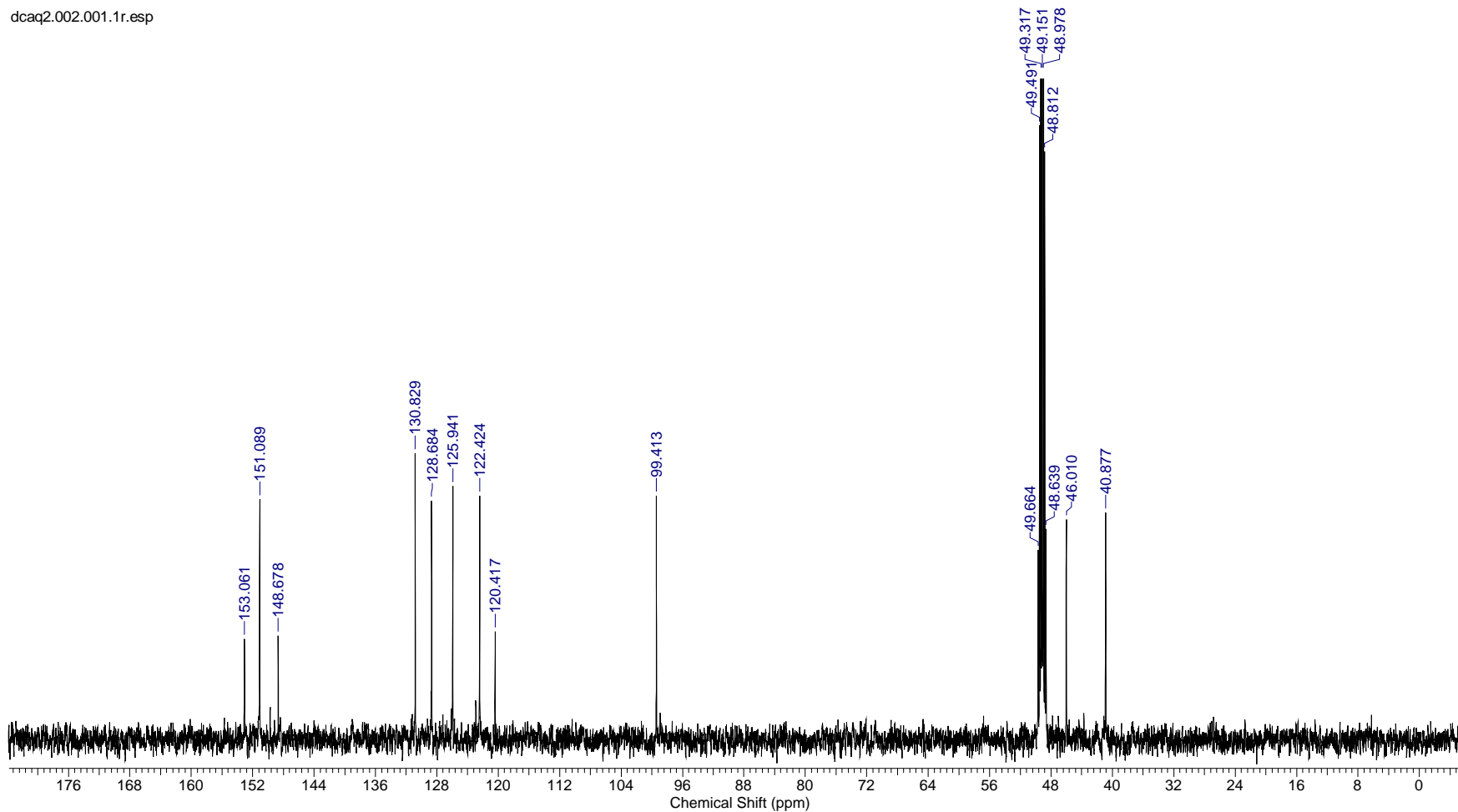
dcaq2.001.001.1f.esp



Compound 6: ^{13}C NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

Acquisition Time (sec)	0.5505	Comment	5 mm BBO BB-1H/D Z-GRD Z8007/0118		Date	28 Oct 2015 10:27:28	
Date Stamp	28 Oct 2015 10:27:28	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opsenica\Documents\Radni dnevnik\DCAQ2\dcaq2\pdata\1\1r				
Frequency (MHz)	125.79	Nucleus	^{13}C	Number of Transients	114	Origin	spect
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmrslu	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zgpg30
Receiver Gain	2050.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	29761.90	Solvent	METHANOL-d4	Spectrum Offset (Hz)	14031.4922
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	29761.00	Temperature (degree C)	25.000		

dcaq2.002.001.1r.esp

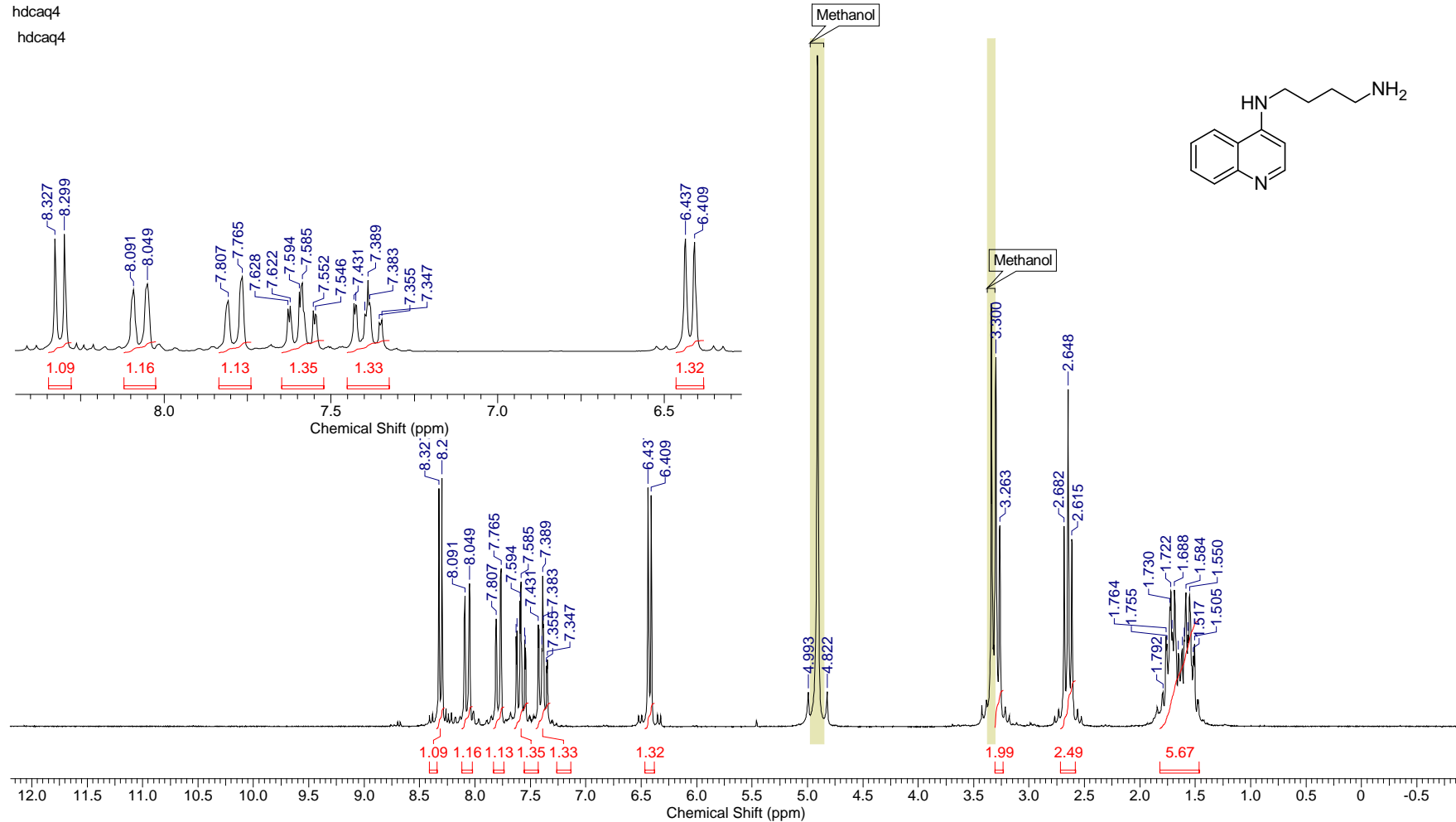


Compound 7: ^1H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

Acquisition Time (sec)	1.4400	Comment	DCAQ4	Date	Nov 1 13	Date Stamp	Nov 1 13
File Name	C:\Users\Dejan\Openical\Documents\Radni dnevnik\DCAQ4\dcaq4\hdcaq4.fid\fid				Frequency (MHz)	199.97	
Nucleus	^1H	Number of Transients	64	Original Points Count	6624	Points Count	8192
Pulse Sequence	s2pul	Receiver Gain	2.00	Solvent	METHANOL-d4		
Spectrum Offset (Hz)	1682.8494	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	4600.00	Temperature (degree C) AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	

hdcaq4

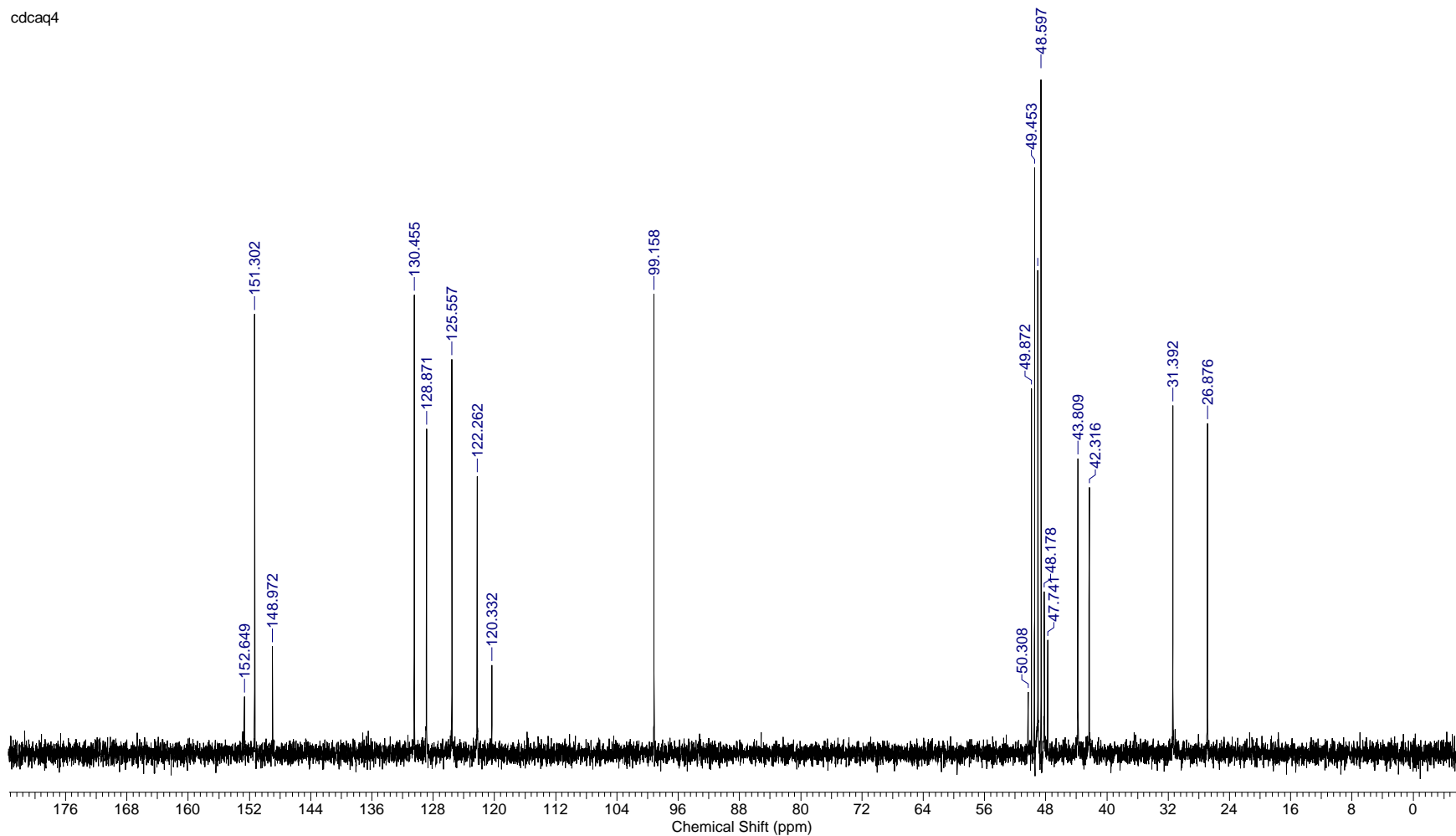
hdcaq4



Compound 7: ^{13}C NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

Acquisition Time (sec)	1.0667	Comment	DSAQ4	Date	Nov 1 13	Date Stamp	Nov 1 13
File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opsenica\Documents\Radni dnevnik\DCAQ4\cdcaq4\cdcaq4.fid\fid				Frequency (MHz)	50.29	
Nucleus	^{13}C	Number of Transients	363	Original Points Count	16000	Points Count	16384
Pulse Sequence	s2pul	Receiver Gain	25.00	Solvent	METHANOL-d4	Spectrum Offset (Hz)	4919.1177
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	15000.00	Temperature (degree C)	AMBIENT TEMPERATURE		

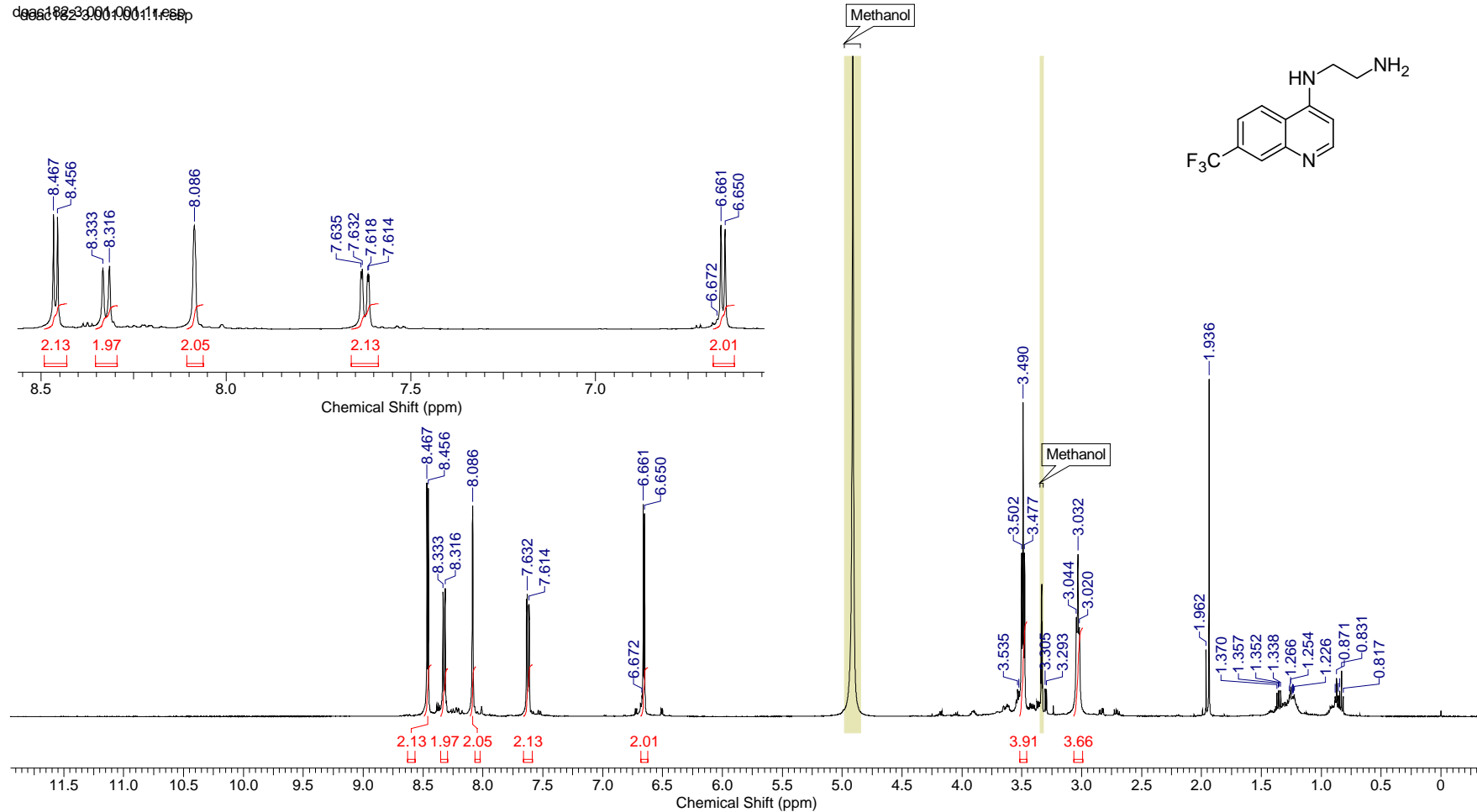
cdcaq4



Compound 8: ^1H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

Acquisition Time (sec)	2.1823	Comment	5 mm BBO BB-1H/D Z-GRD Z8007/0118	Date	07 Sep 2015 09:47:12
Date Stamp	07 Sep 2015 09:47:12	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opsenica\Documents\Radni dnevnik\DOAC\DOAC182\doac182-3\1\pdata\1\1r		
Frequency (MHz)	500.26	Nucleus	^1H	Number of Transients	11
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmrslu	Points Count	32768
Receiver Gain	71.80	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	7507.51	Solvent	METHANOL-d4
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	7507.28	Temperature (degree C)	25.000
				Pulse Sequence	zg30
				Spectrum Offset (Hz)	3504.8240

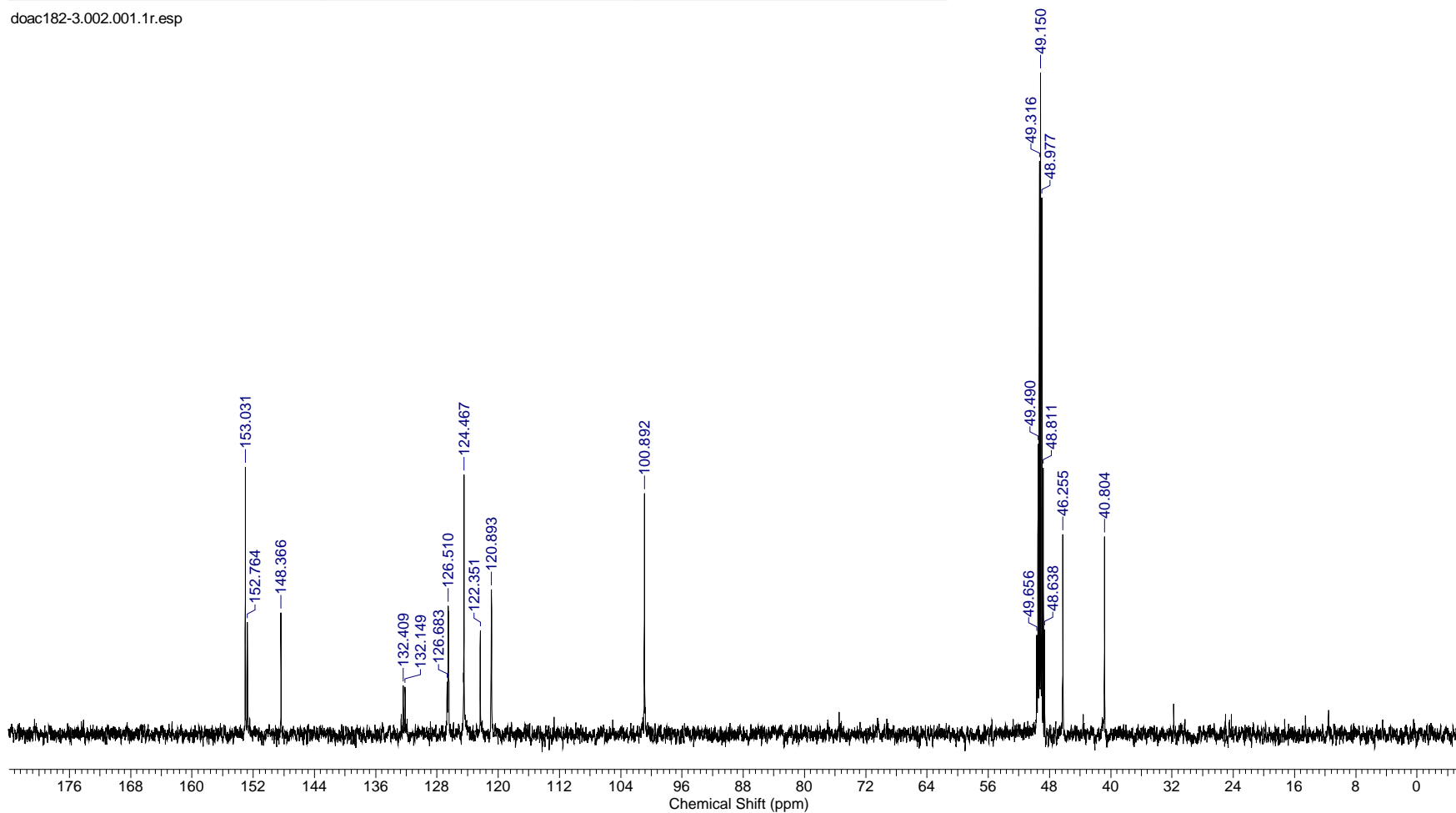
deac182-3-001-001-11-esp



Compound 8: ^{13}C NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

Acquisition Time (sec)	0.5505	Comment	5 mm BBO BB-1H/D Z-GRD Z8007/0118		Date	07 Sep 2015 09:49:20	
Date Stamp	07 Sep 2015 09:49:20	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opсениca\Documents\Radni dnevnik\DOAC\DOAC182\doac182-3\2\data\1\1r				
Frequency (MHz)	125.79	Nucleus	^{13}C	Number of Transients	91	Origin	spect
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmsu	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zpgg30
Receiver Gain	2050.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	29761.90	Solvent	METHANOL-d4	Spectrum Offset (Hz)	14030.4727
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	29761.00	Temperature (degree C)	25.100		

doac182-3.002.001.1r.esp

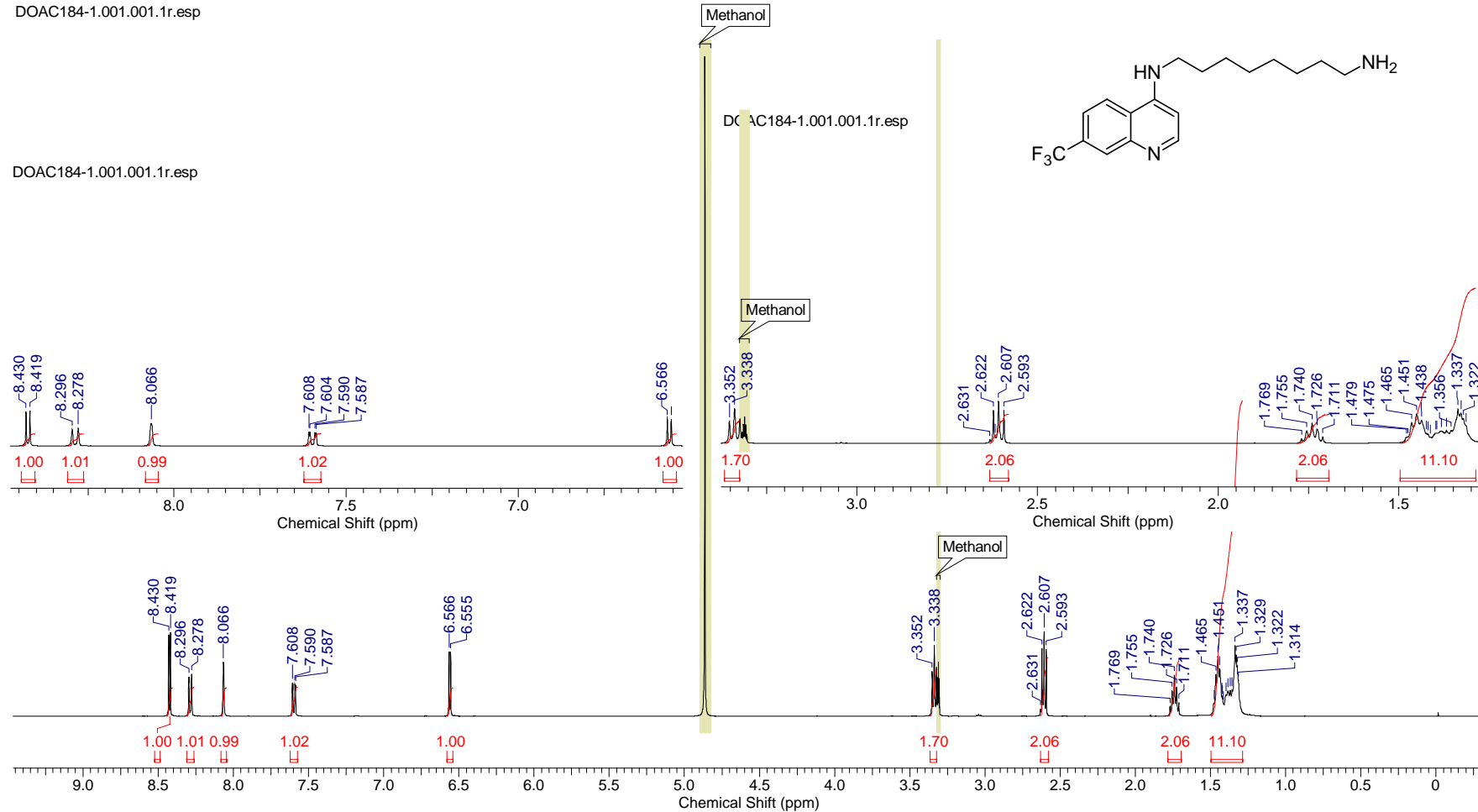


Compound 9: ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD₃OD)

Acquisition Time (sec)	3.2768	Comment	5 mm BBO BB-1H/D Z-GRD Z8007/0118	Date	13 Oct 2015 12:27:12
Date Stamp	13 Oct 2015 12:27:12	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opserical\Documents\Radni dnevnik\DOAC\DOAC184\DOAC184-1\1\data\1\1r		
Frequency (MHz)	500.26	Nucleus	1H	Number of Transients	16
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmrsu	Points Count	32768
Receiver Gain	114.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	5000.00	Solvent	METHANOL-d4
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	4999.85	Temperature (degree C)	25.000
				Pulse Sequence	zg30
				Spectrum Offset (Hz)	2243.4446

DOAC184-1.001.001.1r.esp

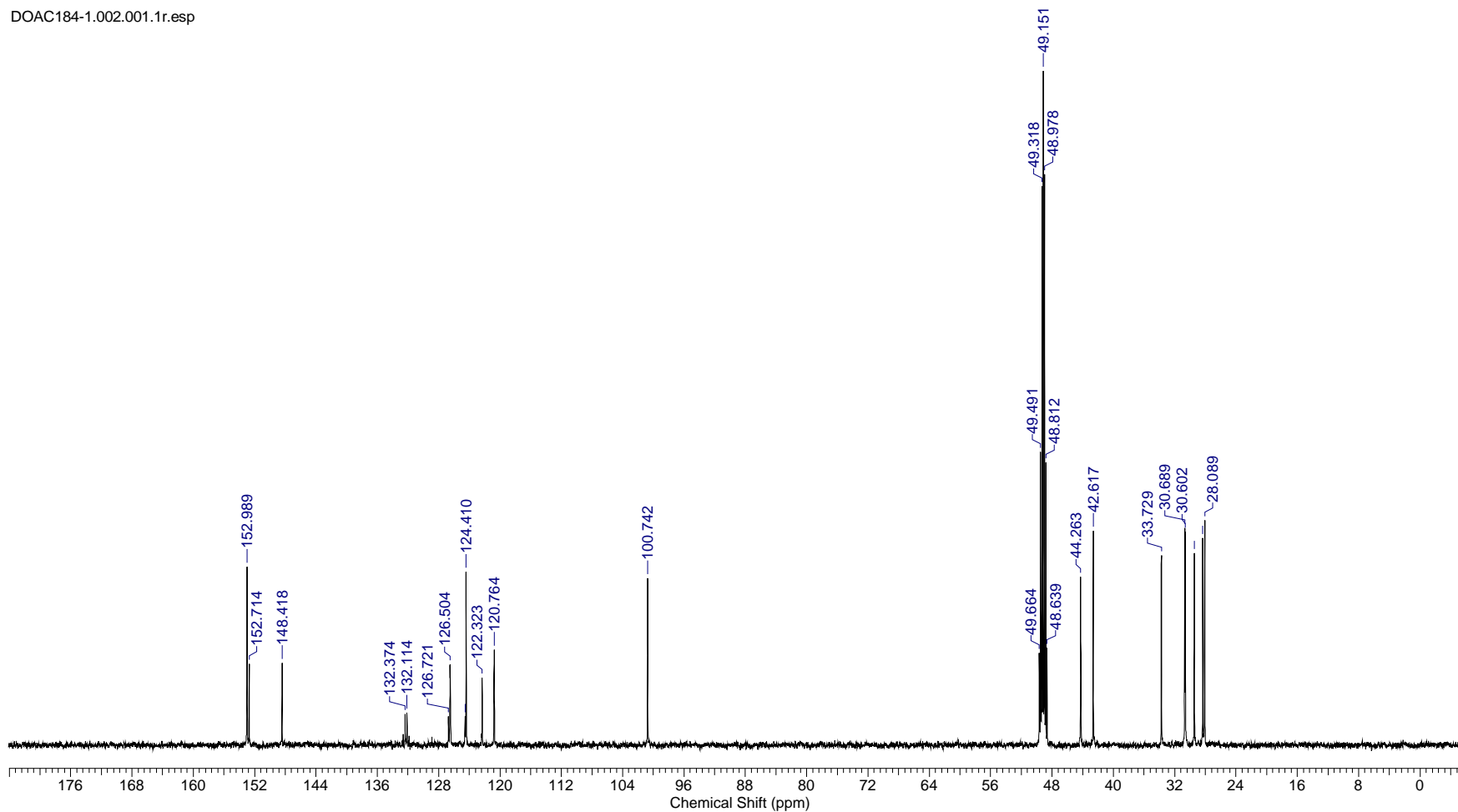
DOAC184-1.001.001.1r.esp



Compound 9: ^{13}C NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

Acquisition Time (sec)	0.5505	Comment	5 mm BBO BB-1H/D Z-GRD Z8007/0118		Date	13 Oct 2015 12:31:28	
Date Stamp	13 Oct 2015 12:31:28	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opsenica\Documents\Radni dnevnik\DOAC\DOAC184\DOAC184-1\2\data\1\1r				
Frequency (MHz)	125.79	Nucleus	^{13}C	Number of Transients	400	Origin	spect
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmsu	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zpgg30
Receiver Gain	2050.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	29761.90	Solvent	METHANOL-d4	Spectrum Offset (Hz)	14031.5176
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	29761.00	Temperature (degree C)	25.000		

DOAC184-1.002.001.1r.esp

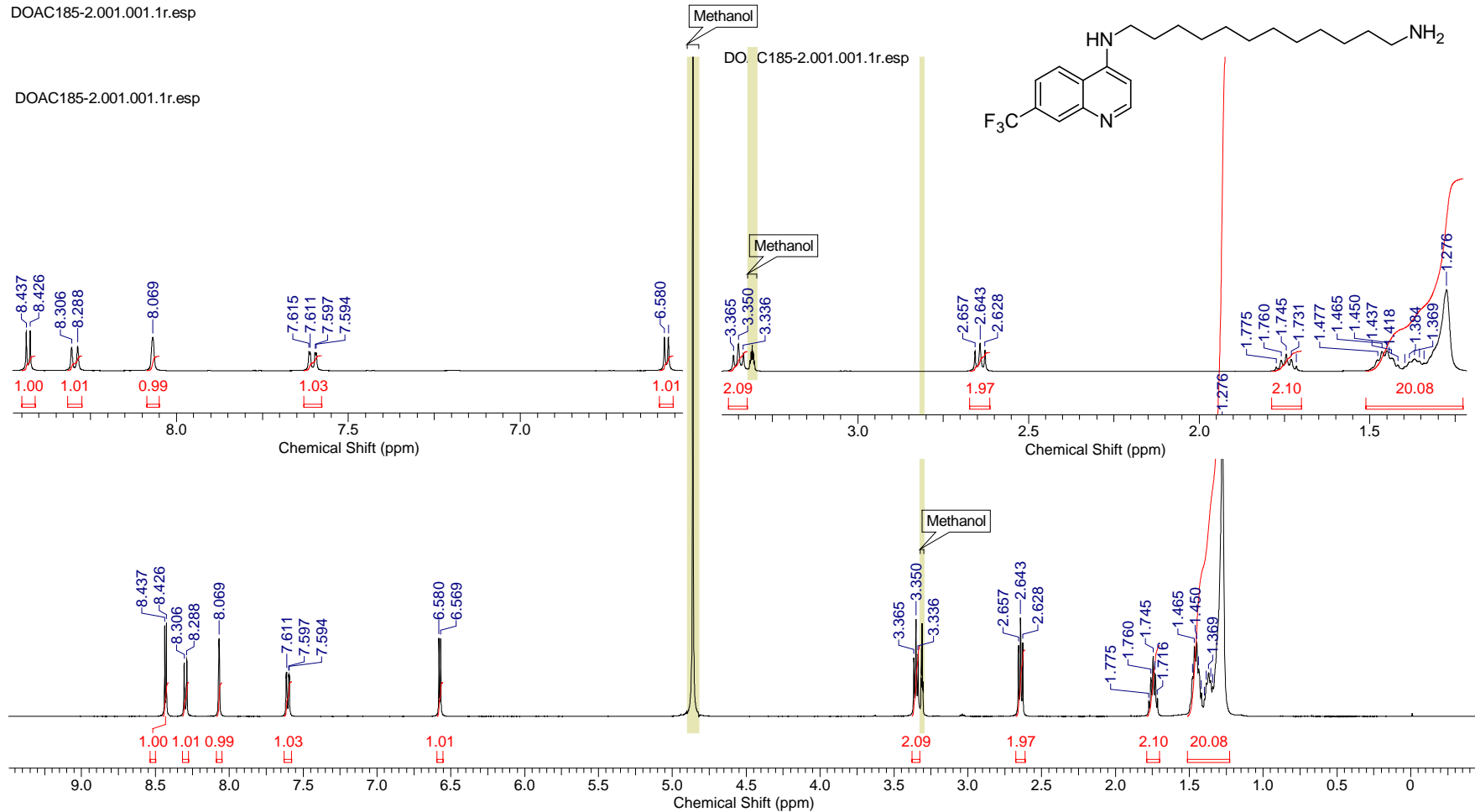


Compound 10: ^1H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

Acquisition Time (sec)	3.2768	Comment	5 mm BBO BB-1H/D Z-GRD Z8007/0118	Date	14 Oct 2015 12:22:56
Date Stamp	14 Oct 2015 12:22:56	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opсениca\Documents\Radni dnevnik\DOAC\DOAC185\DOAC185-2\1\pdata\1\1r		
Frequency (MHz)	500.26	Nucleus	^1H	Number of Transients	16
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmsu	Points Count	32768
Receiver Gain	114.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	5000.00	Solvent	METHANOL-d4
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	4999.85	Temperature (degree C)	25.000
				Pulse Sequence	zg30
				Spectrum Offset (Hz)	2251.9424

DOAC185-2.001.001.1r.esp

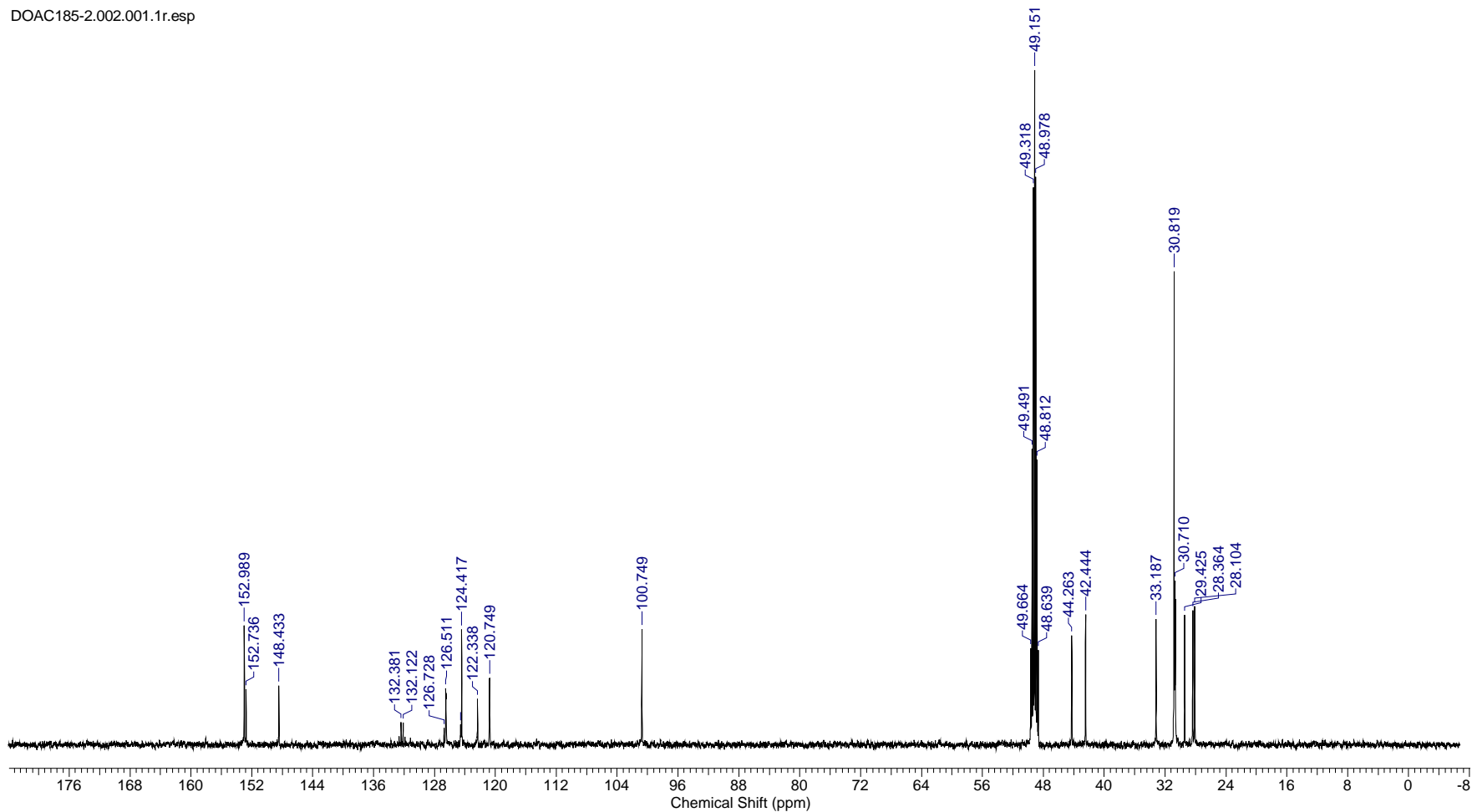
DOAC185-2.001.001.1r.esp



Compound 10: ^{13}C NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CD_3OD)

Acquisition Time (sec)	0.5505	Comment	5 mm BBO BB-1H/D Z-GRD Z8007/0118		Date	14 Oct 2015 12:33:36	
Date Stamp	14 Oct 2015 12:33:36	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opsenica\Documents\Radni dnevnik\DOAC\DOAC185\DOAC185-2\pdata\1\1r				
Frequency (MHz)	125.79	Nucleus	^{13}C	Number of Transients	513	Origin	spect
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmsu	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zpgg30
Receiver Gain	2050.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	29761.90	Solvent	METHANOL-d4	Spectrum Offset (Hz)	14031.5176
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	29761.00	Temperature (degree C)	25.000		

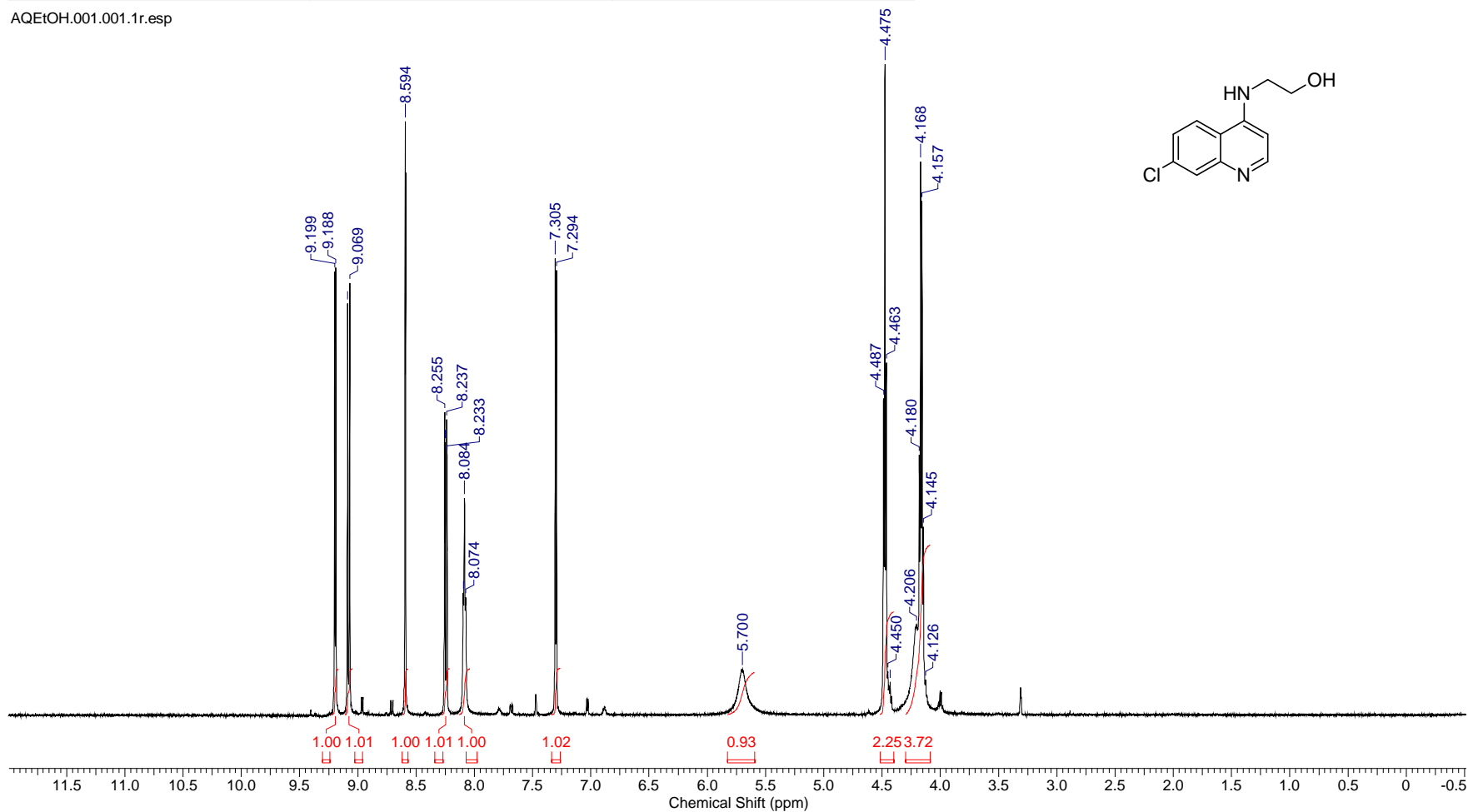
DOAC185-2.002.001.1r.esp



Compound 21: ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆)

Acquisition Time (sec)	2.1823	Comment	Z8007_0118 (PH BBO 500S2 BB-H-D-05 Z)	Date	06 Apr 2016 13:05:36
Date Stamp	06 Apr 2016 13:05:36	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opсениca\Documents\Radni dnevnik\AQEtOH\1\data\1\1r		
Frequency (MHz)	500.26	Nucleus	1H	Number of Transients	4
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmsu	Points Count	32768
Receiver Gain	114.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	7507.51	Solvent	METHANOL-d4
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	7507.28	Temperature (degree C)	25.000
				Pulse Sequence	zg30
				Spectrum Offset (Hz)	3496.4045

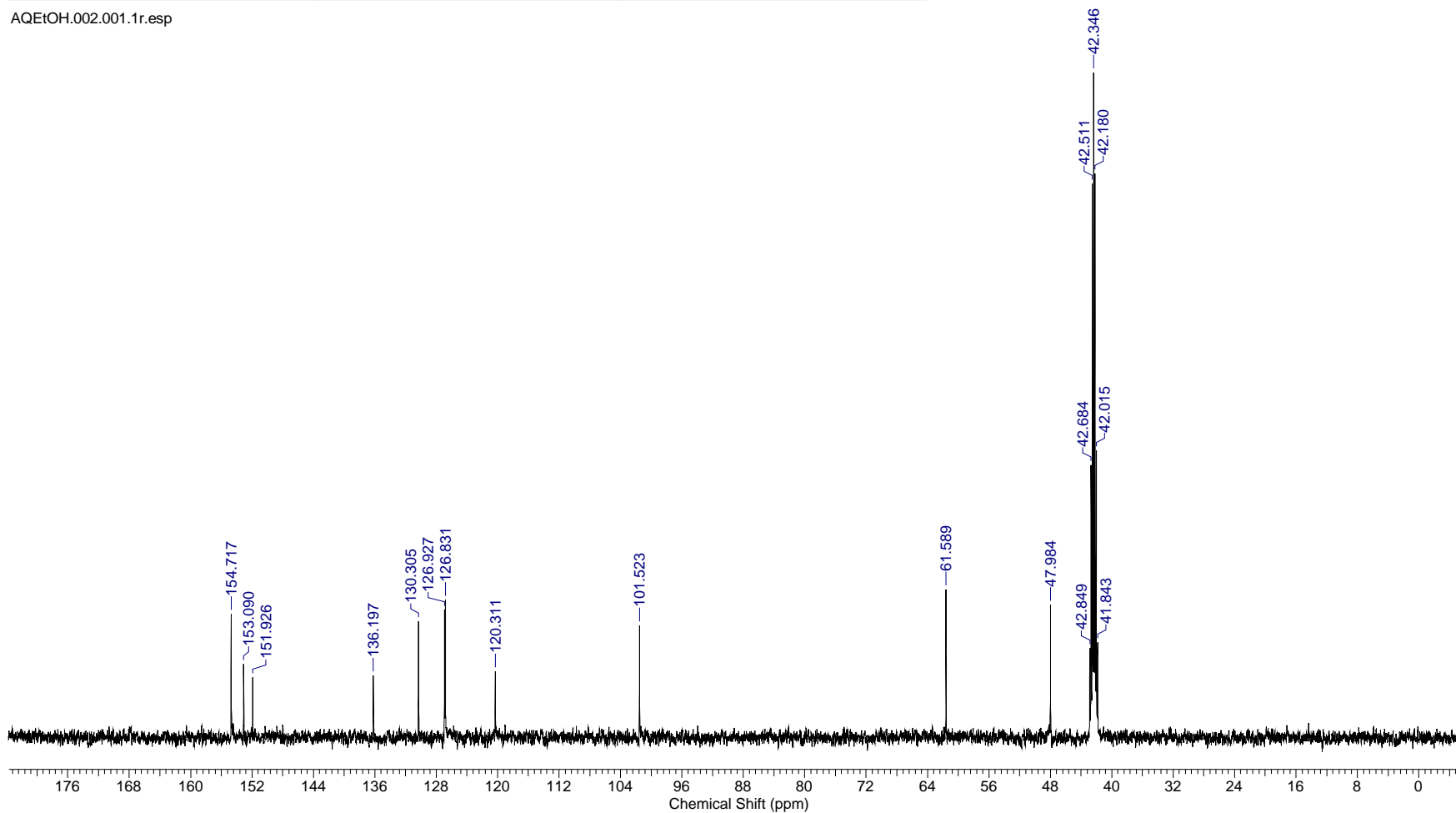
AQEtOH.001.001.1r.esp



Compound 21: ^{13}C NMR spectrum (500 MHz, DMSO-d6)

Acquisition Time (sec)	0.5767	Comment	Z8007_0118 (PH BBO 500S2 BB-H-D-05 Z)		Date	06 Apr 2016 13:07:44	
Date Stamp	06 Apr 2016 13:07:44	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opšenica\Documents\Radni dnevnik\AQEtOH\2\pdata\1\1r				
Frequency (MHz)	125.79	Nucleus	^{13}C	Number of Transients	40	Origin	spect
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmsu	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zpgg30
Receiver Gain	2050.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	28409.09	Solvent	METHANOL-d4	Spectrum Offset (Hz)	13403.0127
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	28408.22	Temperature (degree C)	25.000		

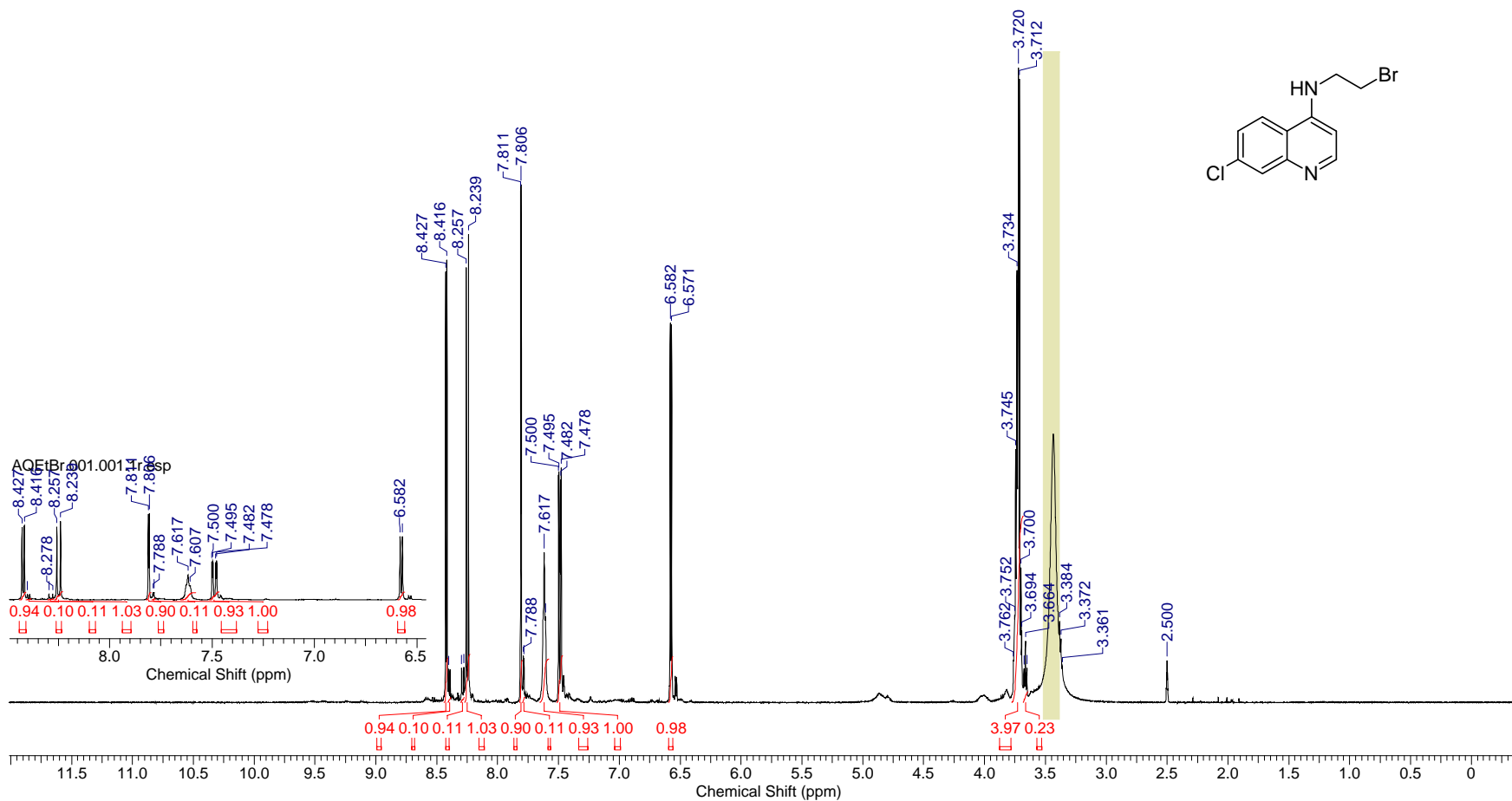
AQEtOH.002.001.1r.esp



Compound 20: ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, DMSO-d6)

Acquisition Time (sec)	2.1823	Comment	Z8007_0118 (PH BBO 500S2 BB-H-D-05 Z)	Date	06 Apr 2016 12:57:04
Date Stamp	06 Apr 2016 12:57:04	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan\Opsebnica\Documents\Radni dnevniki\AQEtBr\1\data\1\1r		
Frequency (MHz)	500.26	Nucleus	1H	Number of Transients	4
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmrsu	Points Count	32768
Receiver Gain	114.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	7507.51	Solvent	DMSO-d6
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	7507.28	Temperature (degree C)	25.000
				Spectrum Offset (Hz)	3496.4045

AQEtBr.001.001.1r.esp



Compound 20: ^{13}C NMR spectrum (500 MHz, DMSO-d6)

Acquisition Time (sec)	0.5767	Comment	Z8007_0118 (PH BBO 500S2 BB-H-D-05 Z)		Date	06 Apr 2016 12:59:12	
Date Stamp	06 Apr 2016 12:59:12	File Name	C:\Users\Dejan Opsenica\Documents\Radni dnevnik\AQEtBr2\pdata\1\1r				
Frequency (MHz)	125.79	Nucleus	^{13}C	Number of Transients	50	Origin	spect
Original Points Count	16384	Owner	nmrsu	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zgpg30
Receiver Gain	2050.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	28409.09	Solvent	DMSO-d6	Spectrum Offset (Hz)	13403.0127
Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	28408.22	Temperature (degree C)	25.200		

AQEtBr.002.001.1r.esp

