Palladium-Catalyzed Cross-Coupling of Monochlorosilanes And Grignard Reagents

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1. General Experimental Details:

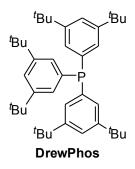
Bu₂O, Et₂O, methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE), triethylamine, dichloromethane (DCM), acetonitrile (MeCN), and tetrahydrofuran (THF) were dried on alumina according to published procedures. Cyclopentylmethyl ether (CPME) was dried over CaH₂, distilled under N₂, and stored in a Straus flask. The following reagents were purchased from commercial suppliers and used as received: Palladium(II) iodide (Strem), palladium(II) chloride (Strem), bis(acetonitrile)dichloropalladium(II) (Strem). 1-bromo-3,5-di-*tert*-butylbenzene (Combi Blocks), 2-chloropropane (Alfa) 2bromopropane (Aldrich), 2-iodopropane (Oakwood), bromocyclopentane (Acros), 1-bromobutane (Acros), 3-bromopentane (Alfa Aesar), exo-2-bromonorbornane (Aldrich), (1-bromoethyl)benzene (Aldrich), (2-bromopropyl)benzene (Aldrich), dimethylphenylsilane (Gelest), iodomethane (Acros), magnesium turnings (Oakwood). All chlorosilanes were generously donated by Gelest Inc. and used as received. The following Grignard reagents were purchased from commercial suppliers and titrated with iodine before use: Phenylmagnesium bromide [3 M] in Et₂O (Aldrich), orthotolylmagnesium bromide [2 M] in Et₂O (Aldrich), 2-mesitylmagnesium bromide [1 M] in Et₂O (Aldrich), isopropylmagnesium bromide [1 M] in THF (Aldrich), isopropylmagnesium chloride [2 M] in THF (Acros), isopropylmagnesium chloride lithium chloride complex [1.3 M] in THF (Acros), cyclopentylmagnesium bromide [2 M] in Et₂O (Acros), (trimethylsilyl)methylmagnesium chloride [1 M] in Et₂O (Aldrich), and 2-methyl-2-phenylpropylmagnesium chloride [0.5 M] in Et₂O (Acros). (3-1-(3-bromobutyl)-4-chlorobenzene.³ bromobutvl)benzene.² and 1-(3-bromobutyl)-4methoxybenzene,⁴ were prepared according to the published procedures. Vials used in the glovebox were dried in a gravity oven at 140 °C for a minimum of 12 h, transferred into the glovebox hot, and then stored at rt in the glovebox prior to use. All hot glassware was oven dried for a minimum of four hours or flame-dried under vacuum prior to use. "Double manifold" refers to a standard Schlenk-line gas manifold equipped with nitrogen and vacuum (ca. 0.100 mm Hg). All optimization reactions (0.25 mmol scale) were charged in a nitrogen-filled glovebox and alkyl zinc halide was added on the bench via syringe then stirred on a magnetic stir plate. All yields and branched:linear (B:L) ratios in optimization reactions were determined by GC of the unpurified products with 1.3.5-trimethoxybenzene and *n*-nonane as internal standards. All other reactions were set up using standard Schlenk technique and heated with stirring in temperature controlled oil baths. Note: Any product yields listed in the main text that do not match those listed in the supporting information are the average of multiple isolated yields. The procedures listed below reflect yields from specific experimental runs.

2. Instrumentation and Chromatography:

400 MHz ¹H, 101 MHz ¹³C and 376 MHz ¹⁹F spectra were obtained on a 400 MHz FT-NMR spectrometer equipped with a Bruker CryoPlatform. 600 MHz ¹H, 151 MHz ¹³C, 119 MHz ²⁹Si, and 243 ³¹P spectra were obtained on a 600 MHz FT-NMR spectrometer equipped with a Bruker SMART probe. All samples were analyzed in the indicated deutero-solvent and were recorded at ambient temperatures. All chemical shifts are reported in ppm. ¹H NMR spectra were calibrated using the residual protio-signal in deutero-solvents as a standard. ¹³C NMR spectra were calibrated using the deutero-solvent as a standard. Product ²⁹Si spectra were calibrated using a hexamethyldisiloxane capillary standard at 7.32ppm. IR spectra were recorded on a Nicolet Magma-IR 560 FT-IR spectrometer as thin films on KBr plates. High resolution MS data was obtained on a Waters GCT Premier spectrometer using chemical ionization (CI), electron ionization (EI), or liquid injection field desorption ionization (LIFDI). Unless otherwise noted, column chromatography was performed either by hand or by use of Isolera 4 Biotage unit with 40-63 μm silica gel, and the eluent reported in parentheses. Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on silica gel (60 F₂₅₄ Merck) pre-coated glass plates and visualized by UV or by staining with iodine, KMnO₄, or ceric ammonium molybdate.

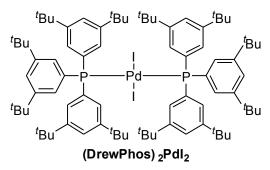
3. Synthesis of Ligand and Catalysts:

Ligand and Catalyst Synthesis:⁵



DrewPhos: An oven-dried 500 mL round bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stir bar and rubber septum was attached to a double manifold and cooled under vacuum. The flask was backfilled with N₂, the rubber septum was removed, 1-bromo-3,5-di-*tert*-butylbenzene (32.4 g, 120 mmol, 3.01 equiv) was added, and the septum replaced. The flask was then purged with N₂ for 15 minutes. THF (240 mL, [0.5 M]) was added and the flask was cool to -78 °C in a dry ice/acetone bath. While stirring, *n*BuLi (48.2 mL, 120 mmol, 3 equiv, [2.49 M] in hexanes) was added dropwise via syringe pump over 30 minutes. (**Note:** A large amount of solids can form and stall reaction stirring. Swirl flask by hand to break up clumps). PCl₃ (3.5 mL, 40 mmol, 1 equiv) was added dropwise via syringe pump

over 15 minutes. (**Note:** Initial addition will begin to consume the aryl lithium and stirring will become easier, manual swirling may be necessary at the start of addition). After the addition was complete, the flask was warmed to 0 °C in an ice/water bath and stirred for 4 h. Flask was allowed to warm to rt, the septum was removed and the reaction was quenched by adding brine (100 mL). The reaction was poured into a separatory funnel and the product was extracted 2X with Et₂O (100 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a glass frit, and the solvent removed *in vacuo*. The product was purified by recrystallization from hot EtOH (200 mL), cooled under ambient conditions, then placed in a –20 °C freezer overnight. Collection of the solid via filtration and washing with EtOH resulted in white crystals (10.6 g, 44% yield): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 (t, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 3H), 7.12 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.8 Hz, 6H), 1.22 (s, 54H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.6 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 137.3 (d, *J* = 9.4 Hz), 128.1 (d, *J* = 19.3 Hz), 122.4 , 35.0 , 31.5; ³¹P NMR (243 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -3.59; FTIR (cm⁻¹): 2963, 1589, 1577, 1362, 1249, 1130, 875, 710; mp = 145–147 °C. HRMS (LIFDI) m/z, calcd for [C₄₂H₆₃P]⁺: 598.4667; found: 598.4688.



 $(DrewPhos)_2Pdl_2$: A 50 mL round bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stirbar was charged with palladium(II) iodide (1.08 g, 3 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and DrewPhos (3.59 g, 6 mmol, 2.0 equiv). The flask was sealed with a rubber septum and purged 10 min with N₂. Toluene (24 mL) was added via syringe and the reaction was stirred for 24 hours at 85 °C. The reaction was cooled to rt, transferred to a 250 mL round bottom flask and the solvent evaporated *in vacuo*. The resulting solid was recrystallized from hot 3:1 ethanol:toluene (100 mL), cooled under

ambient conditions, then placed in a –20 °C freezer overnight. Collection of the solid via filtration resulted in a stable, red solid (3.52 g, 75% yield). A second crop of product was obtained by subsequent recrystallization with same solvent system resulted in red crystals (900 mg, 19%). Total 4.42 g, 95%: ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 – 7.54 (m, 12H), 7.29 (s, 6H), 1.21 (s, 108H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.2 (t, *J* = 5.1 Hz), 134.5 (t, *J* = 24.9 Hz), 129.9 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz), 123.2, 35.1, 31.6; ³¹P NMR (243 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 18.90 ; FTIR (cm⁻¹): 2953, 1589, 1384, 1247, 1087, 702, 584; mp = >250 °C. HRMS (LIFDI) m/z, calcd for [C₈₄H₁₂₆P₂PdI]⁺:1429.7414; found: 1429.7373.

4. Synthesis of Alkylmagnesium Halides:

General Procedure A:

An oven dried round bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stirbar and rubber septum was attached to a double manifold and cooled under vacuum. The flask was backfilled with N₂, the septum removed, magnesium turnings (1.5 equiv) and a single chip of I₂ (~20–30 mg) were added. The septum was replaced; the flask was attached to a double manifold and purged with N₂ for 10 min. The flask was held under positive N₂ then Et₂O [3 M] was added. The solution was stirred until clarity was reached (disappearance of brown I₂ color). An initial amount of alkyl halide (~200–400 µL) was added to start the reaction as evidenced by a minor exotherm. If reaction does not initiate, gentle warming (for example with a heating mantle) may be necessary. Once initiated, the alkyl halide was added dropwise so as to keep the mixture warm, but below full reflux. If desired, a reflux condenser may be used as well. After full addition of the alkyl halide, the flask was allowed to stir at rt for an additional 1-4 h. The excess magnesium was allowed to settle and the mixture was filtered via cannula to a Schlenk tube. If insoluble particles persist, filtration through a 0.2 µm PTFE syringe filter was employed. Solutions were then titrated according to the literature procedure by Knochel.⁶

Note: Titration concentrations used in the isolation runs in Section 5 may differ from those reported here. The procedures listed below reflect titrations from specific experimental runs.

- $\begin{array}{c} Me \\ Me \\ Me \\ S1 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{(S1)} \mbox{ According to general procedure A, magnesium turnings (1.1 mg, 45 mmol, 1.5 equiv), diethyl ether (10 mL), I_2 chip , and isopropyl iodide (3.0 mL, 5.1 g, 30 mmol, 1 equiv) were combined under nitrogen and stirred for 2 h at rt. Filtration and titration resulted in a [1.84 M] solution of isopropylmagnesium iodide. \end{array}$
- Me MgBr (S2) According to general procedure A, magnesium turnings (1.1 mg, 45 mmol, 1.5 equiv), diethyl ether (10 mL), I₂ chip , and isopropyl bromide (2.8 mL, 3.69 g, 30 mmol, 1 equiv) were combined under nitrogen and stirred for 2 h at rt. Filtration and titration resulted in a [2.23 M] solution of isopropylmagnesium bromide.
- Me MgCl (S3) According to general procedure A, magnesium turnings (1.1 mg, 45 mmol, 1.5 equiv), diethyl ether (10 mL), no iodine, and isopropyl chloride (2.7 mL, 2.36 g, 30 mmol) were combined under nitrogen and stirred for 4 h at rt. Filtration and titration resulted in a [2.65 M] solution of isopropylmagnesium chloride.

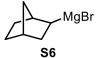
(**S4**) According to general procedure A, magnesium turnings (730 mg, 30 mmol), diethyl ether (7 mL), no iodine, and a solution of *n*-butyl bromide (2.7 mL, 3.4 g, 25 mmol) in diethyl ether (5 mL) were combined under nitrogen and stirred for 4 h at rt.. Filtration and titration resulted in a [1.93 M]

solution of *n*-butylmagnesium bromide.



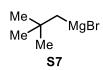
(S5) According to general procedure A, magnesium turnings (300 mg, 12 mmol), diethyl ether (3 mL), I_2 chip, and solution of 3-bromopentane (1.2 mL, 1.5 g, 10 mmol) in diethyl ether (2 mL) were combined under nitrogen and stirred for 4 h at rt. Filtration and titration resulted in a [0.67 M] solution of 3-

pentylmagnesium bromide.

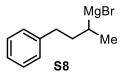


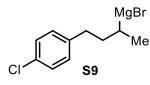
(S6) According to general procedure A, magnesium turnings (730 mg, 30 mmol, 1.5 equiv), diethyl ether (6.7 mL), I_2 chip, and (1*S*,4*R*)-2bromobicyclo[2.2.1]heptane (2.6 mL, 3.5 g, 20 mmol, 1 equiv) were combined under nitrogen and stirred 3 h at rt. Filtration and titration resulted in a [1.21 M]

solution of bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ylmagnesium bromide in an *exo:endo* ratio of 41:59 by NMR matching literature reports.⁷



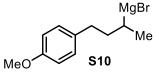
(S7) According to general procedure A, magnesium turnings (730 mg, 30 mmol), diethyl ether (7 mL), I_2 chip, and solution of neopentyl bromide (3 mL, 3.6 g, 24 mmol) in diethyl ether (5 mL). Filtration and titration resulted in a [0.95 M] solution of neopentylmagnesium bromide.





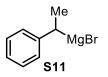
(S8) According to general procedure A, magnesium turnings (1.1 g, 45 mmol, 1.5 equiv), I_2 chip, Et_2O (10 mL), and (3-bromobutyl)benzene (6.4 g, 30 mmol, 1 equiv) were combined under nitrogen and stirred for 1 h at rt. Filtration and iodometric titration resulted in a [1.34 M] solution of (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide.

(S9) According to general procedure A, magnesium turnings (292 mg, 12 mmol, 1.2 equiv), I_2 chip, Et_2O (3.3 mL), and 1-(3-bromobutyl)-4-chlorobenzene (2.48 g, 10 mmol, 1 equiv) were combined under nitrogen and stirred for 2 h at rt. Filtration and iodometric titration resulted in a [0.85 M] solution of (4-(4-chlorophenyl)butan-2-yl)magnesium bromide.



(S10) According to general procedure A, magnesium turnings (292 mg, 12 mmol, 1.2 equiv), l_2 chip, Et_2O (3.3 mL), and 1-(3-bromobutyl)-4-methoxybenzene (2.43 g, 10 mmol, 1 equiv) were combined under nitrogen and stirred for 2 h at rt. Filtration and iodometric titration resulted in a [0.85 M] solution of (4-(4-

methoxyphenyl)butan-2-yl)magnesium bromide.



(S11) According to a modified version of general procedure A, magnesium turnings (1.1 g, 45 mmol, 1.5 equiv), diethyl ether (10 mL), and I_2 chip were added. Once clarity of the solution was reached, the flask was cooled to 0 °C in an ice/water bath. Stirring at 0 °C, (1-bromoethyl)benzene (5.6 g, 4.1 mL, 30 mmol, 1 equiv) was added dropwise via syringe pump over ~1 h. After addition,

the flask was allowed to stir at rt ~3 h. Filtration and titration resulted in a [0.55 M] solution of (1-phenylethyl)magnesium bromide.

5. General Procedure for the Silyl-Kumada Reaction:

Note: Reactions are run at [0.5 M] overall concentration based on the sum of all liquid reagents.

General Procedure B (rt Coupling):

An oven dried 10 mL Schlenk flask equipped with a magnetic stirbar and rubber septum was attached to a double manifold and cooled under vacuum. The flask was backfilled with N_2 , the rubber septum was removed, and (DrewPhos)₂PdI₂ (0.01 equiv) was added. The septum was replaced and the flask purged with N_2 for 10 minutes. Et₂O, silvl chloride (1.2 equiv), and alkylmagnesium halide (1 equiv) were added sequentially via syringe. The solution was then stirred at rt for 24 h. A vent needle was added and the reaction was guenched with EtOAc (3 mL) then H₂O (3 mL) via syringe. The mixture was washed 2 times with brine (20 mL) and extracted using EtOAc or Et₂O. The combined organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and the solvent removed in vacuo. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash chromatography in the indicated solvent.

General Procedure C (50 °C Coupling):

An oven dried 10 mL Schlenk flask equipped with a magnetic stirbar and rubber septum was attached to a double manifold and cooled under vacuum. The flask was backfilled with N2, the rubber septum was removed, and (DrewPhos)₂PdI₂ (0.01 equiv) was added. The septum was replaced and the flask purged with N_2 for 10 minutes. Bu₂O, silyl chloride (2 equiv), and alkylmagnesium halide (1 equiv) were added sequentially via syringe. The solution was then stirred in an oil bath at 50 °C for 24 h. The flask was cooled to rt, a vent needle was added and the reaction was guenched with EtOAc (3 mL) then H₂O (3 mL) via syringe. The mixture was washed 2 times with brine (20 mL) and extracted using EtOAc or Et₂O. The combined organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and the solvent removed in vacuo. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash chromatography in the indicated solvent.

General Procedure D (Solid Silyl Chlorides):

An oven dried 10 mL Schlenk flask equipped with a magnetic stirbar and rubber septum was attached to a double manifold and cooled under vacuum. The flask was backfilled with N_2 , the rubber septum was removed, (DrewPhos)₂Pdl₂ (0.01 equiv) and silyl chloride (2 equiv) were added. The septum was replaced and the flask purged with N2 for 10 minutes. Bu2O and alkylmagnesium halide (1 equiv) were added sequentially via syringe. The solution was then stirred in an oil bath at the indicated temperature for 24 h. The flask was cooled to rt, a vent needle was added and the reaction was guenched with EtOAc (3 mL) then H₂O (3 mL) via syringe. The mixture was washed 2 times with brine (20 mL) and extracted using EtOAc or Et₂O. The combined organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and the solvent removed in vacuo. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash chromatography in the indicated solvent.

Me 1

(1) According to general procedure B, (DrewPhos)₂Pdl₂ (16 mg, 10 µmol), $SiMe_2Ph$ Et₂O (1.36 mL), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [2.29 M] isopropylmagnesium bromide S2 (440 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 1 h. After workup, the crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford **1** as a clear oil (178 mg, 99%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.39 – 7.33 (m, 3H), 1.01 – 0.94 (m, 7H), 0.26 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.8, 134.1, 128.9, 127.8, 17.7, 13.9, -

5.2. ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.4. Spectra in agreement with previously reported literature.⁵

~SiMe₂Ph (3) According to general procedure B, (DrewPhos)₂PdI₂ (16 mg, 10 Me 、 µmol), Et₂O (1.32 mL), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 µL, 1.2 mmol), 3 and [2.1 M] n-butylmagnesium bromide S4 (480 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 1 h. After workup, the crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford **3** as a clear oil (192 mg, 99%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 – 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.39 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 1.37 – 1.26 (m, 4H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.78 – 0.73 (m, 2H), 0.26 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.9, 133.7, 128.9, 127.8, 26.7, 26.2, 15.6, 13.9, -2.9. ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -3.1. Spectra in agreement with previously reported literature.

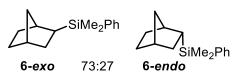
Et SiMe₂Ph (4) According to general procedure B, (DrewPhos)₂Pdl₂ (16 mg, 10 µmol), diethyl ether (0.3 mL), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [0.67 M] 3-pentylmagnesium bromide S5 (1.50 mL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, the crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford 4 as a clear oil (203 mg, 10 µmol) and (203 mg)

99%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, $CDCI_3$) δ 7.55 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.38 – 7.34 (m, 3H), 1.54 (dqd, *J* = 14.7, 7.5, 5.3 Hz, 2H), 1.38 (dp, *J* = 14.7, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 6H), 0.72 (tt, *J* = 7.5, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 0.29 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, $CDCI_3$) δ 139.8, 134.0, 128.8, 127.8, 29.04, 21.9, 13.8, - 3.4. ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, $CDCI_3$) δ 1.0. Spectra in agreement with previously reported literature.⁵



(5) According to general procedure B, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 µmol), diethyl ether (1.24 mL), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [1.77 M] cyclopentylmagnesium bromide (0.56 mL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford **5** as a clear oil (200 mg,

99%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.40 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 1.83 – 1.72 (m, 2H), 1.58 – 1.49 (m, 4H), 1.39 – 1.27 (m, 2H), 1.13 (tt, *J* = 10.8, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 0.26 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.5, 134.0, 128.8, 127.8, 28.4, 27.2, 25.6, -4.3. ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -2.0. Spectra in agreement with previously reported literature.⁵



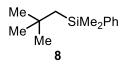
(6) According to general procedure B, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (970 µL), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [1.21 M] (1*S*,4*R*)bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ylmagnesium bromide **S6** (830 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via

silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford **6** as an inseparable mixture of *exo:endo* (73:27) diastereomers as a clear oil (150 mg, 65%): Useful diagnostic peaks for each compound are listed, mixture matches previously reported spectra.^{4-5, 9}

6-exo: ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.22 – 2.20 (m, 2H), 1.06 – 1.05 (m, 2H), 0.83 – 0.79 (m, 1H), 0.24 (s, 3H), 0.22 (s, 3H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.5, 134.0, 128.8, 127.8, 38.1, 37.9, 37.1, 34.5, 32.9, 29.0, 28.7, -3.9, -3.9, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -3.20.

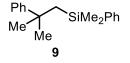
6-endo: ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.31 (s, 1H), 2.27 (t, J = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 1.77 – 1.70 (m, 1H), 1.02 (tdd, J = 11.0, 4.9, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 0.31 (s, 3H), 0.28 (s, 3H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.4, 133.9, 128.7, 127.8, 41.9, 39.7, 37.3, 32.0, 30.0, 28.5, 27.6, -2.7, -3.0, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -2.78.

 $Me_3Si \underbrace{SiMe_2Ph}_{\textbf{7}} \quad \mbox{SiMe_2Ph}_{\textbf{7}} \quad \mbox{(7) According to general procedure B, (DrewPhos)_2Pdl_2 (16 mg, 10 \mumol), diethyl ether (0.76 mL), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 \muL, 1.2 mmol), and [0.96 M] (trimethylsilyl)methylmagnesium chloride (1.04 mL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N_2 and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford$ **7** $as a clear oil (122 mg, 55%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) <math>\delta$ 7.59 – 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.38 – 7.33 (m, 3H), 0.31 (s, 6H), 0.02 (s, 2H), -0.01 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 141.5, 133.4, 128.86, 127.8, 3.4, 1.4, 0.0. ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.5, -4.2. FTIR (cm⁻¹): 2953, 2897, 1426, 1250, 1113, 1051, 836, 698. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for C₁₁H₁₉Si₂⁺ [M-CH₃]⁺: 207.1025; found: 207.1027.



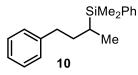
(8) According to general procedure B, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (750 µL), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [0.95 M] neopentylmagnesium bromide **S7** (1.05 mL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford **8** as a clear oil (205

mg, 99%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.42 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 0.95 (s, 11H), 0.35 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.0, 133.6, 128.7, 127.8, 33.2, 33.2, 31.3, -0.4. ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -5.7. FTIR (cm⁻¹): 2954, 2893, 2869, 1465, 1427, 1363, 1249, 1113, 832, 707. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for C₁₃H₂₂Si⁺ [M]⁺: 206.1491; found: 206.1501.



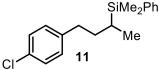
(9) According to general procedure B, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (50 µL), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [0.40 M] 2-methyl-2-phenylpropylmagnesium chloride (2.50 mL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford **9** as a

clear oil (136.2 mg, 51%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 – 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.30 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.27 – 7.22 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.13 (m, 1H), 1.37 (s, 2H), 1.32 (s, 6H), 0.01 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.1, 140.8, 133.6, 128.7, 128.1, 127.8, 125.7, 125.6, 37.5, 34.2, 32.6, -1.2. ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -5.7. FTIR (cm⁻¹): 2959, 2360, 2339, 1652, 1558, 1456, 1110, 826. 668. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for C₁₇H₂₁Si⁺ [M-CH₃]⁺: 253.1413; found: 253.1417.



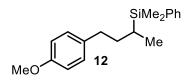
(10) According to general procedure B, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 µmol), diethyl ether (1.1 mL), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [1.34 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide **S8** (750 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography

(hexanes gradient to hexanes:dichloromethane = 95:5) to afford **10** as a clear oil (264 mg, 98%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₂Cl2) δ 7.50 – 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.37 – 7.31 (m, 3H), 7.24 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.17 – 7.13 (m, 1H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (ddd, *J* = 14.0, 10.4, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (ddd, *J* = 13.6, 10.1, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.79 (dddd, *J* = 13.7, 10.3, 6.7, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.41 (dtd, *J* = 13.6, 10.3, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 1.02 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.96 – 0.89 (m, 1H), 0.26 (s, 3H), 0.25 (s, 3H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.0, 138.7, 134.1, 128.9, 128.6, 128.4, 127.8, 125.7, 35.0, 33.9, 19.0, 14.1, -4.6, -4.8, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -0.05. Spectra in agreement with previously reported literature.^{5, 10}



(11) According to general procedure B, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 μ mol), diethyl ether (0.52 mL), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 μ L, 1.2 mmol), and [0.79 M] 4-(4-(chloro)phenyl)butan-2-yl)magnesium bromide **S9** (1.28 mL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via

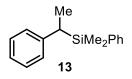
silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) then by reverse phase chromatography on C18 modified silica (gradient from acetonitrile:water = 50:50 to acetonitrile:water 100:0) to afford **11** as a clear oil (272 mg, 89%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.40 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 2.76 – 2.69 (m, 1H), 2.44 (ddd, *J* = 13.7, 9.7, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 1.77 (dddd, *J* = 13.5, 10.2, 7.0, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 1.40 (dtd, *J* = 13.9, 10.1, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 1.02 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.94 – 0.83 (m, 1H), 0.27 (s, 3H), 0.26 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.4, 138.6, 134.1, 131.5, 129.9, 129.0, 128.5, 127.8, 34.3, 33.8, 18.9, 14.1, -4.6, -4.9. ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -0.05. Spectra in agreement with previously reported literature.⁵



(12) According to procedure B, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 μ mol), diethyl ether (620 μ L), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 μ L, 1.2 mmol), and [0.85 M] (4-(4-methoxyphenyl)butan-2-yl)magnesium bromide **S10** (1.18 mL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes

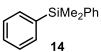
gradient to hexanes:dichloromethane = 90:10) to afford **12** as a clear oil (283 mg, 95%): ¹H NMR

(600 MHz, CD₂Cl2) δ 7.50 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.36 – 7.31 (m, 3H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 2.70 (ddd, J = 14.5, 10.2, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (ddd, J = 13.6, 10.0, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 1.74 (dddd, J = 13.6, 10.2, 6.8, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 1.40 – 1.33 (m, 1H), 1.00 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (dqd, J = 11.0, 7.6, 7.2, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 0.25 (s, 3H), 0.24 (s, 3H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, 4.5, -4.7, 29 Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -0.17. Spectra in agreement with previously reported literature.

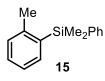


(13) According to general procedure B, (DrewPhos)₂PdI₂ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (100 µL), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [0.55 M] (1-phenylethyl)magnesium bromide S11 (1.8 mL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) then by reverse phase chromatography on C18 modifed silica (gradient from

acetonitrile:water = 50:50 to acetonitrile:water = 75:25) to afford 13 as a clear oil (129 mg, 54%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40 – 7.30 (m, 5H), 7.19 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 1.33 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.24 (s, 3H), 0.19 (s, 3H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.2, 137.5, 134.1, 129.0, 127.9, 127.5, 127.3, 124.4, 29.5, 15.1, -4.4, -5.5, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -1.03. Spectra in agreement with previously reported literature.5

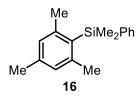


(14) According to general procedure B, (DrewPhos)₂Pdl₂ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (1.40 mL), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [2.62 M] phenylmagnesium bromide (400 μ L, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) then by reverse phase chromatography on C18 modifed silica (gradient from acetonitrile:water = 50:50 to acetonitrile:water = 100:0) to afford 14 as a clear oil (215 mg, 97%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 – 7.50 (m, 4H), 7.40 – 7.35 (m, 6H), 0.59 (s, 6H). ¹³Č NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.4, 134.4, 129.2, 128.0, -2.2.²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -8.1. Spectra in agreement with previously reported literature.¹¹



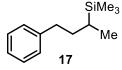
(15) According to general procedure B, (DrewPhos)₂PdI₂ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (1.3 mL), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [2.0 M] ortho-tolylmagnesium bromide (0.500 mL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford **15** as a clear oil (210 mg, 93%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₂Cl2) δ 7.51 – 7.47 (m, 3H), 7.38 – 7.31 (m, 3H), 7.29 (td,

J = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 0.58 (s, 6H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₂Cl2) δ 144.7, 139.7, 136.8, 135.9, 134.6, 130.4, 130.1, 129.5, 128.4, 125.5, 23.5, -1.0, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -8.1, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3067, 3050, 3003, 2956, 1589, 1428, 1250, 1130, 1112, 817, 775, 701, 642, 474. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for C₁₄H₁₅Si⁺ [M]⁺: 211.0943; found: 211.0952. Spectra in agreement with previously reported literature.

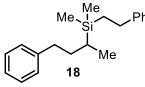


(16) According to general procedure B, (DrewPhos)₂PdI₂ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (720 µL), dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (200 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [0.93 M] 2-mesitylmagnesium bromide (1.08 mL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford 16 as a clear oil (250 mg, 98%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.35 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 6.84 (s, 2H), 2.30 (s, 6H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 0.63 (s,

6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.2, 141.7, 139.2, 133.5, 130.8, 129.3, 128.7, 128.0, 25.1, 21.1, 3.2. ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -9.0. FTIR (cm⁻¹): 2954, 1605, 1450, 1427, 1250, 1105, 816, 701, 667. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for C₁₇H₂₂Si⁺ [M]⁺: 254.1491; found: 254.1495.

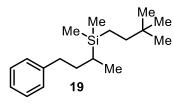


(17) According to procedure B, (DrewPhos)₂Pdl₂ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (1.04 mL), trimethylsilyl chloride (150 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [1.43 M] (4phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide **S8** (700 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford **17** as a clear oil (154 mg, 75%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.21 – 7.16 (m, 3H), 2.81 (ddd, *J* = 14.8, 10.6, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.51 (ddd, *J* = 13.5, 10.3, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.79 (dddd, *J* = 13.9, 10.3, 6.5, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 1.49 – 1.33 (m, 1H), 1.01 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.65 (dqd, *J* = 10.9, 7.4, 3.7 Hz, 1H), -0.03 (s, 9H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.3, 128.6, 128.4, 125.7, 35.2, 34.1, 19.6, 14.0, -3.1, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.53, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3027, 2953, 2865, 1604, 1496, 1454, 1248, 856, 834, 745, 698. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for [C₁₃H₂₁Si]⁺: 205.1413; found: 205.1418.



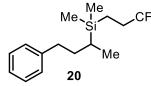
(18) According to procedure B, (DrewPhos)₂PdI₂ (16 mg, 10 μmol),
 Et₂O (950 μL), phenethyldimethylsilyl chloride (240 μL, 1.2 mmol), and
 [1.23 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide S8 (810 μL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) then by reverse phase chromatography on C18 modifed

silica (gradient from acetonitrile:water = 75:25 to acetonitrile:water = 95:0) to afford **18** as a clear oil (280 mg, 94%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₂Cl2) δ 7.29 – 7.23 (m, 4H), 7.22 – 7.12 (m, 6H), 2.82 (ddd, *J* = 14.3, 10.5, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.59 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 6.1 Hz, 2H), 2.50 (ddd, *J* = 13.6, 10.1, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.84 – 1.76 (m, 1H), 1.47 – 1.39 (m, 1H), 1.04 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.90 – 0.85 (m, 2H), 0.78 – 0.70 (m, 1H), -0.01 (s, 6H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.5, 143.1, 128.6, 128.4, 127.9, 125.8, 125.7, 35.2, 34.1, 30.2, 18.5, 16.1, 14.0, -4.98, -5.00, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.5. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for [C₁₉H₂₅Si]⁺: 281.1726; found: 281.1716.



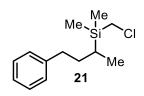
(19) According to procedure B, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (930 µL), (3,3-dimethylbutyl)dimethylsilyl chloride (250 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [1.23 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide **S8** (810 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) then by reverse phase chromatography on C18 modified silica (gradient from acetonitrile:water = 75:25 to

acetonitrile:water = 100:0) to afford **19** as a clear oil (255 mg, 92%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.21 – 7.16 (m, 3H), 2.82 (ddd, *J* = 14.1, 10.4, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (ddd, *J* = 13.5, 10.1, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (dddd, *J* = 13.7, 10.3, 6.7, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 1.46 – 1.37 (m, 1H), 1.11 (ddd, *J* = 12.7, 5.8, 2.1 Hz, 2H), 1.01 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.84 (s, 9H), 0.74 – 0.66 (m, 1H), 0.45 – 0.40 (m, 2H), -0.07 (s, 3H), -0.07 (s, 3H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2, 128.6, 128.4, 125.7, 38.0, 35.2, 34.1, 31.2, 29.0, 18.4, 14.1, 7.8, -5.1, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.14, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3027, 2952, 2913, 2865, 1604, 1466, 1454, 1363, 1248, 1159, 886, 835, 745, 698. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for [C₁₇H₂₉Si]⁺: 261.2039; found: 261.2038.



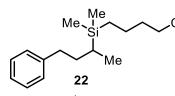
(20) According to procedure B, (DrewPhos)₂PdI₂ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (1.23 mL), (3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)dimethylsilyl chloride (210 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [1.78 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide S8 (560 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford 20 as a clear oil (234 mg, 81%):

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.21 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 2.83 (ddd, *J* = 14.2, 10.1, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.51 (ddd, *J* = 13.6, 9.8, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.03 – 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.77 (dddd, *J* = 13.6, 10.2, 6.9, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 1.49 – 1.39 (m, 1H), 1.03 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.78 – 0.66 (m, 3H), -0.01 (s, 3H), -0.01 (s, 3H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.7, 128.5, 128.5, 127.80 (q, *J* = 276.7 Hz) 125.9, 34.9, 33.8, 28.95 (q, *J* = 29.8 Hz), 18.0, 13.8, 5.5, -5.3, -5.4, ¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 68.78, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.11, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3028, 2953, 2867, 1604, 1497, 1364, 1264, 1212, 1125, 1067, 900, 844, 699. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for [C₁₅H₂₄F₃Si]⁺: 289.1599; found: 289.1587.



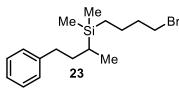
(21) According to procedure B, $(\text{DrewPhos})_2\text{PdI}_2$ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (1.1 mL), chloromethyldimethylsilyl chloride (160 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [1.34 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide **S8** (750 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford **21** as a clear oil (154 mg, 64%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.21 – 7.16 (m, 3H), 2.81 (s, 3H), 2.52 (ddd, *J* = 13.5, 10.3, 6.5

Hz, 1H), 1.80 (dddd, J = 13.9, 10.3, 6.5, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.51 – 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.05 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (dqd, J = 11.1, 7.3, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 0.10 (s, 3H), 0.09 (s, 3H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.7, 128.5, 128.5, 125.9, 35.0, 33.8, 29.5, 17.6, 13.9, -6.0, -6.1, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.21, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3027, 2954, 2927, 2865, 1604, 1496, 1454, 1251, 842, 746, 699. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for [C₁₃H₂₂CISi]⁺: 241.1179; found: 241.1182.



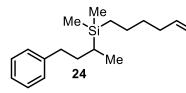
(22) According to procedure B, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 μ mol), Et₂O (970 μ L), 4-chlorobutyldimethylsilyl chloride (220 μ L, 1.2 mmol), and [1.23 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide S8 (810 μ L, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford 22 as a clear oil (247

mg, 87%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 (dd, J = 8.3, 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.21 – 7.14 (m, 3H), 3.53 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.81 (ddd, J = 13.6, 10.3, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (ddd, J = 13.5, 10.1, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.82 – 1.73 (m, 3H), 1.46 – 1.36 (m, 3H), 1.01 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.69 (dqd, J = 10.8, 7.3, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 0.55 – 0.48 (m, 2H), -0.05 (s, 3H), -0.05 (s, 3H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.1, 128.6, 128.4, 125.7, 44.9, 36.4, 35.1, 34.1, 21.4, 18.5, 14.0, 13.1, -4.98, -5.01, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.45, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3026, 2952, 2931, 2864, 1603, 1496, 1454, 1248, 834, 747, 699. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for [C₁₆H₂₈ClSi]⁺: 283.1649; found: 283.1658.



(23) According to procedure B, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (810 µL), 4-bromobutyldimethylsilyl chloride (220 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [1.34 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide **S8** (750 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) then reverse phase

chromatography on C18 modified silica (gradient from acetonitle:water = 70:30 to acetonitrile:water = 100:0) to afford **23** as a clear oil (302 mg, 92%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 3.41 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (ddd, *J* = 14.7, 10.4, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (ddd, *J* = 13.5, 10.1, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.85 (p, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 1.77 (dddd, *J* = 13.7, 10.2, 6.7, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 1.41 (dddd, *J* = 14.7, 10.3, 6.8, 3.5 Hz, 3H), 1.01 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.69 (dqd, *J* = 10.8, 7.4, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 0.53 – 0.47 (m, 2H), -0.05 (s, 6H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.1, 128.6, 128.4, 125.7, 36.6, 35.1, 34.1, 33.8, 22.6, 18.4, 14.0, 12.9, -4.98, -5.01, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.42, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3026, 2951, 2930, 2864, 1603, 1496, 1454, 1248, 835, 748, 699. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for [C₁₅H₂₄BrSi]⁺: 311.0831; found: 311.0842.



(24) According to procedure B, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (950 µL), 5-hexenyldimethylsilyl chloride (240 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [1.23 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide S8 (810 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) then reverse

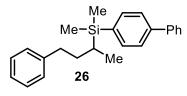
phase chromatography on C18 modified silica (gradient from acetonitle:water = 70:30 to acetonitrile:water = 100:0) to afford **24** as a clear oil (251 mg, 91%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.20 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 5.80 (ddt, *J* = 16.9, 10.2, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (dq, *J* = 17.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.95 – 4.91 (m, 1H), 2.84 – 2.77 (m, 1H), 2.49 (ddd, *J* = 13.5, 10.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.04 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.77 (dddd, *J* = 13.7, 10.2, 6.6, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 1.45 – 1.35 (m, 3H), 1.31 – 1.24 (m, 2H), 1.00 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.68 (dqd, *J* = 10.8, 7.4, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 0.53 – 0.47 (m, 2H), -0.07 (s, 3H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2, 139.3, 128.6, 128.4, 125.7, 114.3,

35.2, 34.1, 33.6, 33.1, 23.6, 18.6, 14.1, 13.7, -4.9, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.31. FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3063, 3027, 2923, 2854, 1641, 1604, 1496, 1454, 1248, 909, 834, 746, 698. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for [C₁₇H₂₇Si]⁺: 259.1882; found: 259.1882.



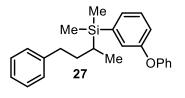
(25) According to procedure B, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (1.0 mL), pentafluorophenyldimethylsilyl chloride (230 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [1.34 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide **S8** (750 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford **25** as a clear oil (227 mg, 63%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₂Cl2) δ 7.25 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.80 (ddd, *J* = 14.6, 10.3, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (ddd, *J* = 13.5, 10.0, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.76 (dddd, *J* = 13.7, 10.2, 6.7, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 1.45 (dddd, *J* = 16.9, 12.2, 8.5, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 1.09 (dp, *J* = 12.3, 4.7, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 1.04 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz,

3H), 0.39 (s, 3H), 0.38 (s, 3H), 13 C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.2 (dddt, J = 241.4, 17.4, 8.7, 4.0 Hz), 142.5, 142.0 (dtt, J = 254.3, 12.9, 5.7 Hz), 138.3 – 136.2 (m), 128.5, 125.9, 110.0 – 109.3 (m), 34.9, 33.6, 19.0, 13.8, -3.34 (dt, J = 14.4, 3.7 Hz), 19 F NMR (565 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ -126.48 – 126.61 (m), -152.97 (t, J = 19.8 Hz), -162.37 (td, J = 22.6, 8.6 Hz), 29 Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.07, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3028, 2955, 2868, 1642, 1517, 1457, 1374, 1283, 1256, 1086, 969, 841, 802, 747, 699. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for [C₁₇H₁₆F₅Si]⁺: 343.0941; found: 343.0945.



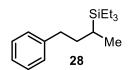
(26) According to procedure B, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (1.3 mL), 4-biphenyldimethylsilyl chloride (300 mg, 1.2 mmol), and [1.43 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide S8 (700 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) then reverse phase chromatography on C18 modified silica (gradient from

acetonitle:water = 80:20 to acetonitrile:water = 90:10) to afford **26** as a clear oil (287 mg, 83%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 7.64 – 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.61 – 7.55 (m, 4H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 2.84 – 2.76 (m, 1H), 2.53 – 2.44 (m, 1H), 1.87 – 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.48 – 1.39 (m, 1H), 1.06 (t, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 3H), 1.00 – 0.92 (m, 1H), 0.31 – 0.27 (m, 6H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.0, 141.7, 141.3, 137.4, 134.6, 128.9, 128.6, 128.4, 127.5, 127.3, 126.5, 125.7, 35.0, 33.9, 19.0, 14.2, -4.5, -4.7, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -0.04, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3062, 3025, 2952, 2863, 1597, 1496, 1485, 1454, 1384, 1250, 1115, 1007, 826, 811, 756, 697. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for [C₂₃H₂₅Si]⁺: 329.1726; found: 329.1731.



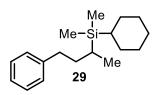
(27) According to procedure B, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Et₂O (1.0 mL), 3-phenoxydimethylsilyl chloride (285 µL, 1.2 mmol), and [1.43 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide **S8** (700 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) then reverse phase chromatography on C18 modified silica (gradient from acetonitle:water = 80:20 to

acetonitrile:water = 90:10) to afford **27** as a clear oil (314 mg, 87%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₂Cl2) δ 7.32 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 3H), 7.18 – 7.13 (m, 2H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.00 – 6.95 (m, 3H), 2.76 (ddd, *J* = 14.9, 10.4, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (ddd, *J* = 13.5, 10.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (dddd, *J* = 13.8, 10.3, 6.6, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.40 (dtd, *J* = 13.6, 10.2, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 1.02 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.96 – 0.87 (m, 1H), 0.25 (s, 3H), 0.24 (s, 3H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₂Cl2) δ 158.2, 157.0, 143.5, 141.7, 130.3, 129.7, 129.6, 128.9, 128.8, 126.1, 125.1, 123.5, 120.0, 118.9, 35.4, 34.4, 19.4, 14.3, -4.5, -4.8, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.34, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3061, 3026, 2952, 2864, 1566, 1489, 1476, 1401, 1226, 1110, 812, 771, 697. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for [C₂₃H₂₅SiO]⁺: 345.1675; found: 345.1685.



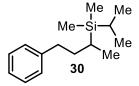
(28) According to procedure C, (DrewPhos)₂PdI₂ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Bu₂O (910 µL), triethylsilyl chloride (340 µL, 2 mmol), and [1.34 M] (4phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide S8 (750 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford 28 as a clear oil (249 mg, 99%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.20 – 7.15 (m,

3H), 2.84 (ddd, J = 14.1, 10.5, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.48 (ddd, J = 13.5, 10.2, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.80 (dddd, J = 13.6, 10.0, 6.6, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 1.50 – 1.41 (m, 1H), 1.04 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 9H), 0.81 (dqd, J = 10.6, 7.4, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 0.54 (q, J = 8.0 Hz, 6H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2, 128.6, 128.4, 125.7, 35.3, 34.3, 16.7, 14.3, 7.8, 2.3, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.21, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3027, 2952, 2909, 2874, 1604, 1496, 1454, 1416, 1238, 1016, 730, 698. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for $[C_{16}H_{27}Si]^+$: 247.1882; found: 247.1884.



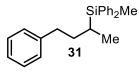
(29) According to procedure C, (DrewPhos)₂Pdl₂ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Bu₂O (880 µL), cyclohexyldimethylsilyl chloride (370 µL, 2 mmol), and [1.34 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide S8 (750 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford 29 as a clear oil (210 mg, 90%): ¹H NMR (600

MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.20 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 2.82 (ddd, J = 14.3, 10.5, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.48 (ddd, J = 13.5, 10.2, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (dddd, J = 13.6, 10.1, 6.6, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 1.74 -1.67 (m, 3H), 1.61 (dd, J = 26.0, 13.0 Hz, 2H), 1.46 – 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.24 – 1.15 (m, 3H), 1.13 – 1.03 (m, 2H), 1.01 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.74 (dqd, J = 10.7, 7.4, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 0.68 (tt, J = 12.7, 3.0 Hz, 1H), -0.11 (s, 3H), -0.12 (s, 3H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.3, 128.6, 128.4, 125.7, 35.2, 34.2, 28.37, 28.36, 27.9, 27.8, 27.2, 24.3, 17.2, 14.2, -6.9, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.66, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3026, 2919, 2847, 1604, 1496, 1446, 1246, 1099, 996, 888, 833, 799, 767, 698. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for $[C_{18}H_{29}Si]^+$: 273.2039; found: 273.2031.



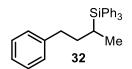
(30) According to procedure C, (DrewPhos)₂PdI₂ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Bu₂O (950 µL), isopropyldimethylsilyl chloride (310 µL, 2 mmol), and [1.34 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide S8 (750 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford 30 as a clear oil (210 mg, 90%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 (t, J = 7.6

Hz, 2H), 7.20 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 2.83 (ddd, J = 14.8, 10.6, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (ddd, J = 13.5, 10.3, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (dddd, J = 13.7, 10.1, 6.6, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 1.41 (ddt, J = 14.0, 10.5, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.02 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.95 – 0.90 (m, 6H), 0.88 – 0.81 (m, 1H), 0.76 (dqd, J = 10.7, 7.4, 3.3 Hz, 1H), -0.10 (s, 3H), -0.11 (s, 3H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2, 128.6, 128.4, 125.7, 35.2, 34.3, 18.0, 17.9, 17.5, 14.2, 12.1, -7.20, -7.23, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3027, 2953, 2864, 1604, 1496, 1454, 1249, 997, 883, 832, 808, 765, 697. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for $[C_{14}H_{23}Si]^+$: 219.1569; found: 219.1559.



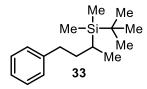
(31) According to procedure C, (DrewPhos)₂PdI₂ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Bu₂O (850 µL), diphenylmethylsilyl chloride (410 µL, 2 mmol), and [1.34 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide S8 (750 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at rt for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford 31

as a clear oil (315 mg, 95%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₂Cl2) δ 7.50 – 7.47 (m, 4H), 7.39 – 7.31 (m, 6H), 7.24 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.80 (ddd, J = 14.1, 9.9, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (ddd, J = 13.5, 9.5, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.91 – 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.51 – 1.43 (m, 1H), 1.41 - 1.33 (m, 1H), 1.09 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.53 (s, 3H), ${}^{13}C$ NMR (151 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 143.4, 137.4, 137.2, 135.40, 135.37, 129.7, 129.6, 129.1, 128.8, 128.37, 128.35, 126.2, 35.4, 34.5, 17.8, 14.5, -6.2, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -4.7, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3068, 2953, 2856, 1603, 1495, 1427, 1251, 1110, 788, 737, 698, 476. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for [C₂₂H₂₃Si]⁺: 315.1569; found: 315.1579.



(32) According to procedure D, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Bu₂O (1.25 mL), triphenylsilyl chloride (590 mg, 2 mmol), and [1.34 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide **S8** (750 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at 50 °C for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes:DCM

100:0 to hexanes: DCM 90:10) to afford **32** as a viscous clear oil (267 mg, 68%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₂Cl2) δ 7.50 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 6H), 7.42 – 7.37 (m, 3H), 7.37 – 7.31 (m, 6H), 7.26 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.86 (ddd, *J* = 13.8, 9.3, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (dt, *J* = 13.5, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.09 – 2.02 (m, 1H), 1.75 – 1.68 (m, 1H), 1.52 – 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.21 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2, 136.5, 135.2, 129.9, 129.2, 128.8, 128.4, 126.3, 35.3, 34.7, 16.7, 14.8, ²⁹Si NMR (119 MHz, CD₂Cl2) δ -8.7, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3067, 3024, 2935, 2856, 1602, 1495, 1428, 1189, 1108, 998, 741, 698, 575, 510. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for [C₂₂H₂₃Si]⁺: 315.1569; found: 315.1578.



(33) According to procedure D, $(DrewPhos)_2PdI_2$ (16 mg, 10 µmol), Bu₂O (1.25 mL), *tert*-butyldimethylsilyl chloride (300 mg, 2 mmol), and [1.34 M] (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide **S8** (750 µL, 1.0 mmol) were combined under N₂ and stirred at 100 °C for 24 h. After workup, crude product was purified via silica gel flash chromatography (hexanes) to afford **33** as a clear oil (74 mg, 30%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz,

CD₂Cl2) δ 7.26 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.20 – 7.14 (m, 3H), 2.83 (ddd, *J* = 13.7, 10.5, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.48 (ddd, *J* = 13.4, 10.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.85 (dddd, *J* = 13.5, 10.2, 6.6, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 1.48 – 1.39 (m, 1H), 1.07 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.85 (ddq, *J* = 15.0, 7.5, 4.5, 3.6 Hz, 1H), -0.070 (s, 3H), -0.075 (s, 3H), 13 C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2, 128.6, 128.4, 125.7, 35.2, 35.0, 27.6, 17.6, 17.4, 15.2, -7.0, 29 Si NMR (119 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.7, FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3027, 2928, 2856, 1604, 1470, 1250, 828, 765, 697. HRMS (CI) m/z, calcd for [C₁₅H₂₅Si]⁺: 233.1726; found: 233.1722.

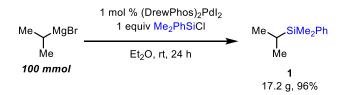
6. Scale Up and Catalyst Recovery:

Grignard Synthesis:

$$\begin{array}{c} Me \xrightarrow{Br} & \underbrace{1.2 \text{ equiv Mg}}_{\text{Me}} & \underbrace{Me} \xrightarrow{MgBr}_{\text{Me}} \\ \hline \\ Et_2O, 0 \text{ °C} & Me \\ \hline \\ \end{array}$$

An oven dried 200 mL round bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stirbar and rubber septum was attached to a double manifold and cooled under vacuum. The flask was backfilled with N₂, the septum removed, magnesium turnings (5.8 g, 240 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and two chips of I₂ (~50–70 mg) were added. The septum was replaced; the flask was attached to a double manifold and purged with N₂ for 10 min. The flask was held under positive N₂ then Et₂O (67 mL, [3 M]) was added. The solution was stirred until clarity was reached (disappearance of brown I₂ color). An initial amount of isopropyl bromide (1.5 mL) was added to start the reaction as evidenced by a minor exotherm. If reaction does not initiate, gentle warming (for example with a heating mantle) may be necessary. Once initiated, the flask was cooled to 0 °C in an ice/water bath and the remaining isopropyl bromide was added dropwise over 30 minutes for a total addition of 18.8 mL (24.6 g, 200 mmol, 1 equiv). After full addition of isopropyl bromide, the flask was allowed to stir at rt for an additional 2 h. The excess magnesium was allowed to settle and the mixture was filtered via cannula to a Schlenk tube. If insoluble particles persist, filtration through a 0.2 µm PTFE syringe filter may be employed. Titrated according to the literature procedure by Knochel⁶ resulted in a [2.14 M] solution.

SilyI-Kumada Reaction:



An oven dried 500 mL Schlenk flask equipped with a magnetic stirbar and rubber septum was attached to a double manifold and cooled under vacuum. The flask was backfilled with N_2 , the rubber septum was removed, and (DrewPhos)₂PdI₂ (1.558 g, 1 mmol, 0.01 equiv) was added. The septum was replaced and the flask purged with N₂ for 15 minutes. Et₂O (136 mL), silvl chloride (17.9 g, 17.6 mL, 105 mmol, 1 equiv), and [2.12 M] isopropylmagnesium bromide (47.2 mL, 100 mmol, 1 equiv) were added sequentially via syringe. The solution was then stirred at rt for 24 h. The flask was then placed in a room temperature water bath. The septum was removed and EtOAc (20 mL) was added followed by a slow addition of water. (Note: Water quenching results in an exotherm.) Water was added until the salts formed were completely solubilized. The mixture was then poured into a separatory funnel and washed with 100 mL brine. The aqueous layer was back extracted with 75 mL EtOAc. The combined organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and the solvent removed *in vacuo*. EtOH (50 mL) was then added and thoroughly swirled to ensure even mixing. This flask was then placed in a -20 °C freezer for 24 h. Red solid precipitated from the solution and was then collected via suction filtration, rinsing with EtOH as necessary. This yielded 1.12 g of $(DrewPhos)_2PdX_2$ (X = I:Br:Cl 88:11:1) as determined by ³¹P NMR. The filtrate was then concentrated in vacuo then distilled at 10 mm Hg / 79 °C to afford 1 as a clear oil (17.2 g, 96%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.38 – 7.33 (m, 3H), 0.98 - 0.95 (m, 7H), 0.25 (s, 6H).

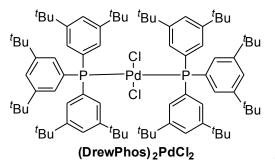
Activity of Recovered Catalyst Mixture:

Note: The recovered catalyst from the scale up reaction was obtained as a mixture of palladium halide salts (as determined by ³¹P NMR), with the iodo-complex being the predominant constituent. The fact that this mixed halide catalyst has similar reactivity to the pure iodo-complex was established using the following study:

In a nitrogen filled glovebox, a 1-dram vial equipped with a magnetic stirbar was charged with $(DrewPhos)_2PdX_2$ (88:11:1, I:Br:Cl) (4 mg, 2.5 µmol, 0.01 equiv), Et₂O (340 µL), and dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (50 µL, 51 mg, 300 µmol, 1.2 equiv). Vial was then sealed with a septum cap and removed from GB. Isopropylmagnesium bromide [2.29 M] (109 µL, 250 µmol, 1 equiv) was then added via syringe and the vial was then stirred at rt for 24 h. The reaction was quenched with Et₂O (1 mL) then H₂O (0.5 mL) via syringe. *n*-Nonane (32 mg, 45 µL, 0.25 mmol, 1 equiv) and 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (TMB) (14 mg, 0.25 mmol, 0.33 equiv) were added as GC internal standards. Brine (1 mL) and Et₂O (1 mL) were then added and the vials shaken. An aliquot was then filtered through a MgSO₄ and silica plug. The solution was directly analyzed by GC. These results are similar to other test scale reactions using pure (DrewPhos)₂PdI₂.

7. All Chloride Experiments:

Synthesis of Chloride Reagents:



(DrewPhos)₂PdCl₂: A 100 mL round bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stirbar was charged with bis(acetonitrile)dichloropalladium(II) (259 mg, 1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and DrewPhos (1.2 g, 2 mmol, 2.0 equiv). The flask was sealed with a rubber septum and purged 10 min with N₂. CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) was added via syringe and the solution was stirred for 6 hours at rt. The solvent was then removed *in vacuo*. EtOAc (15 mL) was added and the flask sat overnight at rt. The solid was collected via vacuum filtration and rinsing with EtOH resulted in a stable,

yellow solid (905 mg, 66% yield): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 – 7.48 (m, 12H), 7.38 (s, 6H), 1.19 (s, 108H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.69 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz), 130.41 (t, *J* = 23.9 Hz), 129.87 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz), 123.83, 35.01, 31.54,³¹P NMR (243 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 26.82; FTIR (cm⁻¹): 2963, 2903, 2868, 1590, 1477, 1421, 1363, 1266, 1249, 1138, 731, 705, 586; mp = >250 °C. HRMS (LIFDI) m/z, calcd for [C₈₄H₁₂₆P₂PdCl₂]⁺:1372.7747; found: 1372.7599.

Me Me **S3** An oven-dried 25 mL round-bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stirbar and rubber septum was attached to a double manifold and cooled under vacuum. The flask was backfilled with N₂, the septum removed, magnesium turnings (1.1 g, 45 mmol, 1.5 equiv) were added. The septum was replaced; the flask was attached to a double manifold and purged with N₂ for 10 min. The flask was held under

positive N₂ then Et₂O (10 mL, [3 M]) was added. An initial amount of alkyl halide (~200–400 μ L) was added and the reaction to start the reaction as evidenced by a minor exotherm. If reaction does not initiate, gentle warming (for example with a heating mantle) may be necessary. Once initiated, the flask was placed in a rt water bath and the remaining alkyl halide (2.74 mL, 2.36 g, 30 mmol, 1 equiv, total addition amount) was added dropwise over ~30 min. After full addition of the alkyl halide, the mixture was allowed to stir at rt for an additional 4 h. The excess magnesium was allowed to settle and the mixture was filtered via cannula to a Schlenk tube. Titration resulted in a [2.65 M] solution of isopropylmagnesium chloride. **Note:** In this preparation, I₂ was not used to activate the magnesium turnings.

All Chloride Reactions:

In a nitrogen filled glovebox, a 1-dram vial equipped with a magnetic stirbar was charged with $(\text{DrewPhos})_2\text{PdCl}_2$ (3.4 mg, 2.5 µmol, 0.01 equiv), Et₂O (350 µL) or Bu₂O (350 µL), and dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (50 µL, 51 mg, 300 µmol, 1.2 equiv). Vial was then sealed with a septum cap and removed from the glovebox. Isopropylmagnesium chloride [2.65 M] (94 µL, 250 µmol, 1 equiv) was then added via syringe and the vial was then stirred at the indicated temperature for 24 h. The reaction was quenched with Et₂O (1 mL) then H₂O (0.5 mL) via syringe. *n*-Nonane (32 mg, 45 µL, 0.25 mmol, 1 equiv) and 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (TMB) (14 mg, 0.25 mmol, 0.33 equiv) were added as GC internal standards. Brine (1 mL) and Et₂O (1 mL) were then added and the vials shaken. An aliquot was then filtered through a MgSO₄ and silica plug. The solution was directly analyzed by GC.

Table S1. All Chloride Conditions

M	e <mark>↓ MgCl</mark>	+ Me₂Ph		1 mol % (DrewPhos) ₂ PdCl ₂	Me SiMe ₂ Ph		
	l Me			solvent, X °C, 24 h	l Me		
					1		
-	Entry	Solvent	Temp	Additive	Yield (%) ^a		
	1	Et ₂ O	rt		6		
	2	Bu ₂ O	50 °C		70		
	3	Et ₂ O	rt	0.25 equiv TMEDA	52		
^a Yields determined by GC. All reactions gave >99:1 B:L selectivity by GC.							

8. Additional Optimization Data:

Note: All reactions in this section were performed on 0.25 mmol in a nitrogen-filled glovebox with a [0.5 M] overall concentration based on the sum of all liquid reagents.

Examination of Stoichiometry:

In a nitrogen filled glovebox, a 1-dram vial equipped with a magnetic stirbar was charged with $(\text{DrewPhos})_2\text{PdI}_2$ (4 mg, 2.5 µmol, 0.01 equiv), Et₂O (330 µL), and dimethylphenylsilyl chloride (52 µL, 53 mg, 313 µmol, 1.25 equiv, or 46 µL, 47 mg, 275 µmol, 1.1 equiv, or 42 µL, 43 mg, 250 µmol, 1 equiv). Vial was then sealed with a septum cap and removed from the glovebox. Isopropylmagnesium bromide [2.13 M] (117 µL, 250 µmol, 1 equiv, or 129 µL, 275 µL, 1.1 equiv, or 147 µL, 313 µmol, 1.25 equiv) was then added via syringe and the vial was then stirred at rt for the indicated time. The reaction was quenched with Et₂O (1 mL) then H₂O (0.5 mL) via syringe. *n*-Nonane (32 mg, 45 µL, 0.25 mmol, 1 equiv) and 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (TMB) (14 mg, 0.25 mmol, 0.33 equiv) were added as GC internal standards. Brine (1 mL) and Et₂O (1 mL) were then added and the vials shaken. An aliquot was then filtered through a MgSO₄ and Silica plug. The solution was directly analyzed by GC.

Table S2. Effect of Stoichiometry

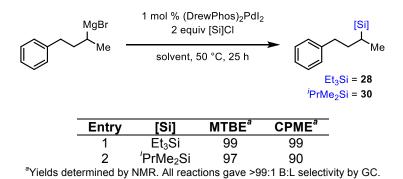
Me MgB	×	% (DrewPhos) equiv <mark>Me₂PhS</mark> i		MeSiMe ₂ Ph	
l Me		Et ₂ O, rt, X h		l Me	
				1	
Entry	Mg:Si	4 h (%) ^a	8 h (%) ^a	24 h (%) ^a	
1	1:1.25	99	99	99	
2	1:1.1	78	96	99	
3	1:1	73	90	97	
4	1.1:1	74	88	93	
5	1.25:1	71	86	93	

^aYields determined by GC. All reactions gave >99:1 B:L selectivity by GC.

Examination of Ethereal Solvents:

In a nitrogen filled glovebox, a 1-dram vial equipped with a magnetic stirbar was charged with $(\text{DrewPhos})_2\text{PdI}_2$ (4 mg, 2.5 µmol, 0.01 equiv), MTBE or CPME (280 µL), and triethylsilyl chloride (84 µL, 75 mg, 500 µmol, 2 equiv) or iso-propyldimethylsilyl chloride (78 µL, 68 mg, 500 µmol, 2 equiv). Vial was then sealed with a septum cap and removed from the glovebox. (4-phenylbutan-2-yl)magnesium bromide [1.78 M] (140 µL, 250 µmol, 1 equiv) was then added via syringe and the vial was then stirred at 50 °C for the indicated time. The reaction was quenched with Et₂O (1 mL) then H₂O (0.5 mL) via syringe. *n*-Nonane (32 mg, 45 µL, 0.25 mmol, 1 equiv) and 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (TMB) (14 mg, 0.25 mmol, 0.33 equiv) were added as GC and NMR internal standards. Brine (1 mL) and Et₂O (1 mL) were then added and the vials shaken. An aliquot was then filtered through a MgSO₄ and Silica plug. The solution was directly analyzed by GC then concentrated in vacuo and analyzed by NMR.

Table S3. Examination of Ethereal Solvents

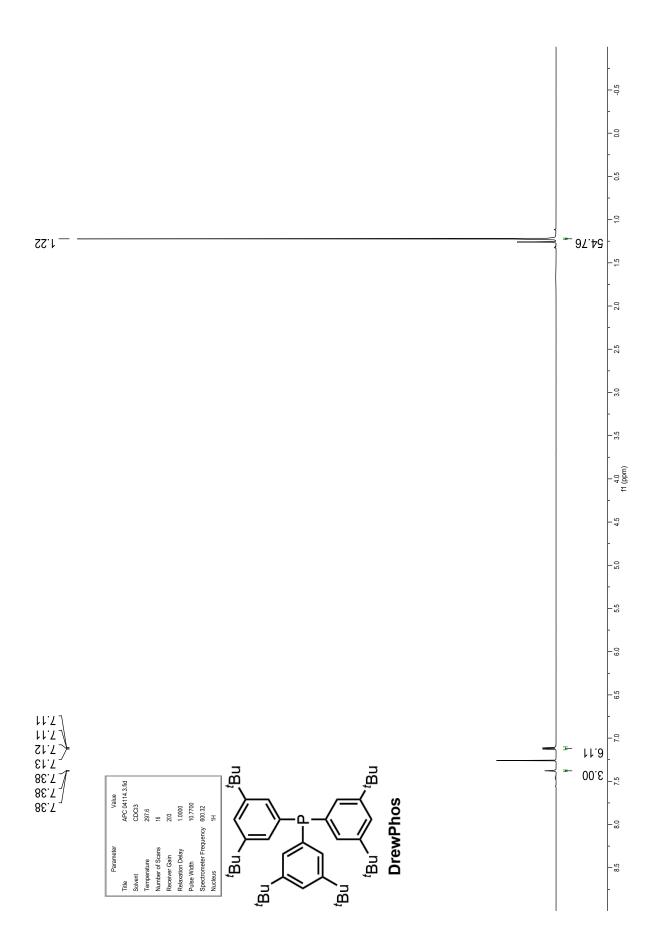


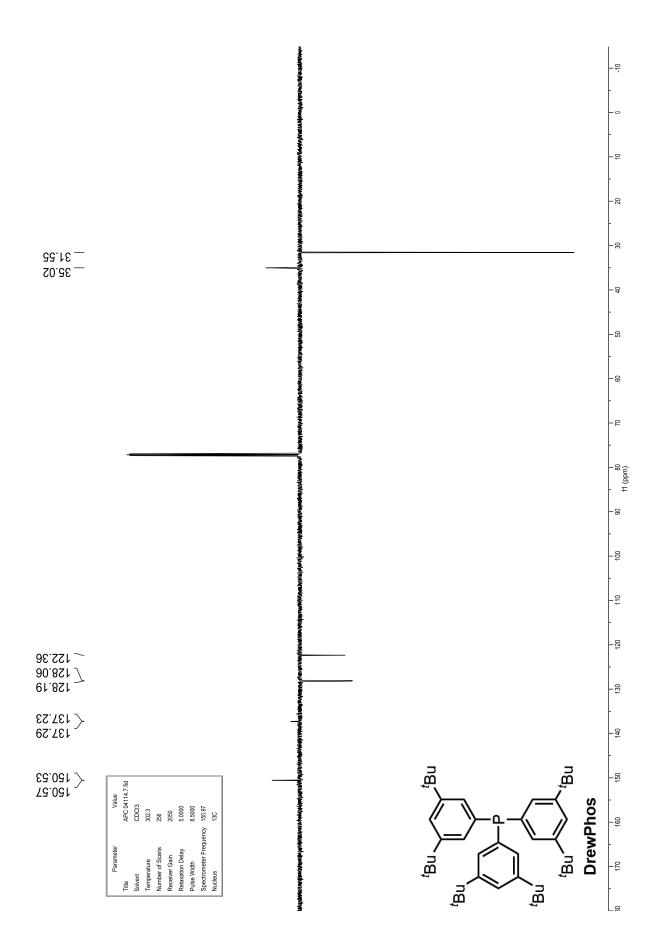
S20

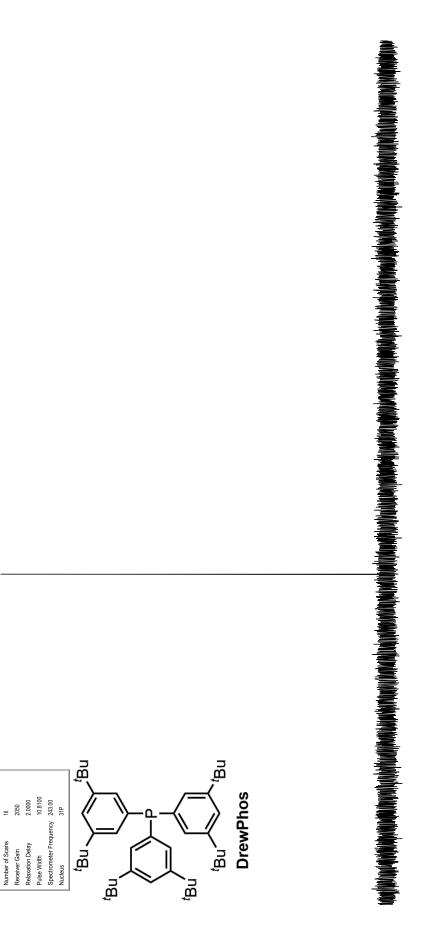
9. References:

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10. Spectral Data:







-190 -200 -210 -220 -230 -240

-60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -170 -180

-40 -50 f1 (ppm)

-10 -20 -30

-8

-6

120 110

130

140



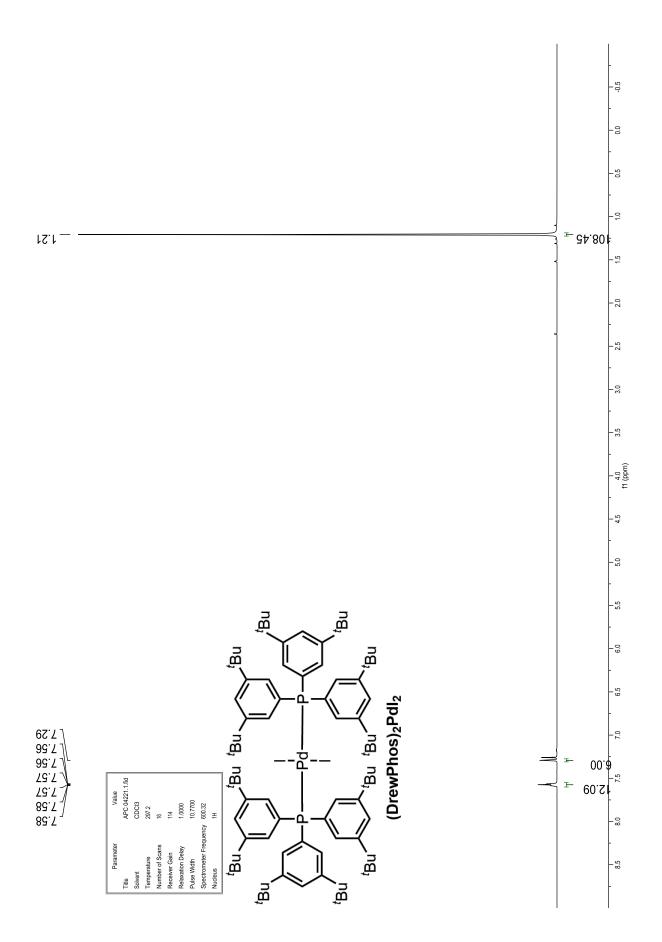
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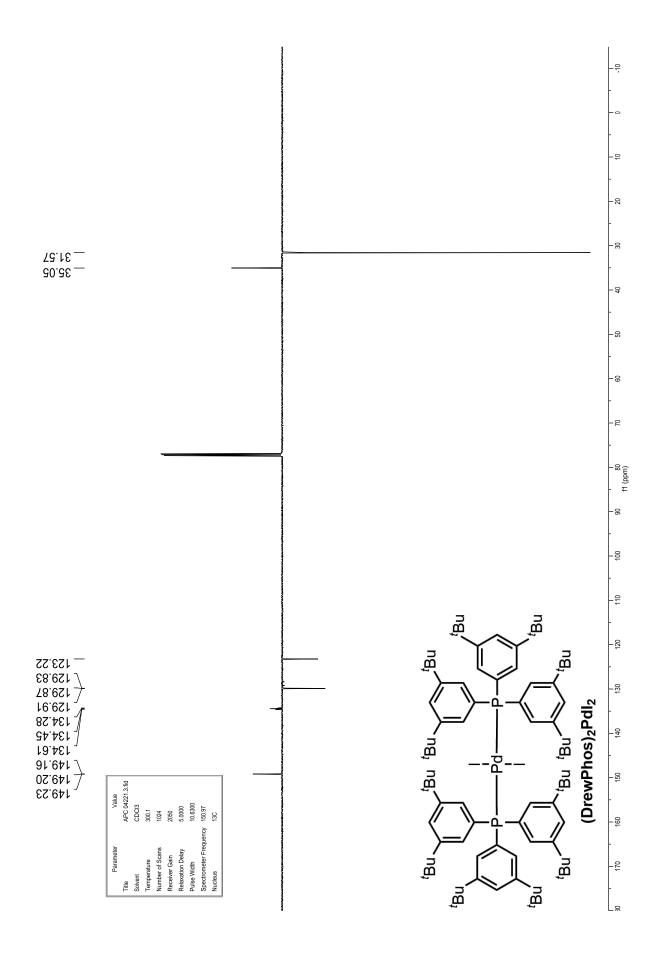
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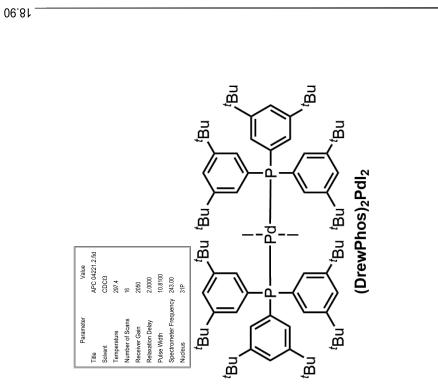
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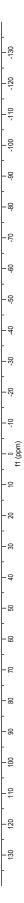
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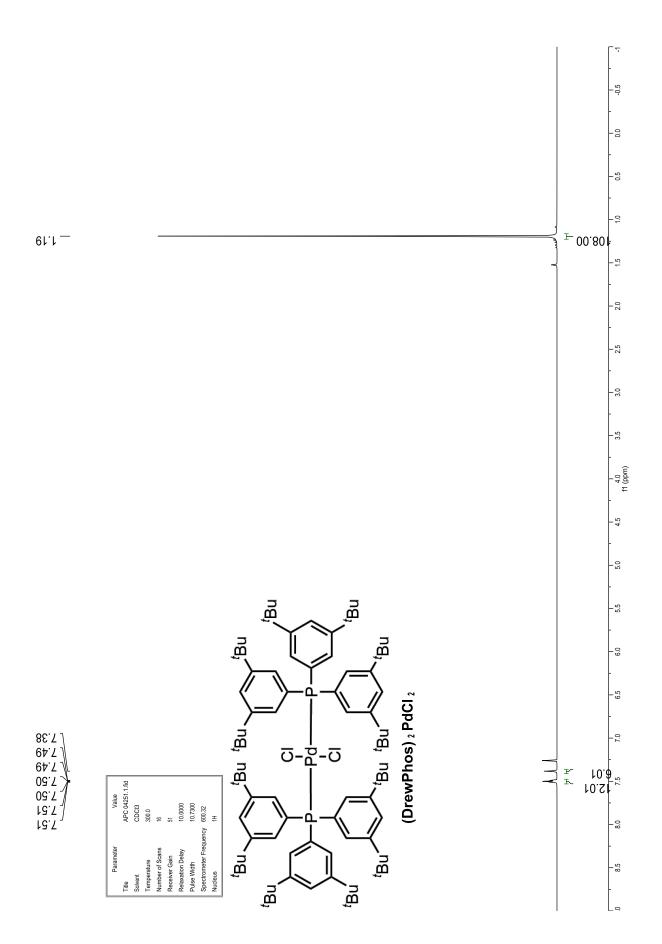
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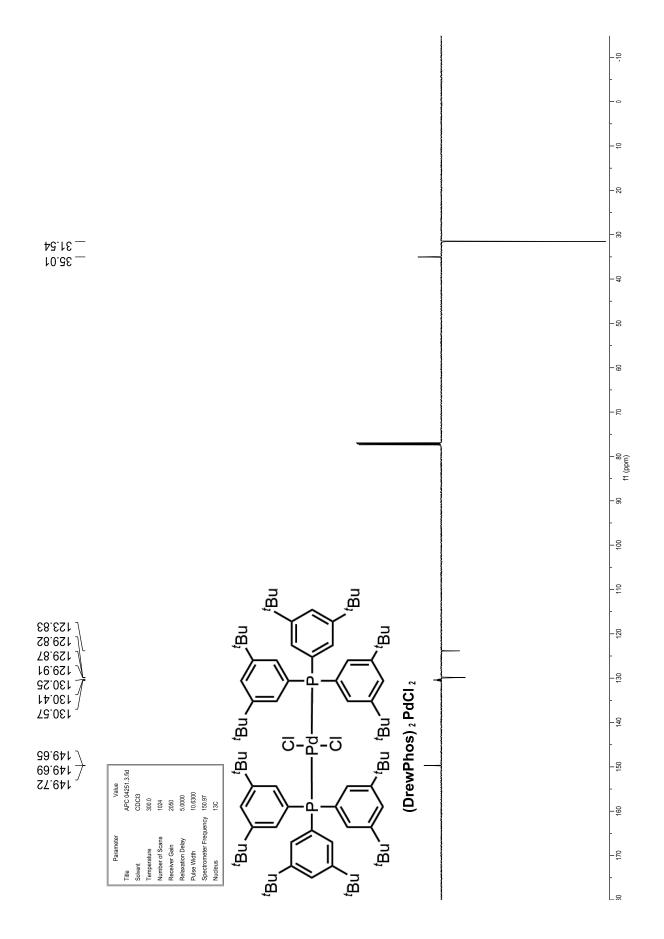


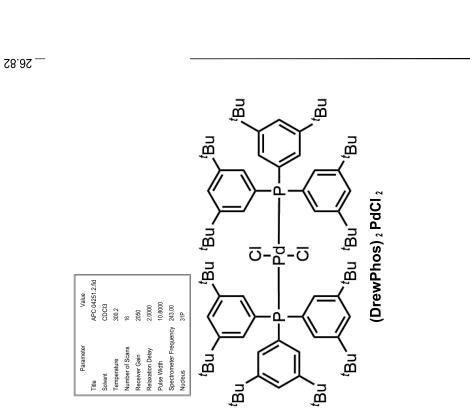


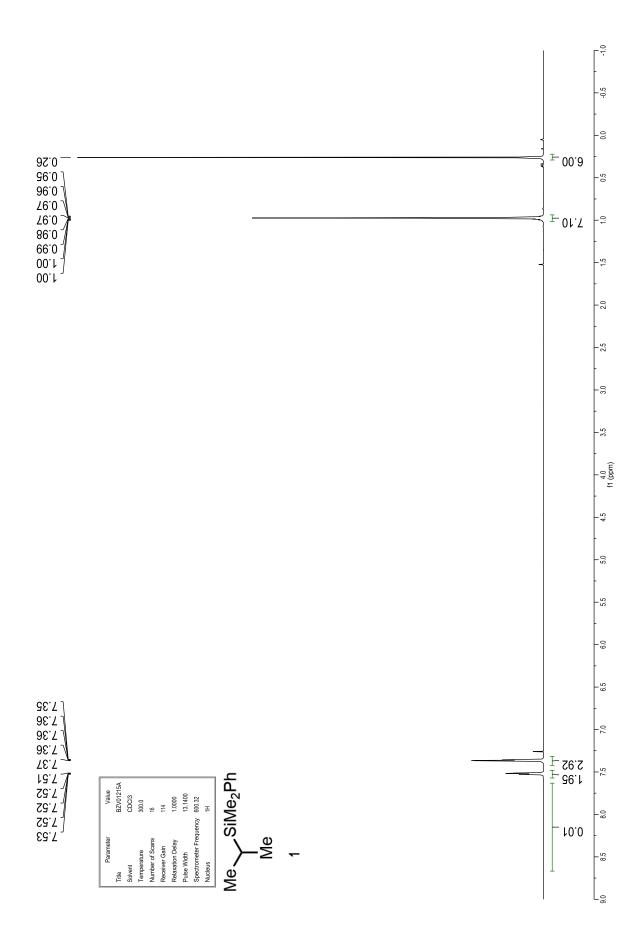


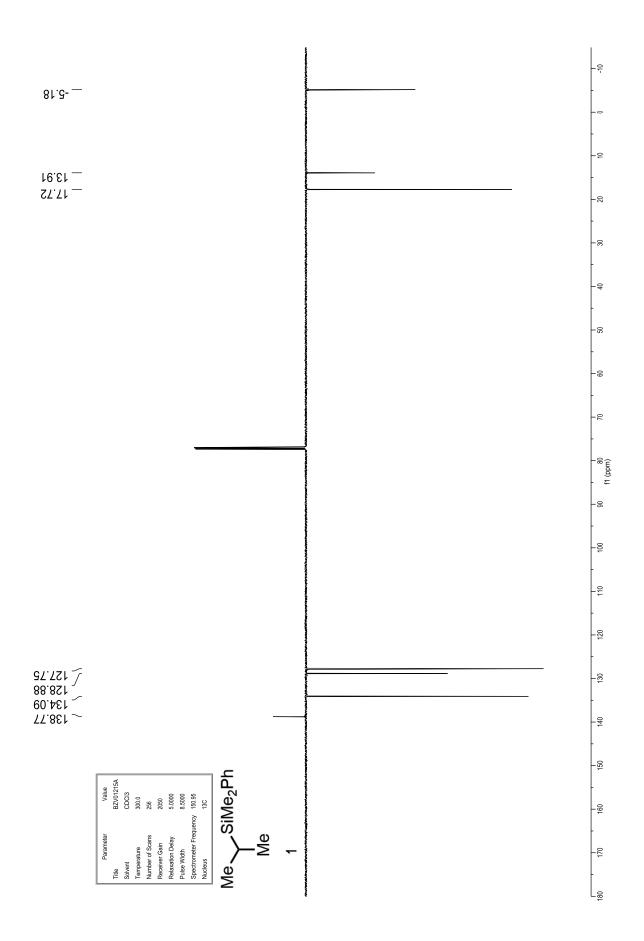


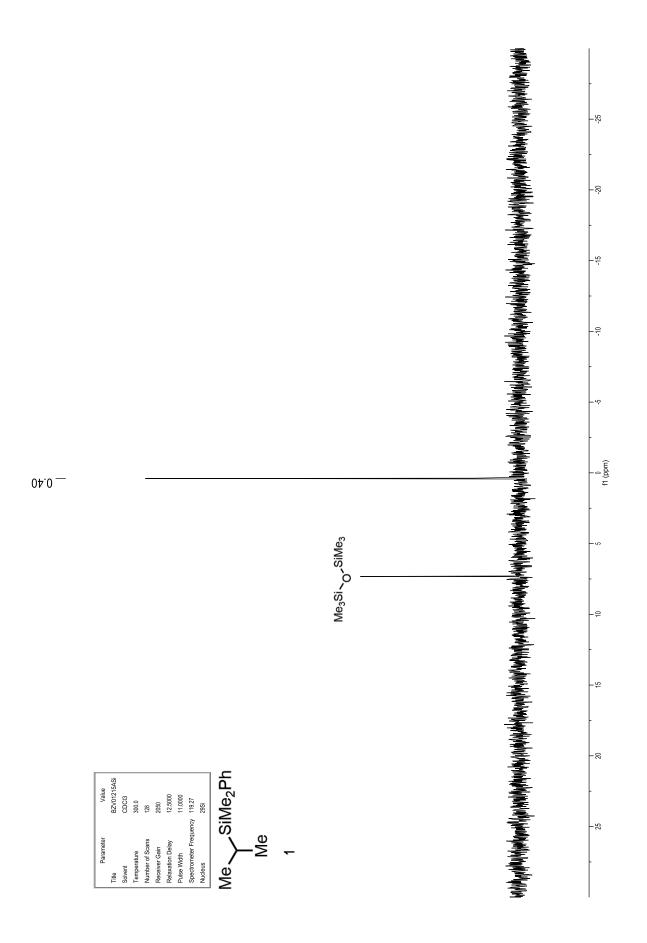


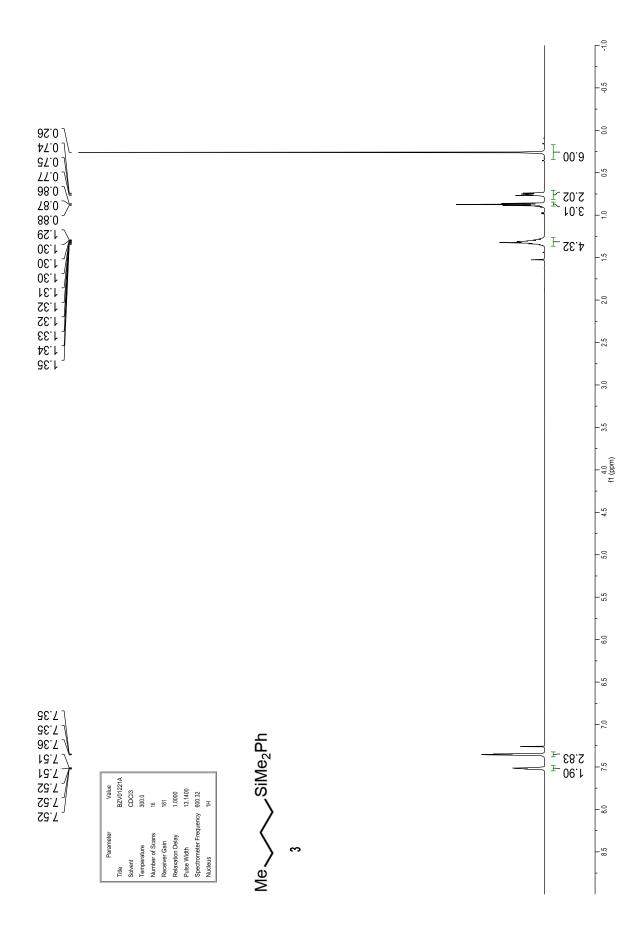


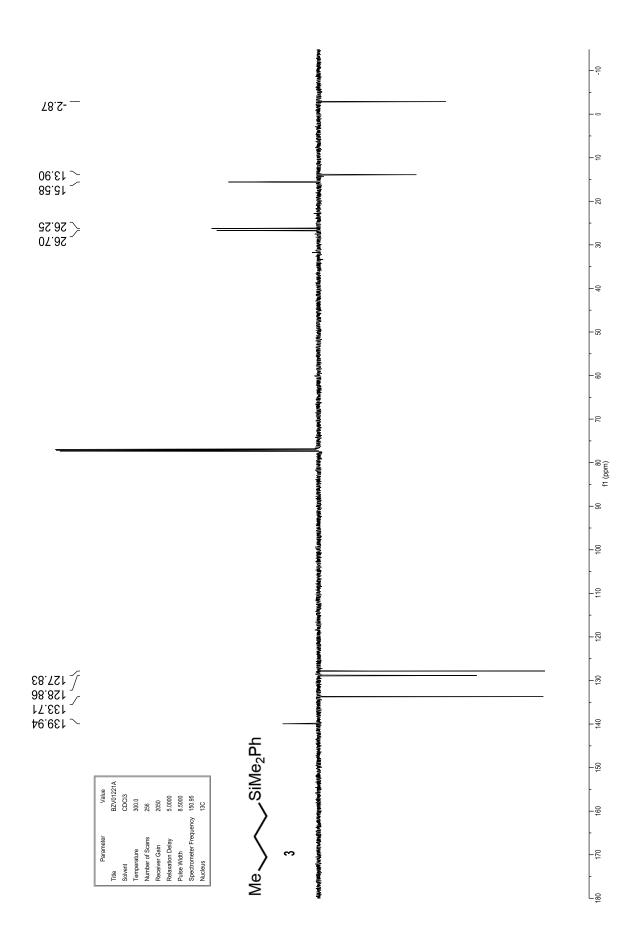


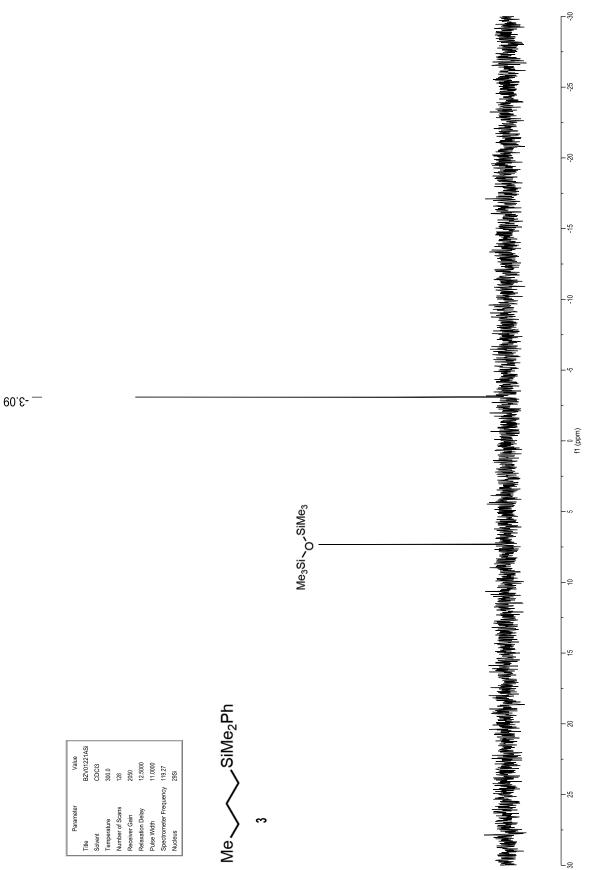


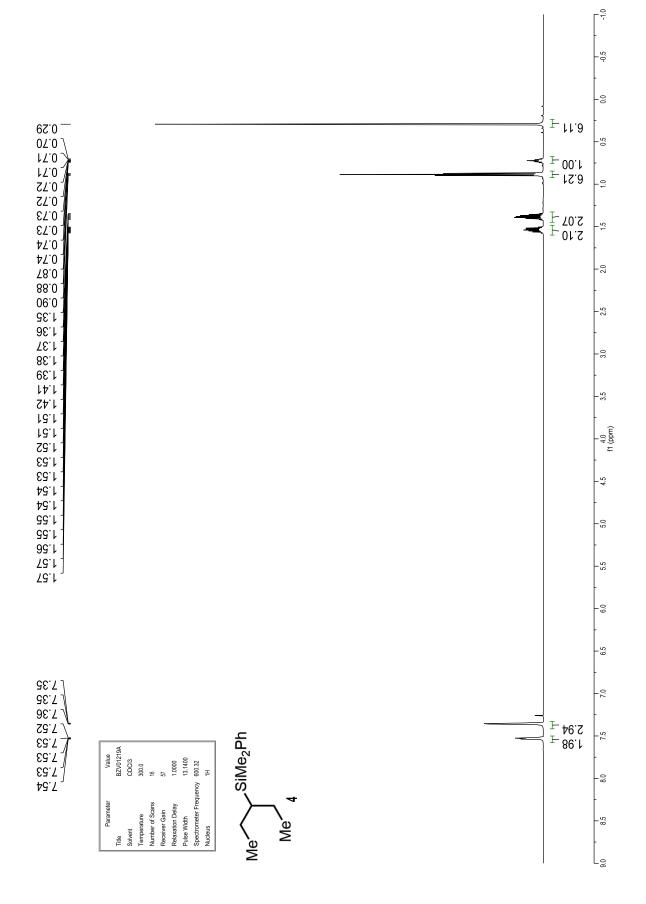


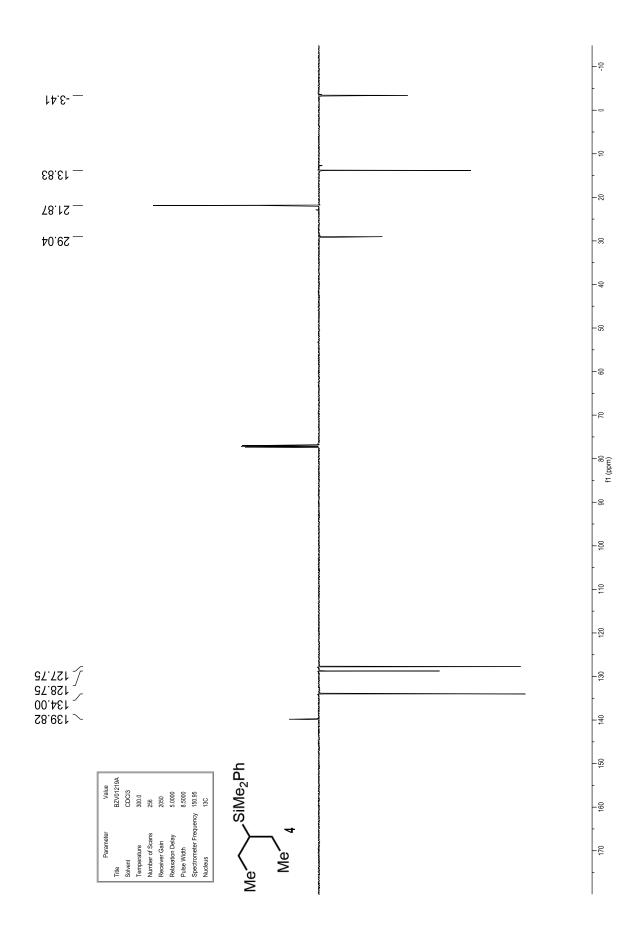


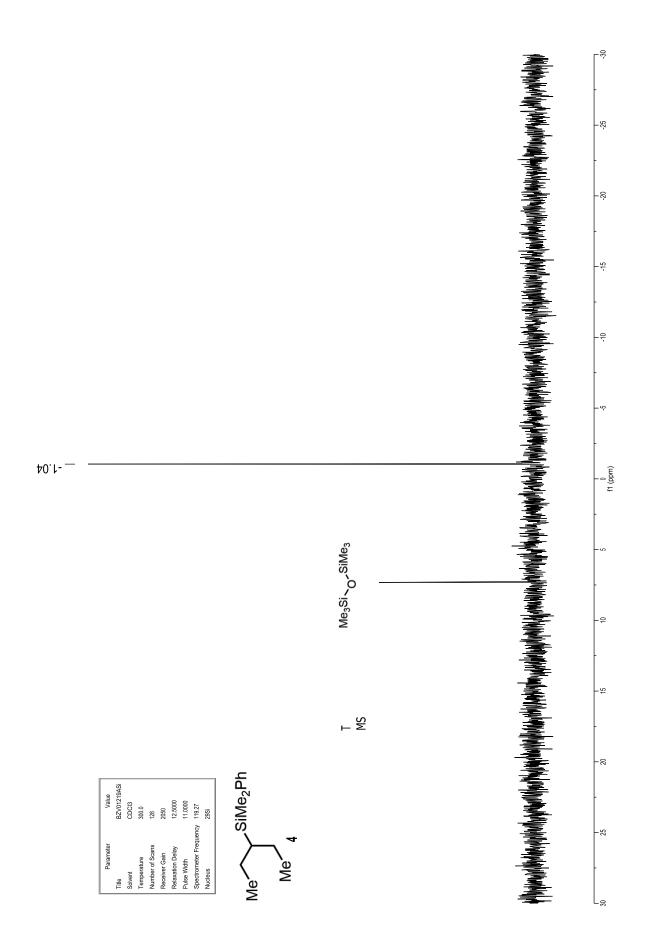


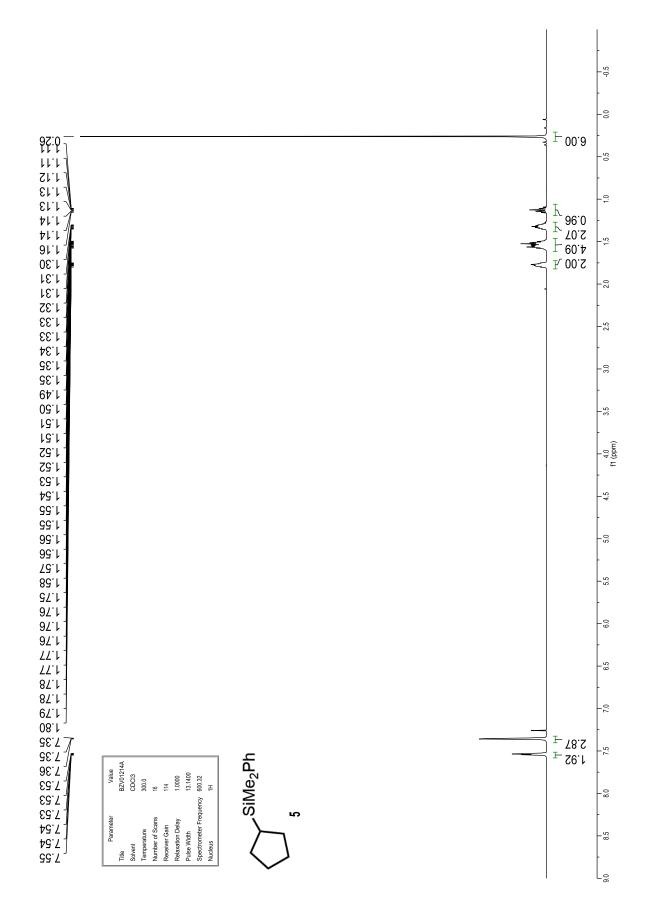


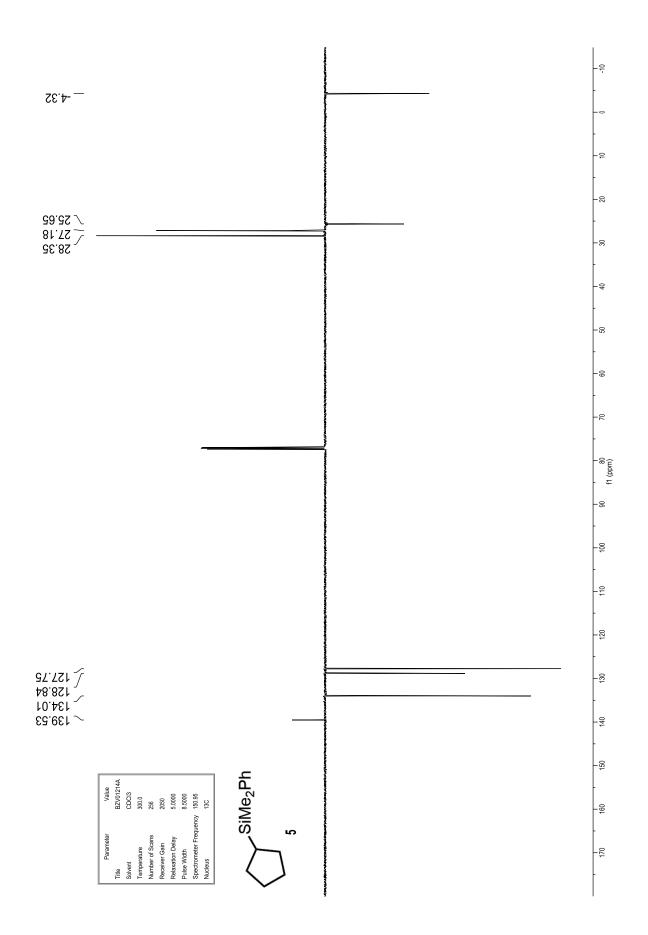


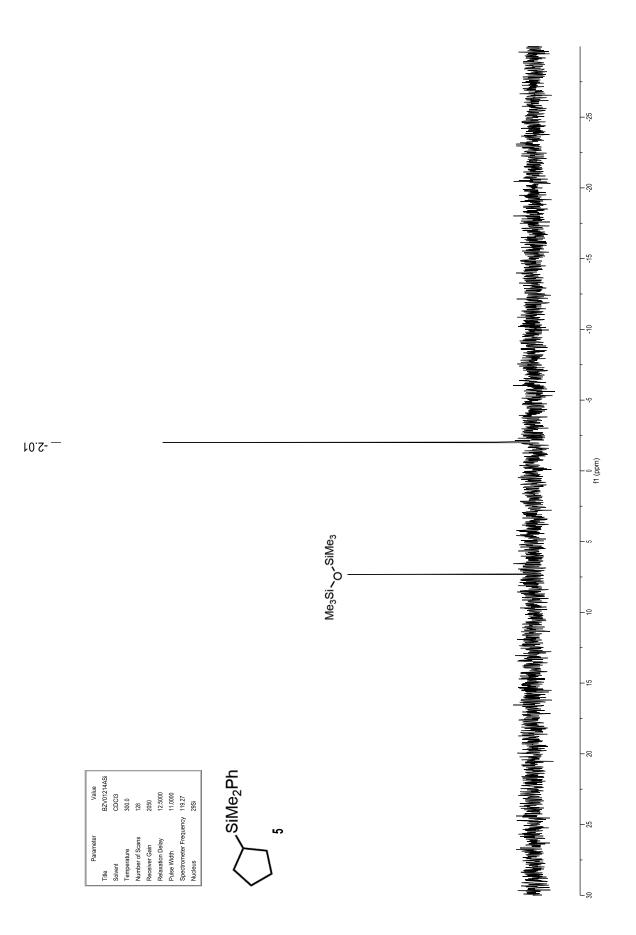


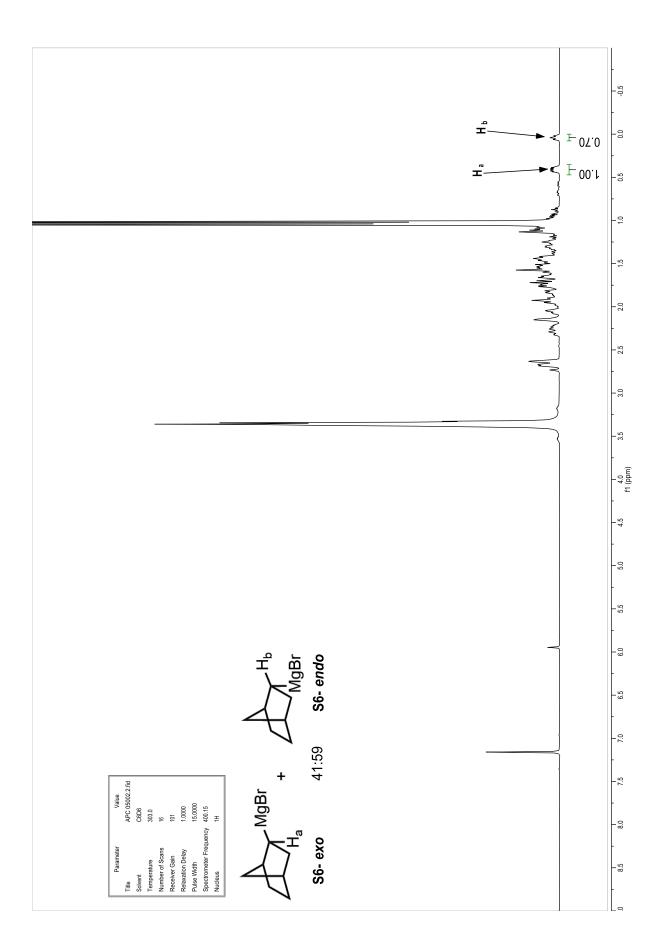


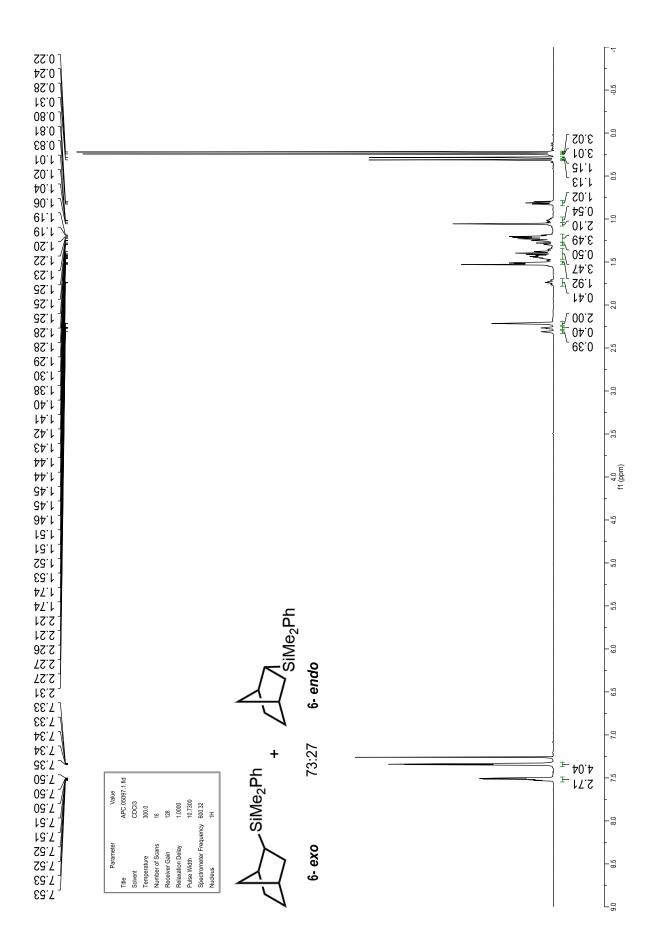


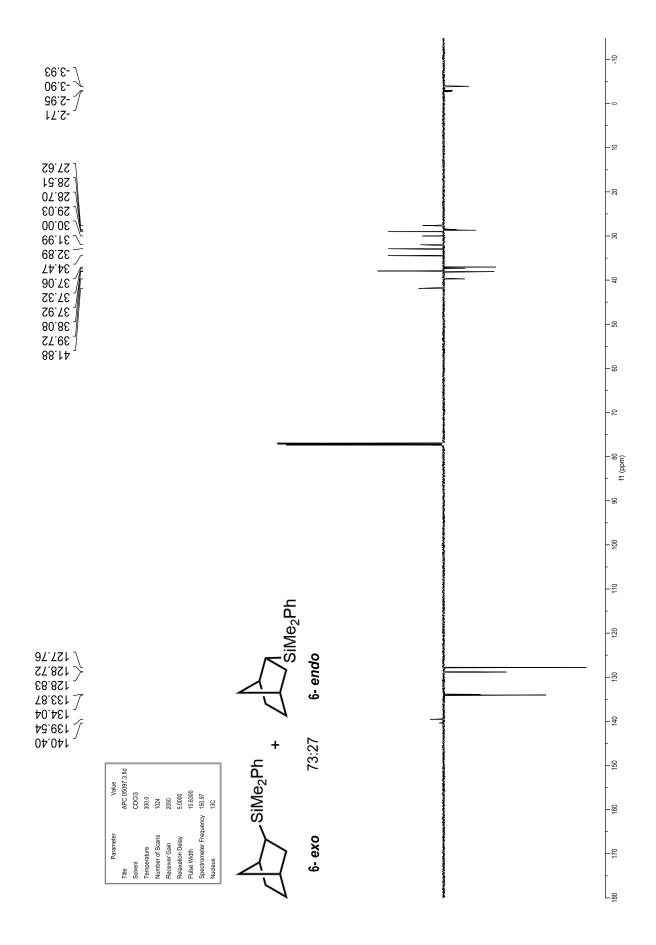


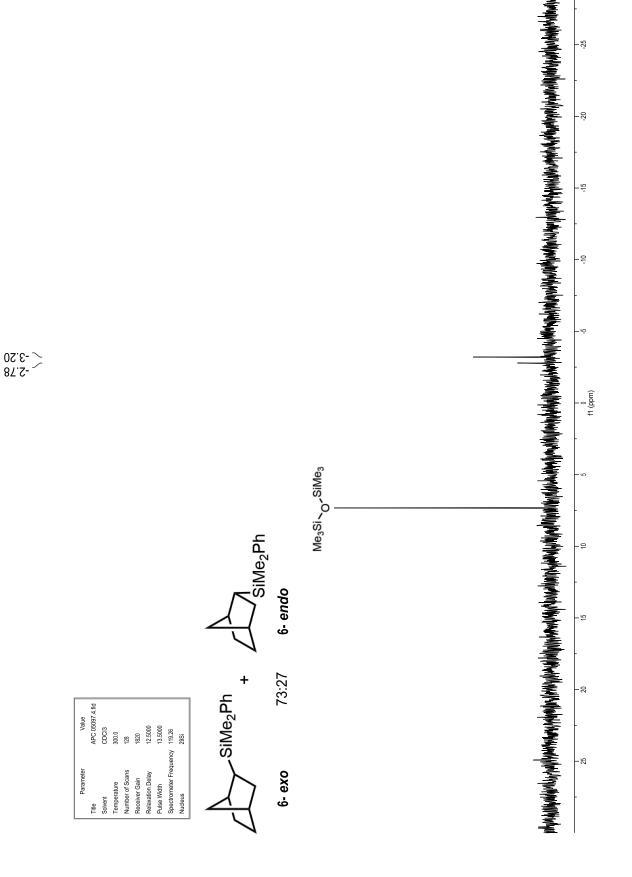


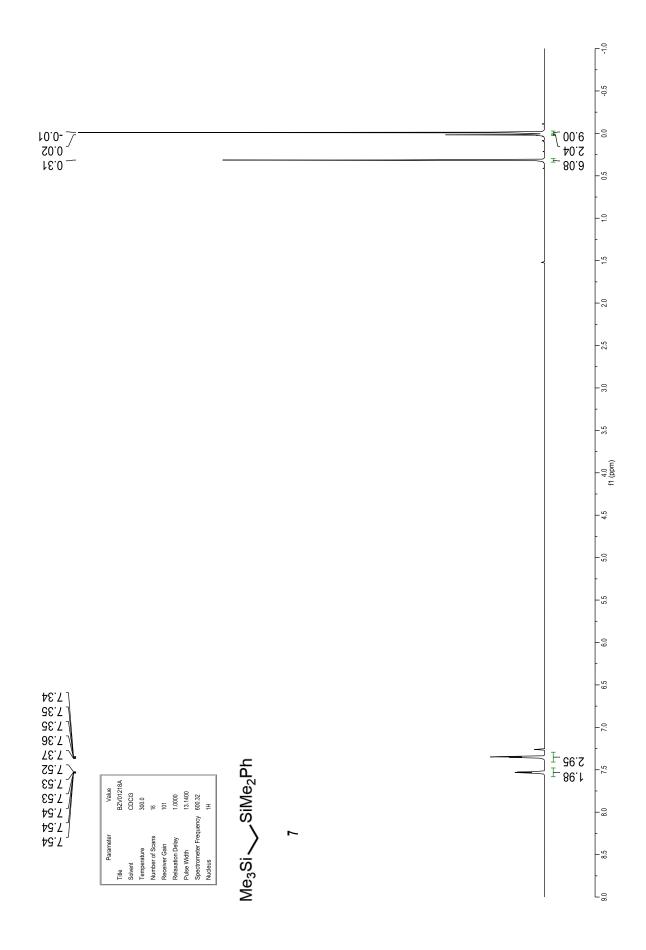


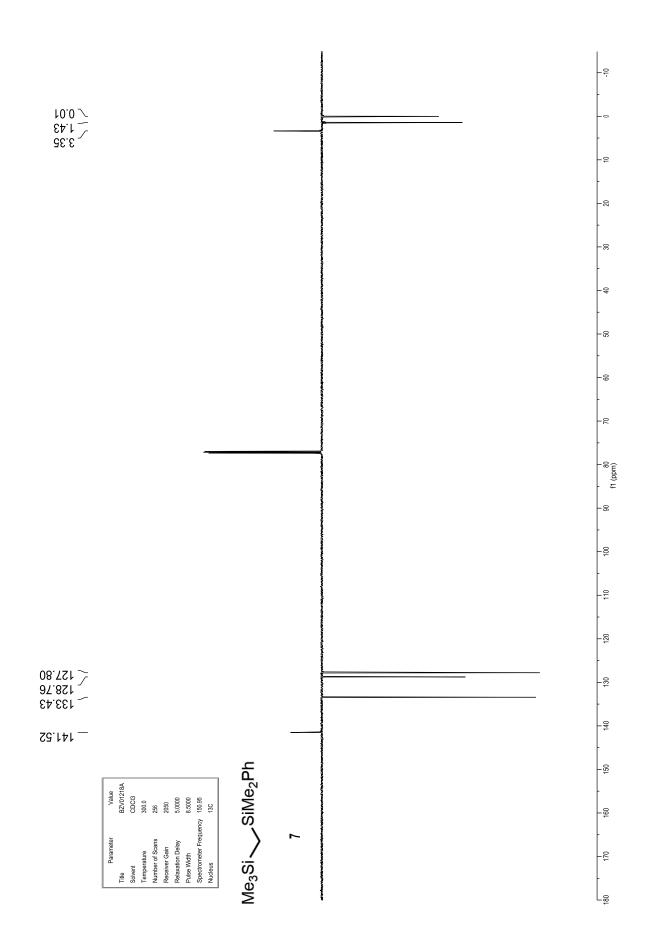


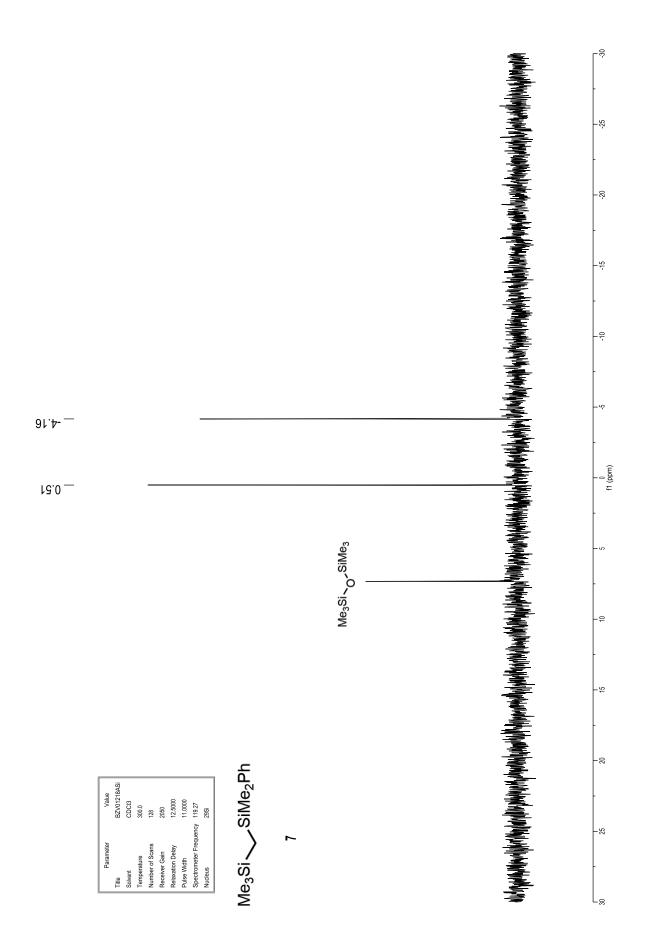


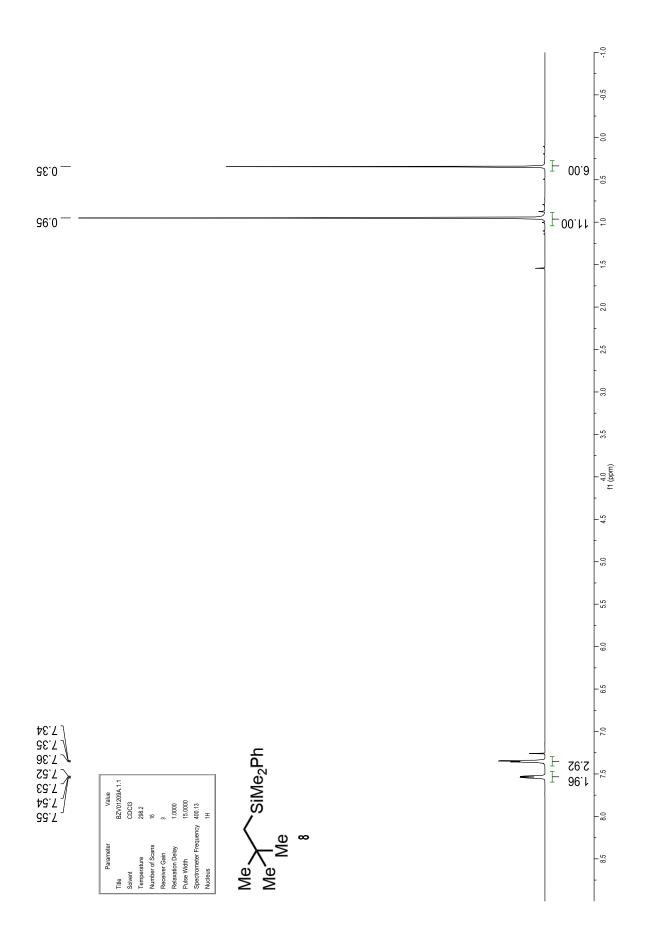


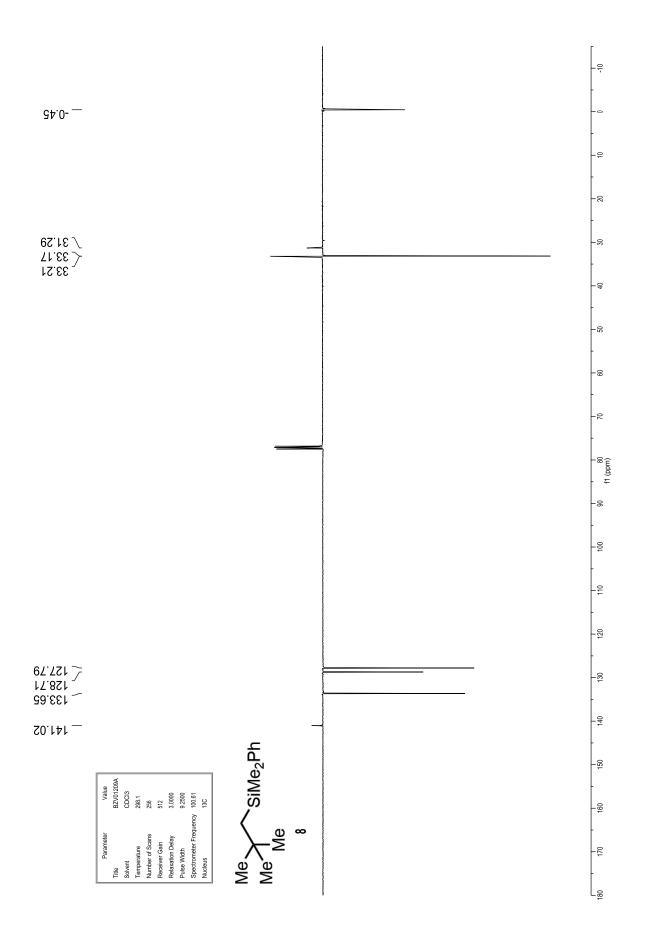


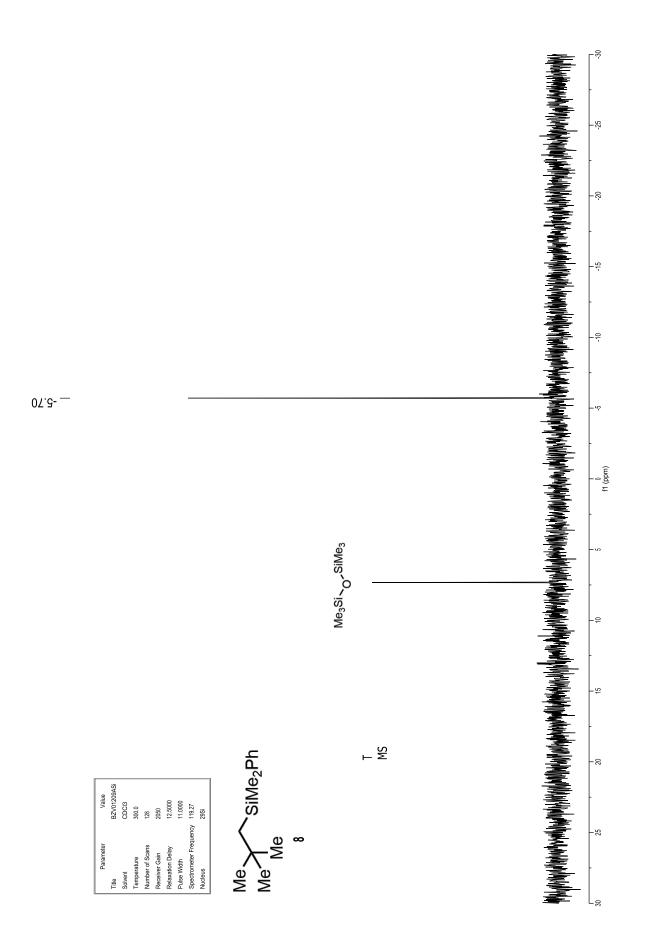


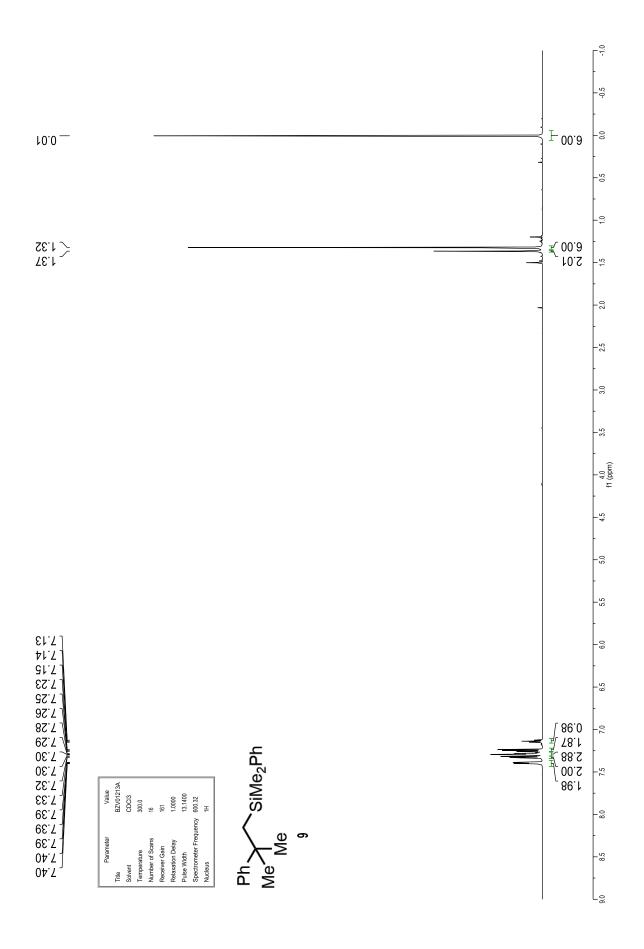


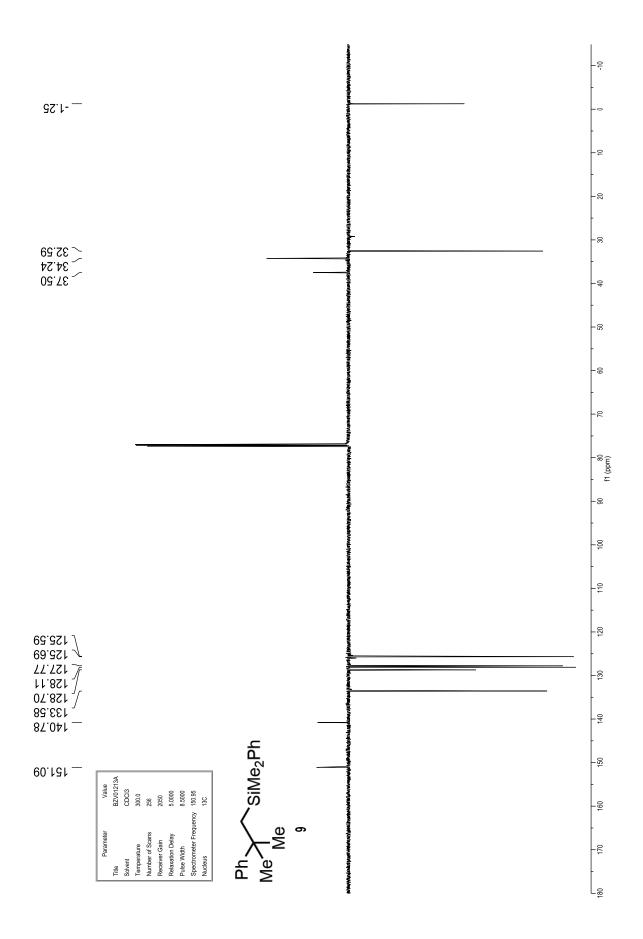


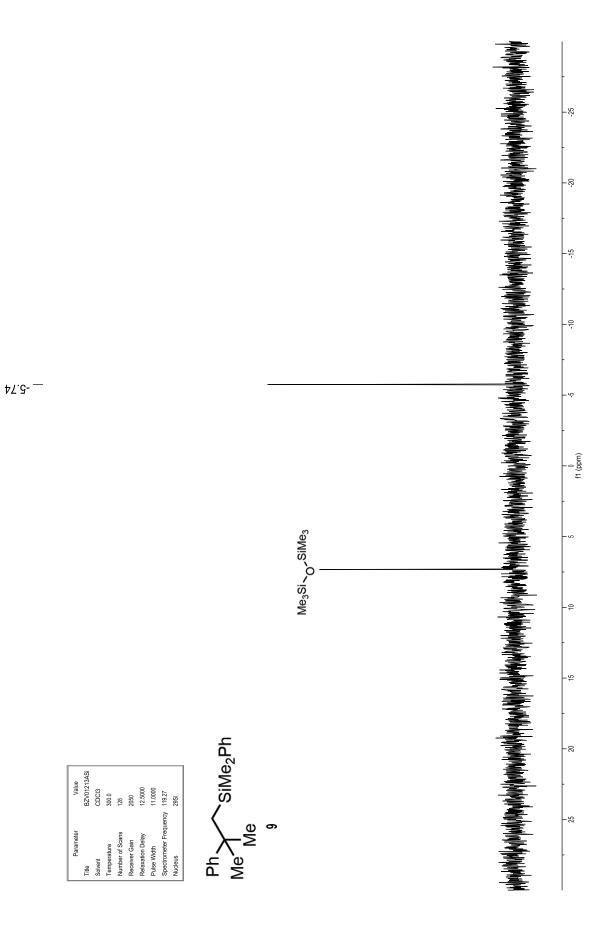


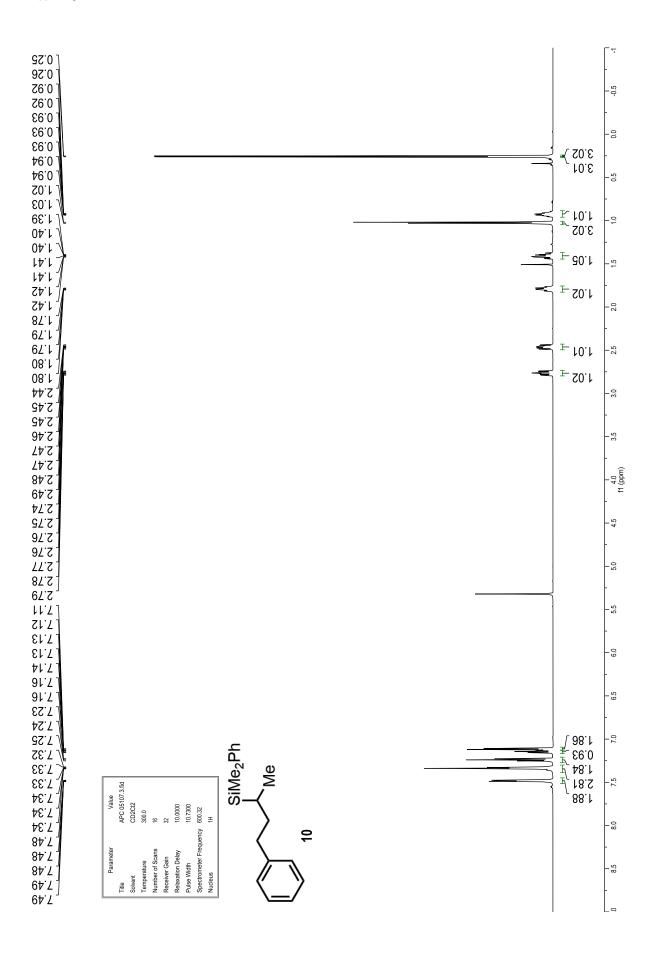


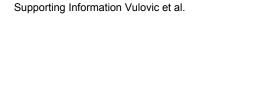


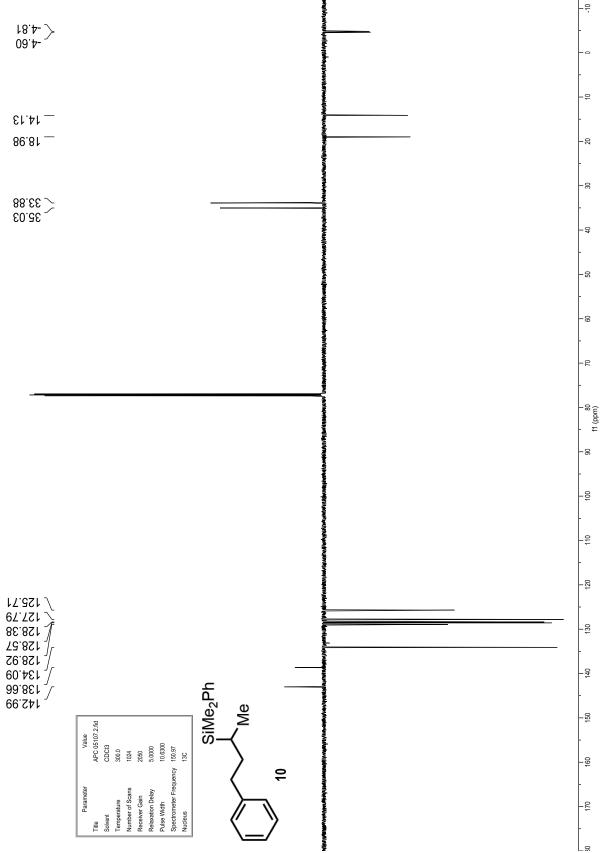


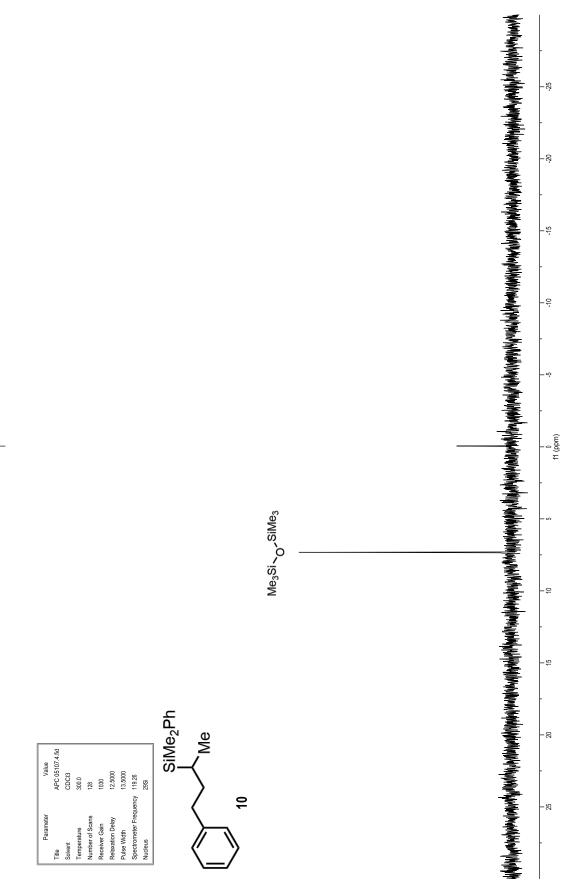




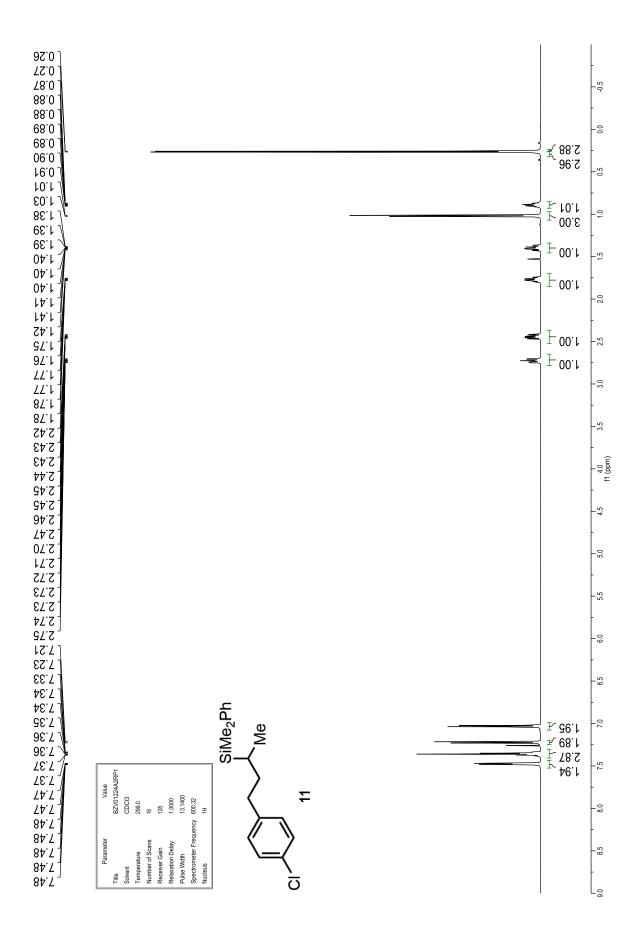


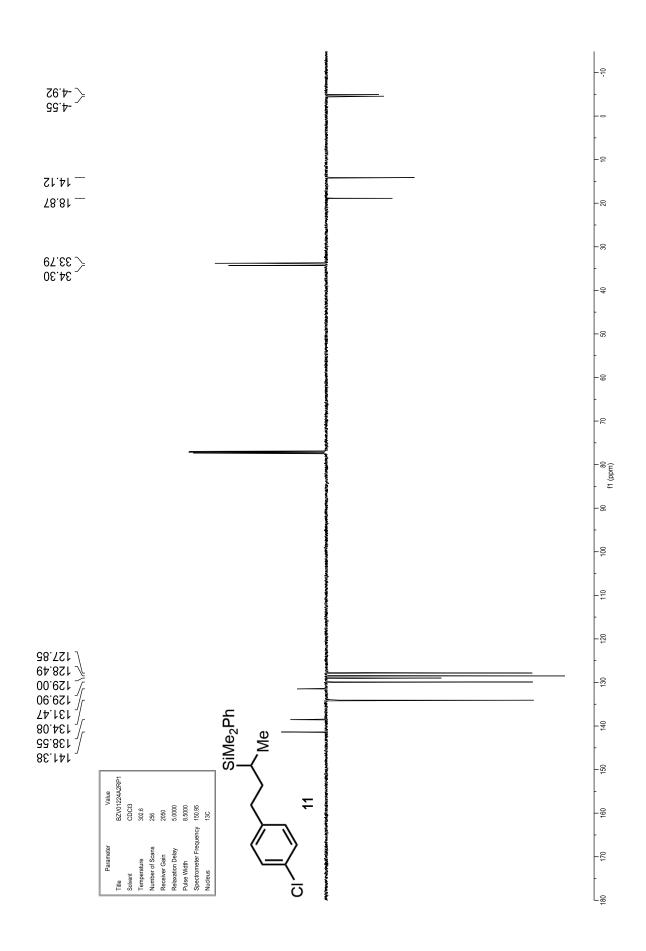


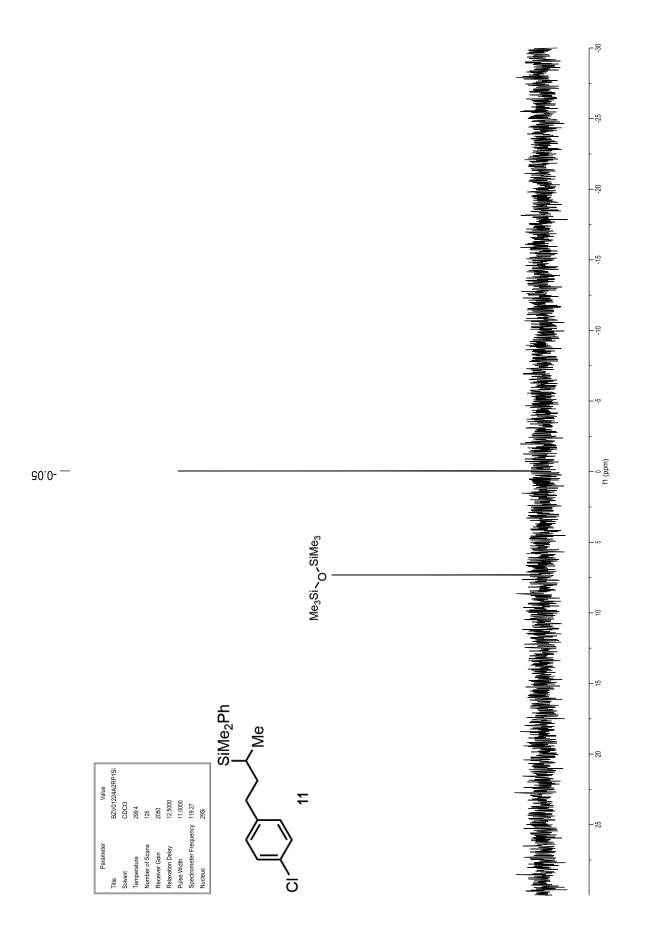


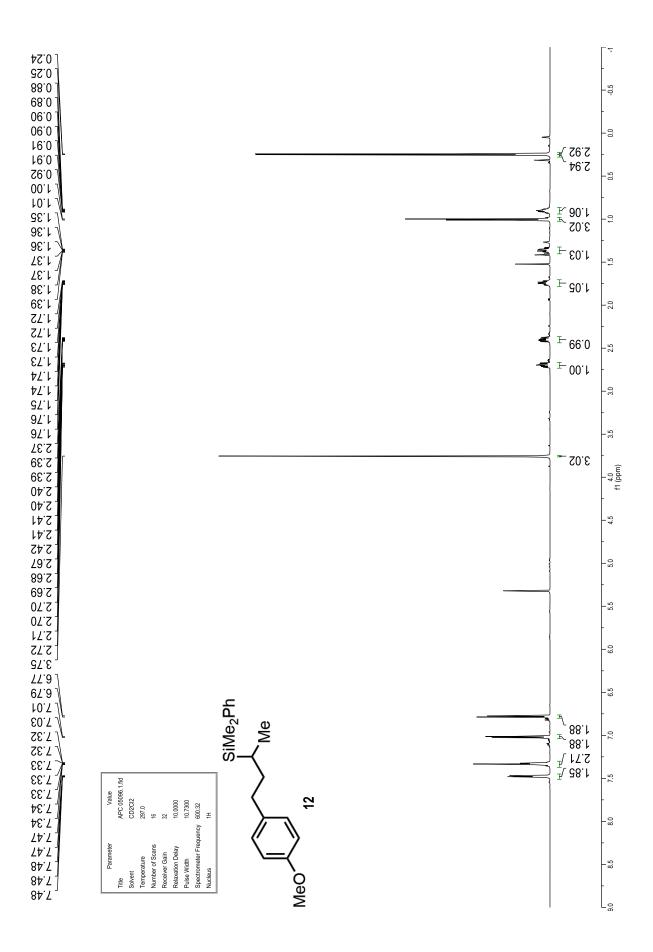


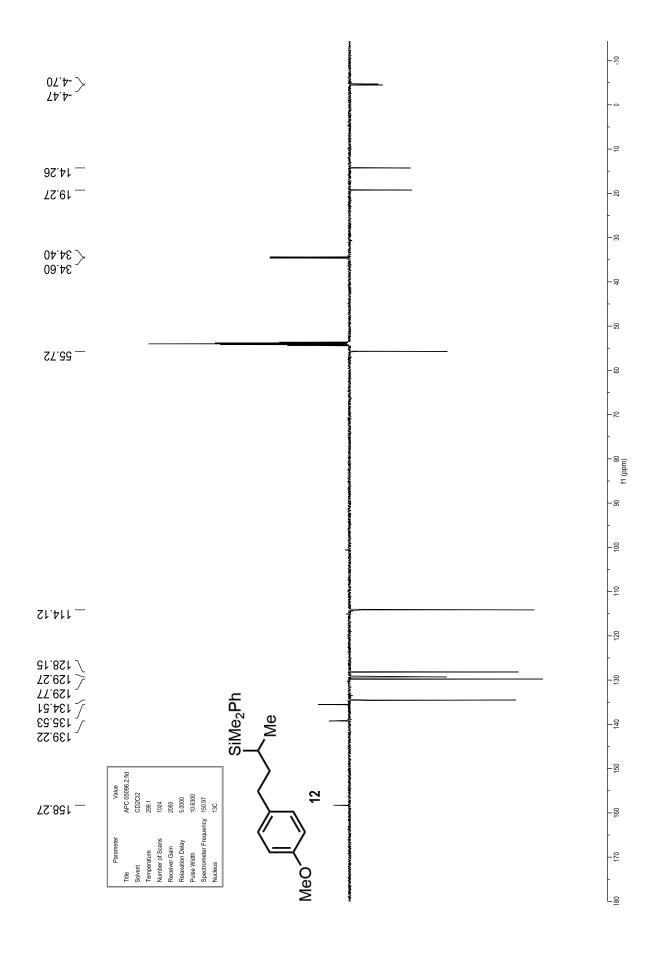


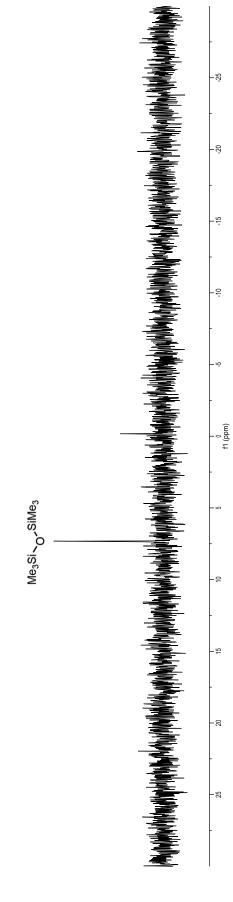




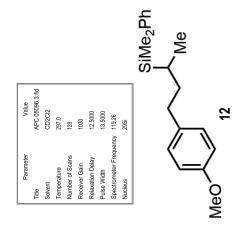


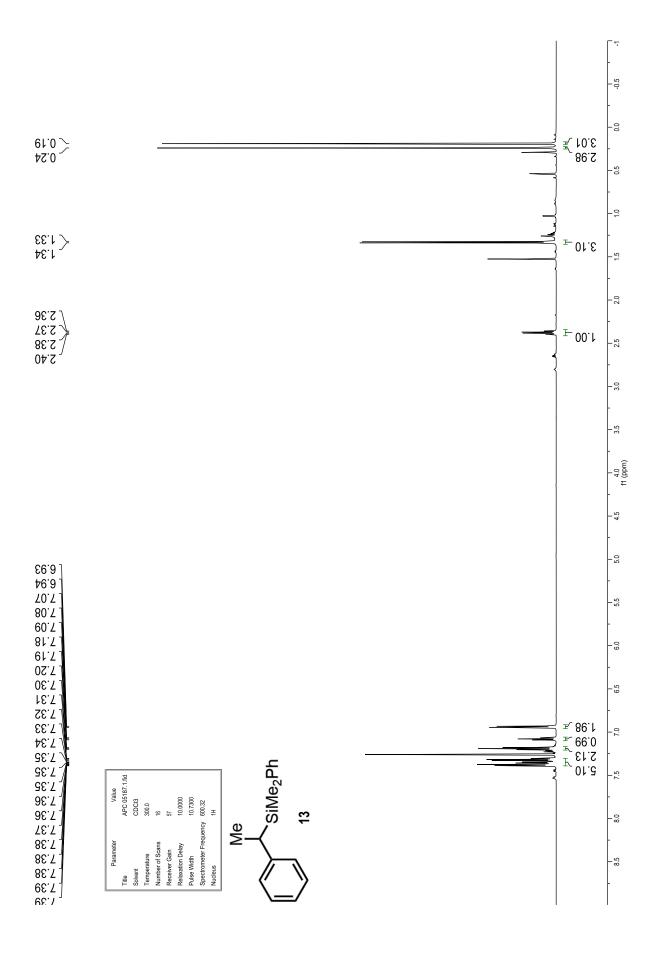


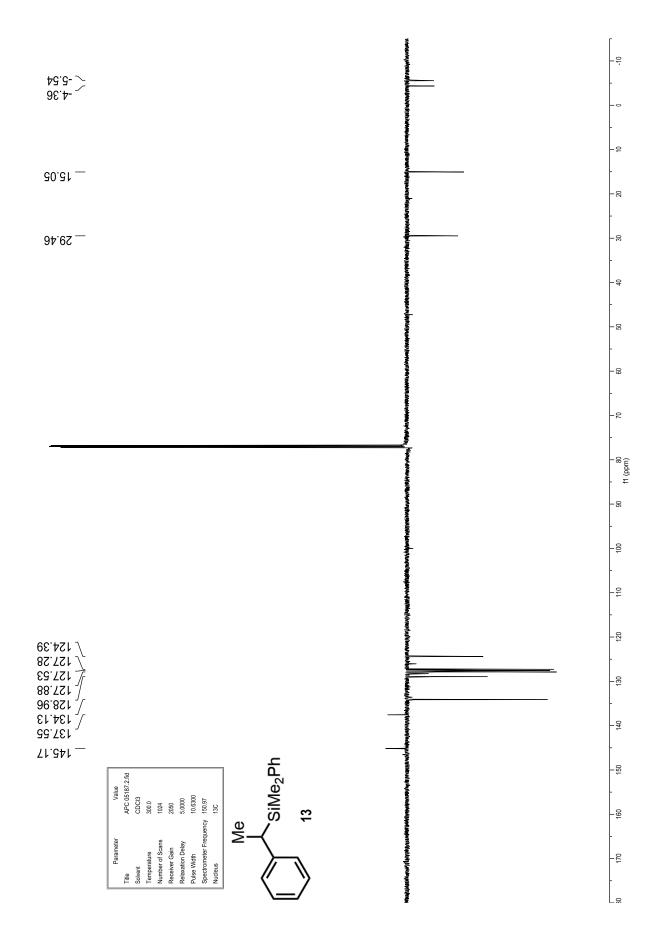


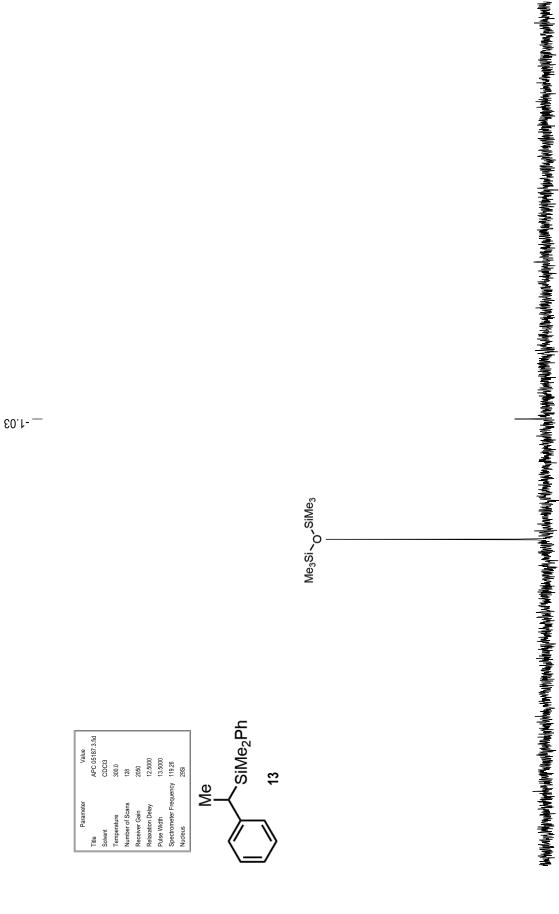












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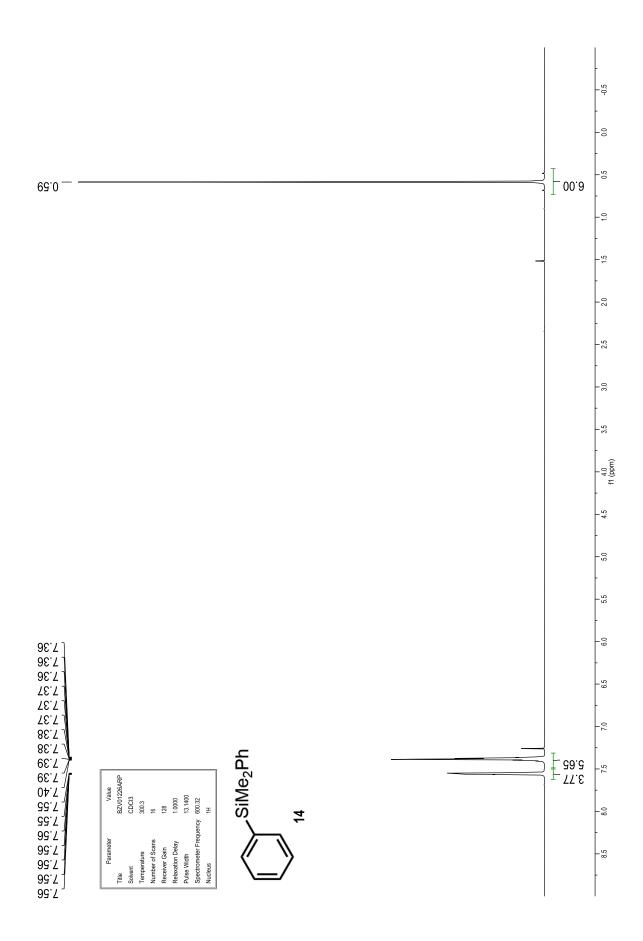
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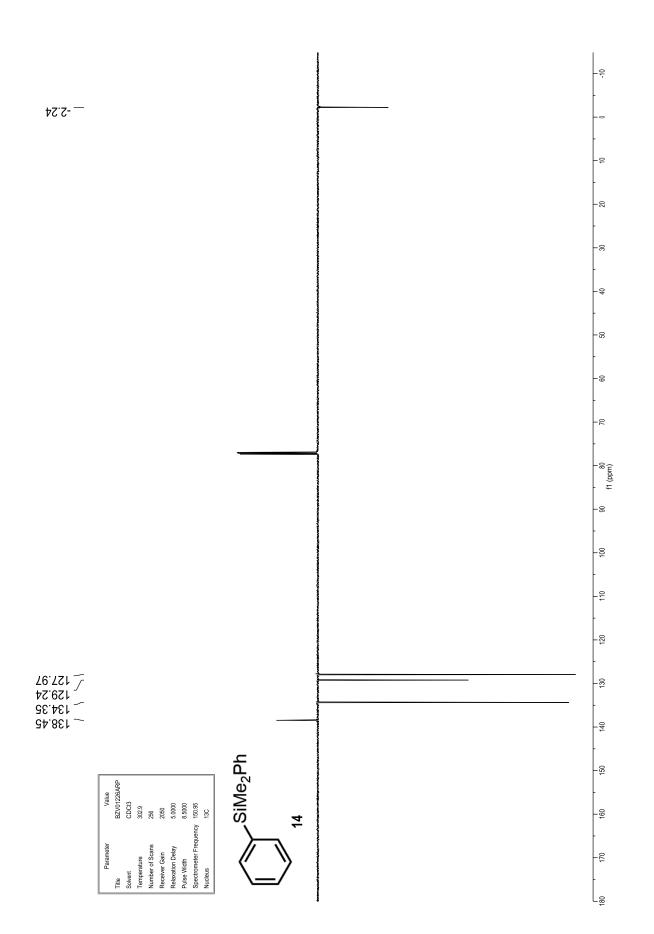
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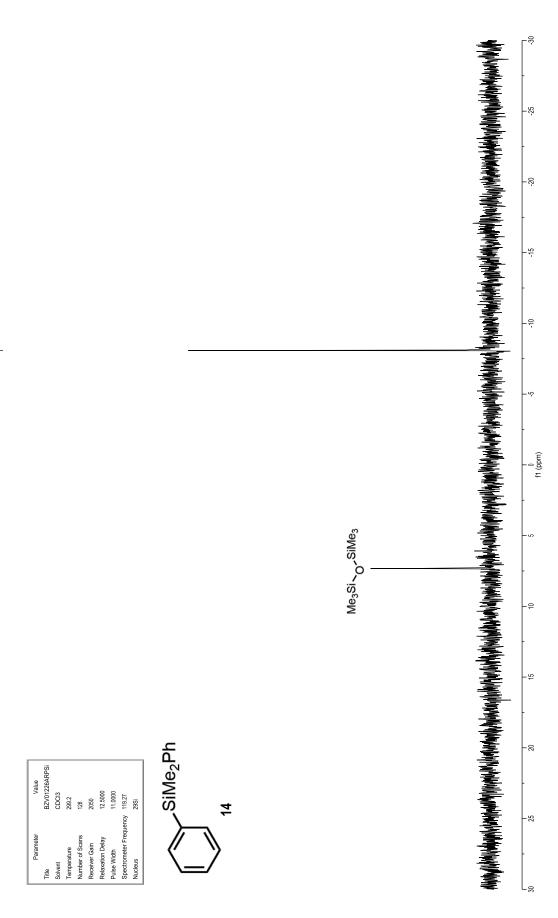
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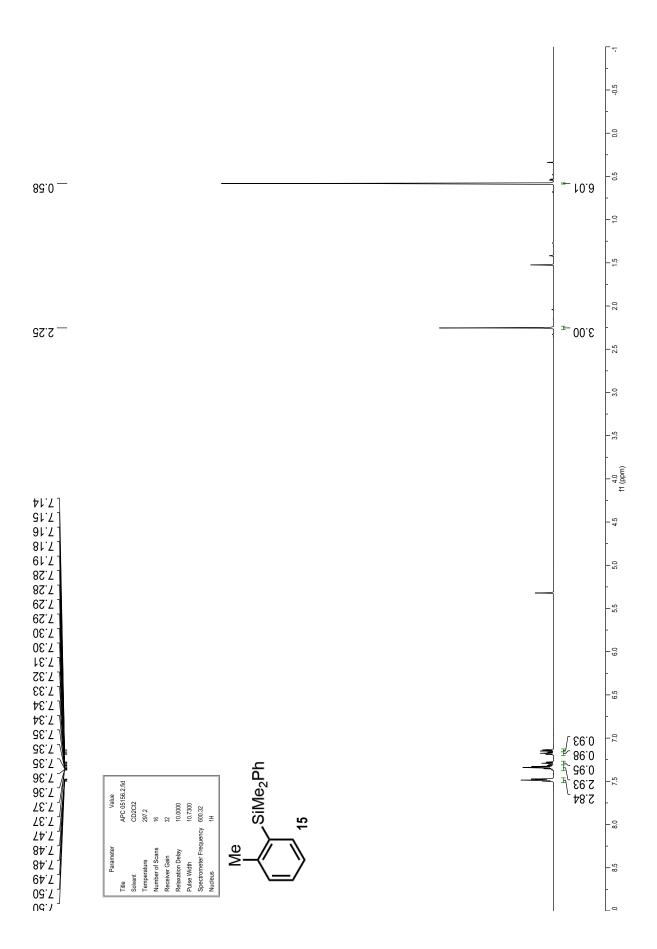
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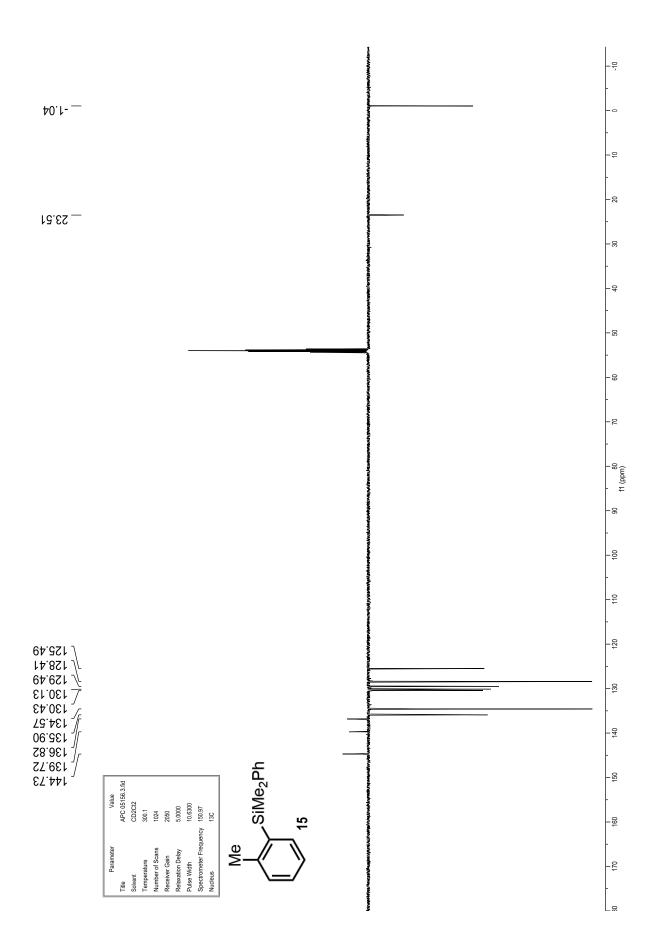


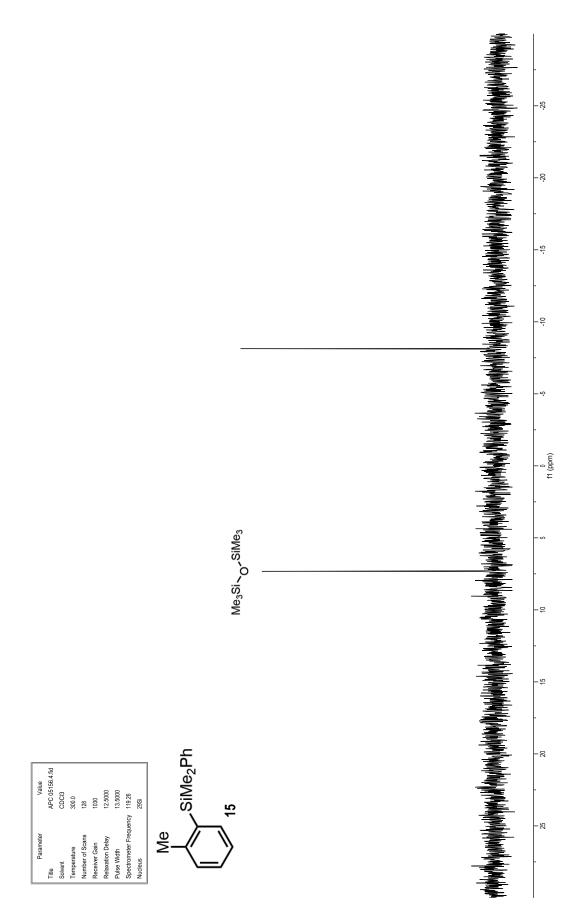
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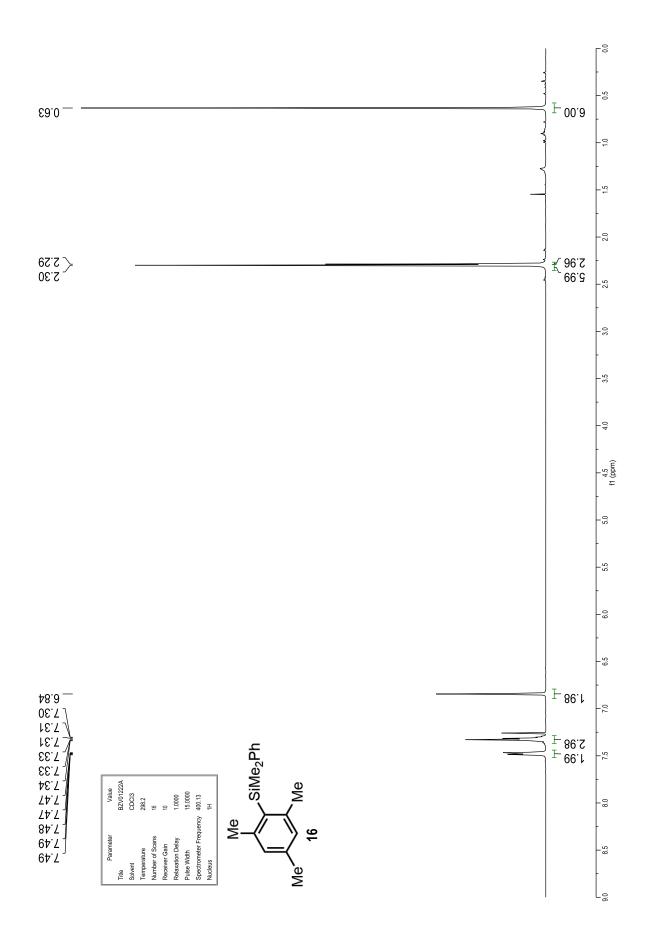


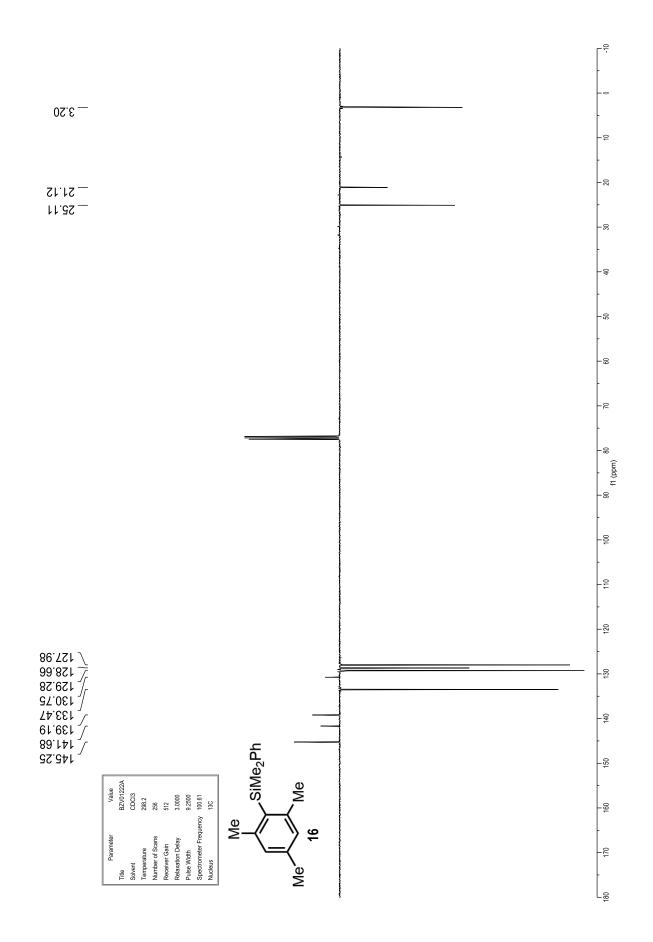
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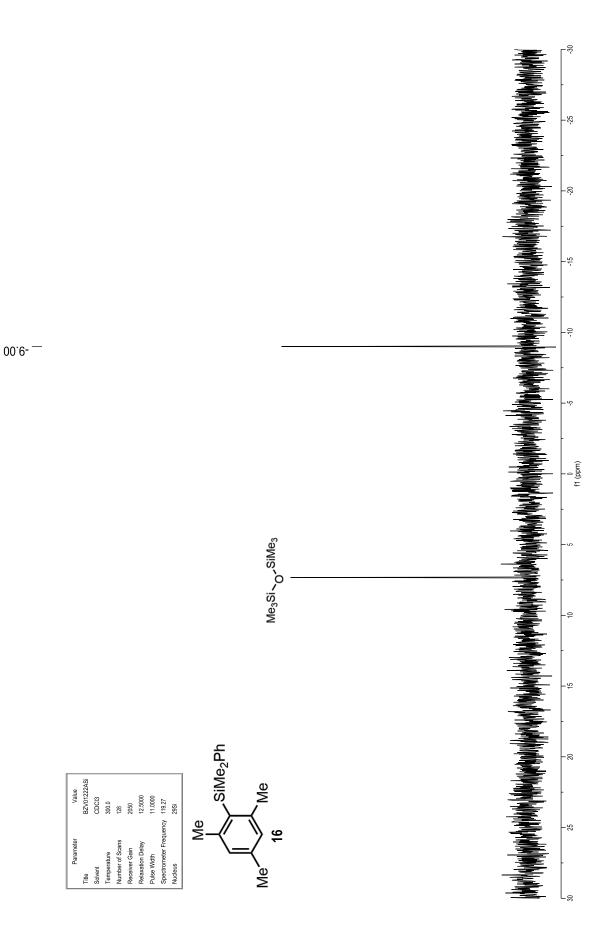




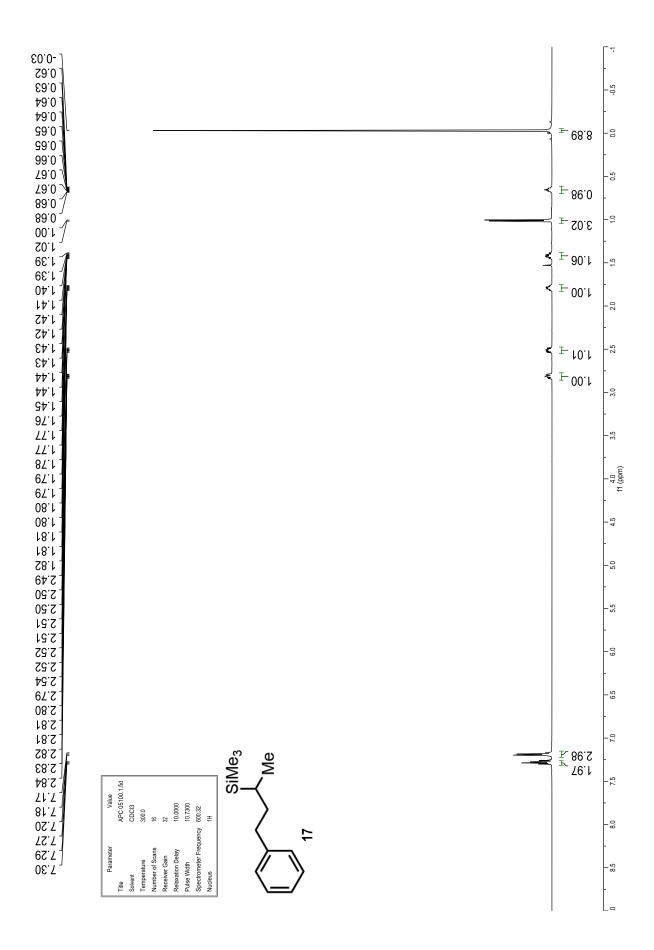
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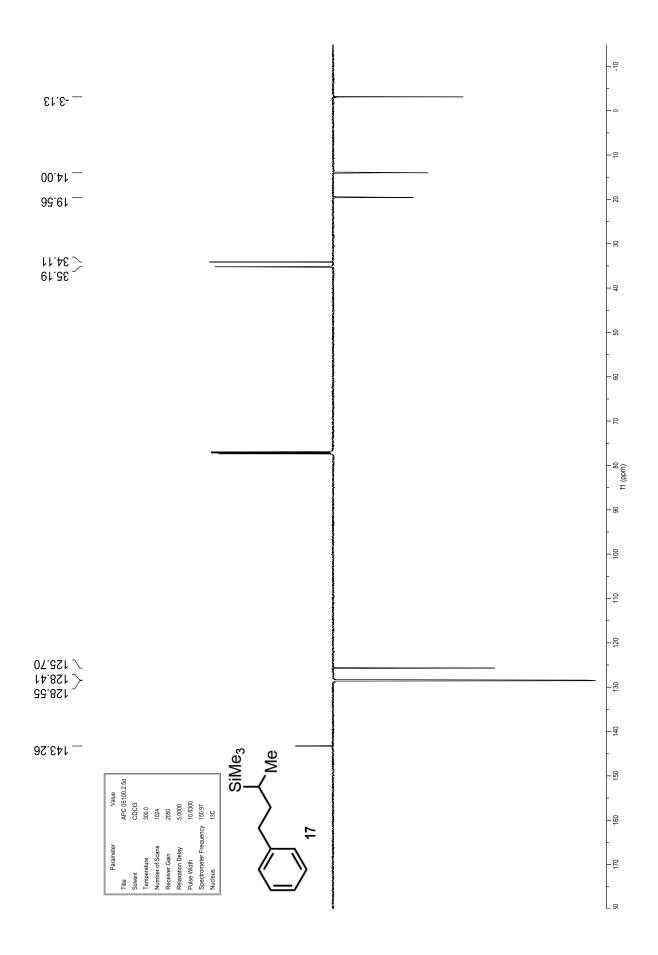


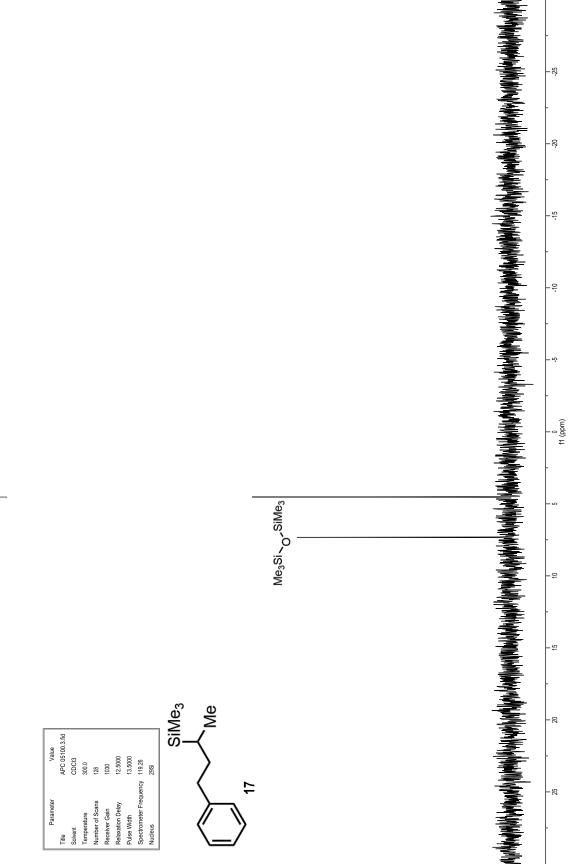




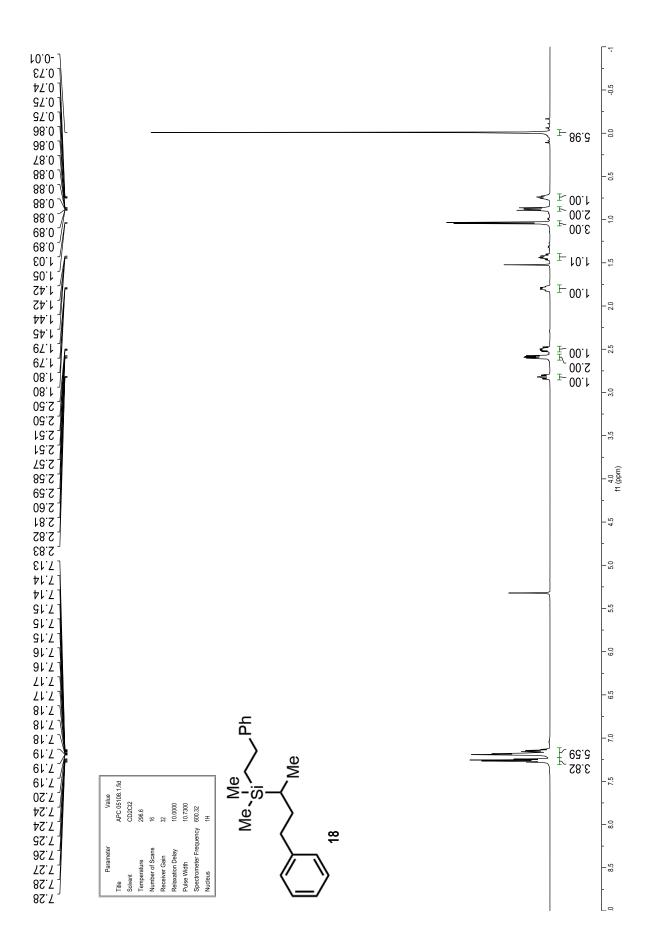


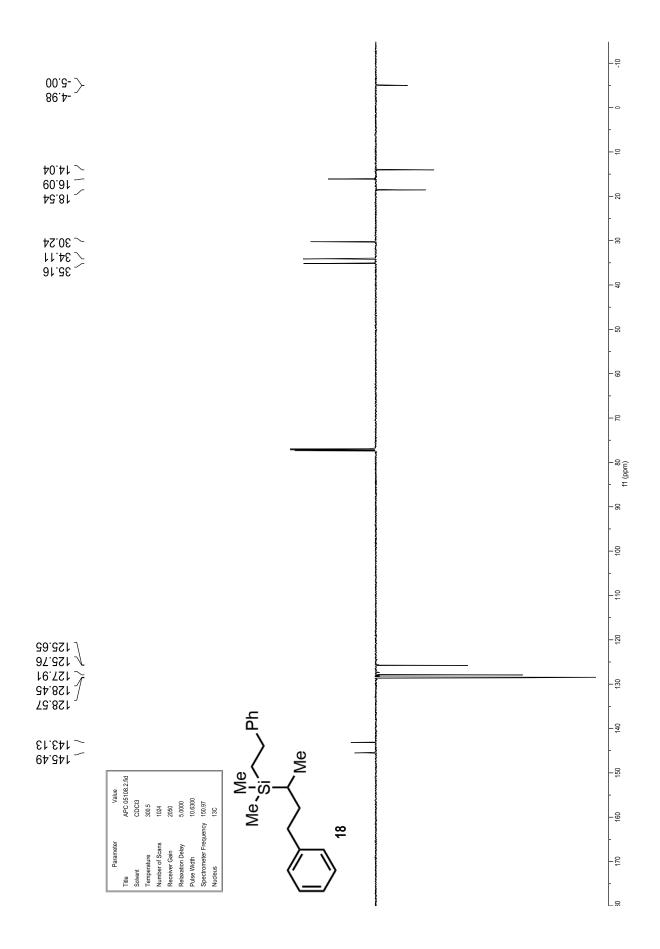


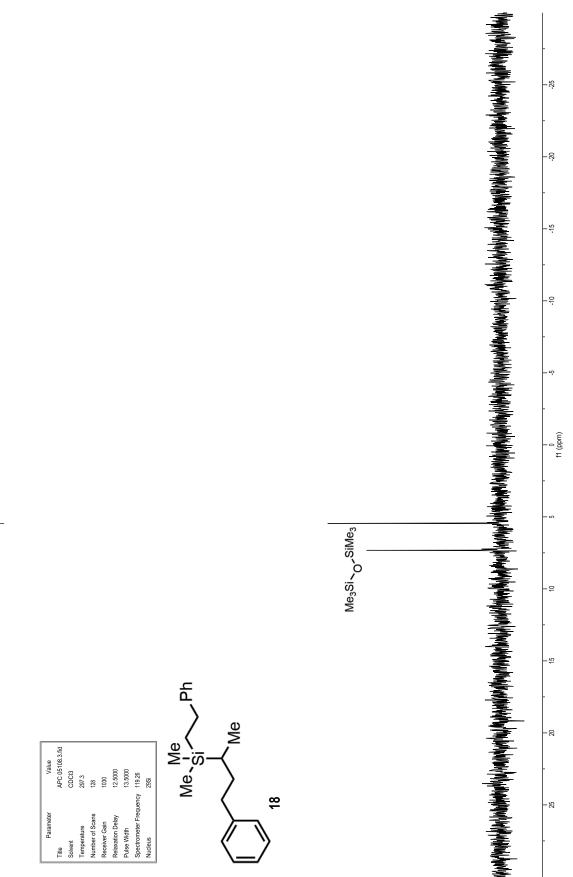




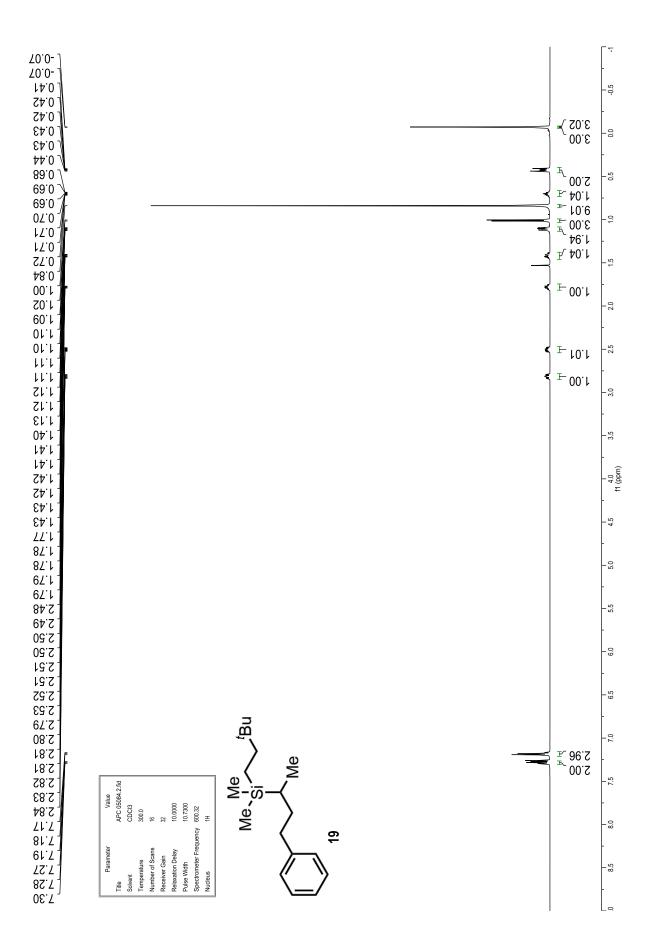


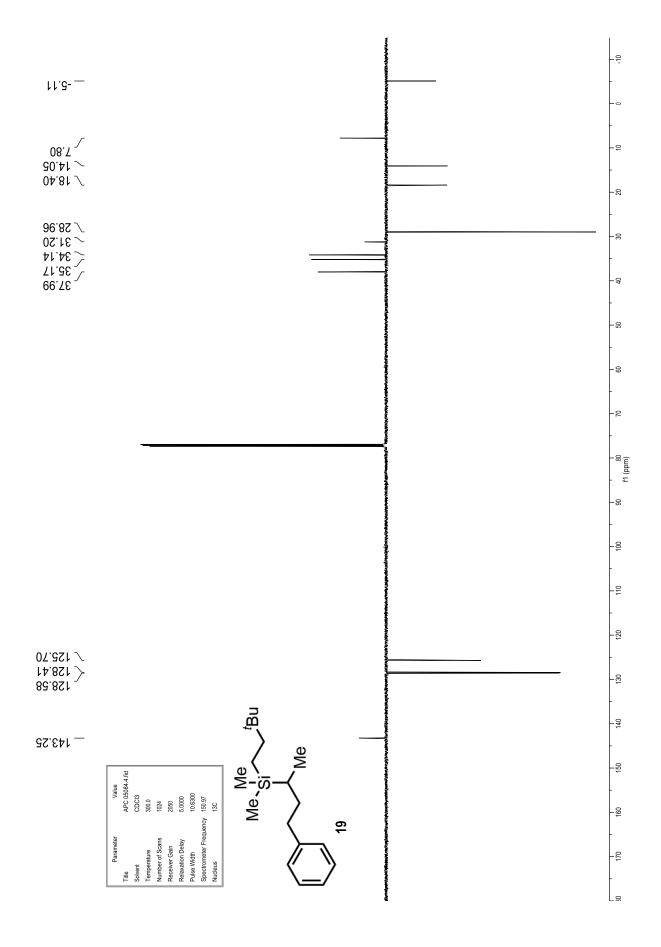


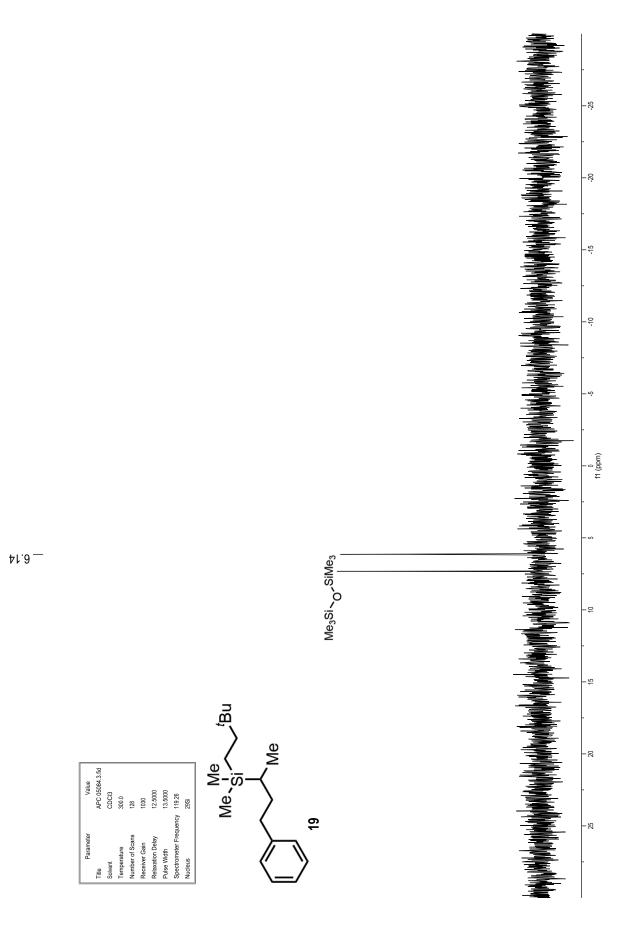


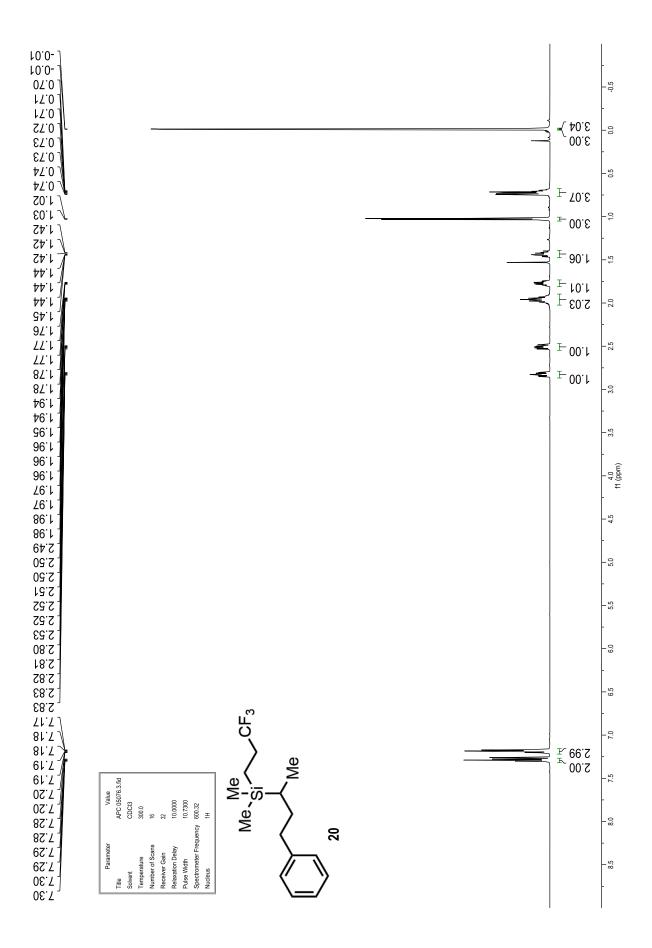


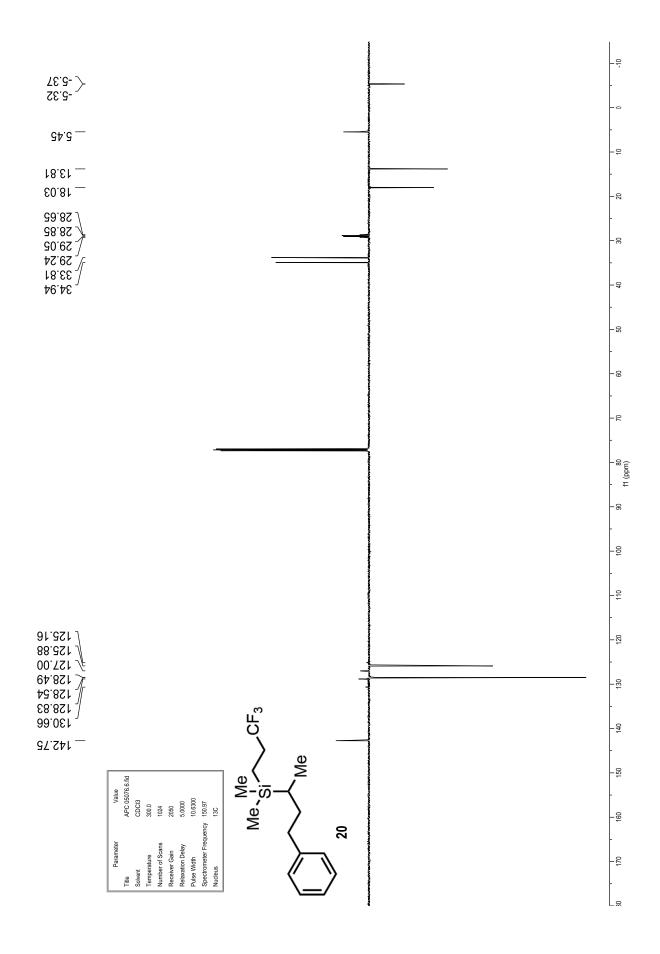


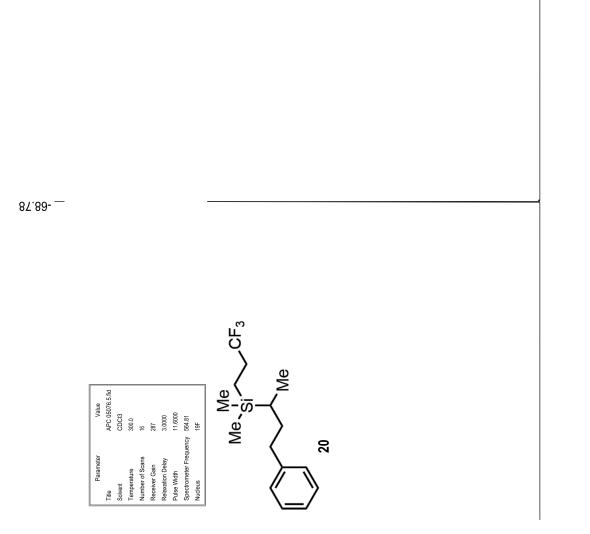












-210

-200

-190

-180

-170

-160

-150

-140

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-120

-1-

-100 f1 (ppm)

-6-

- 89

-4-

- 69

-12

-4

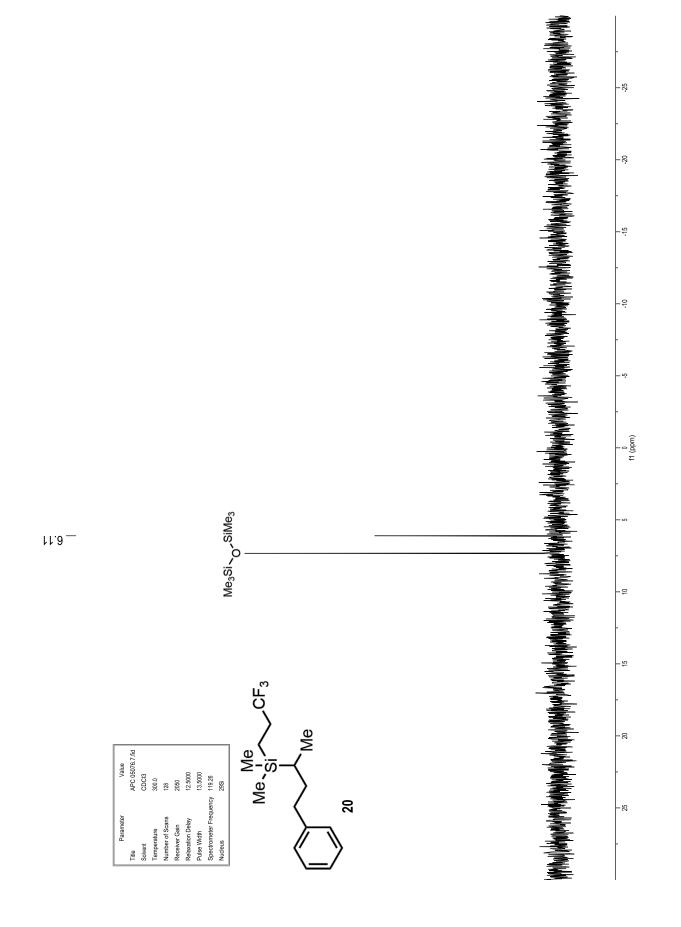
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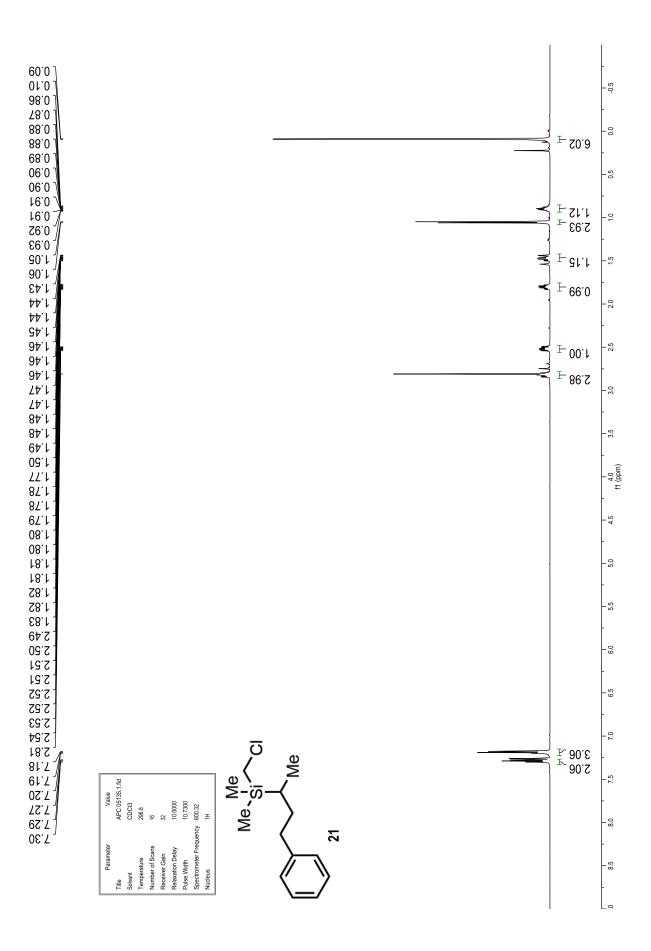
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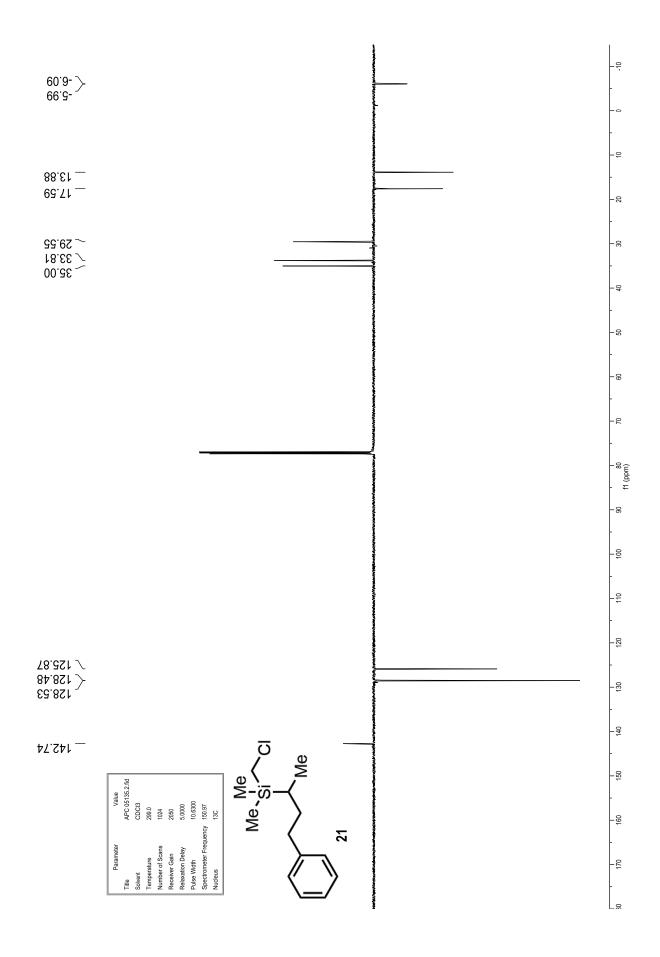
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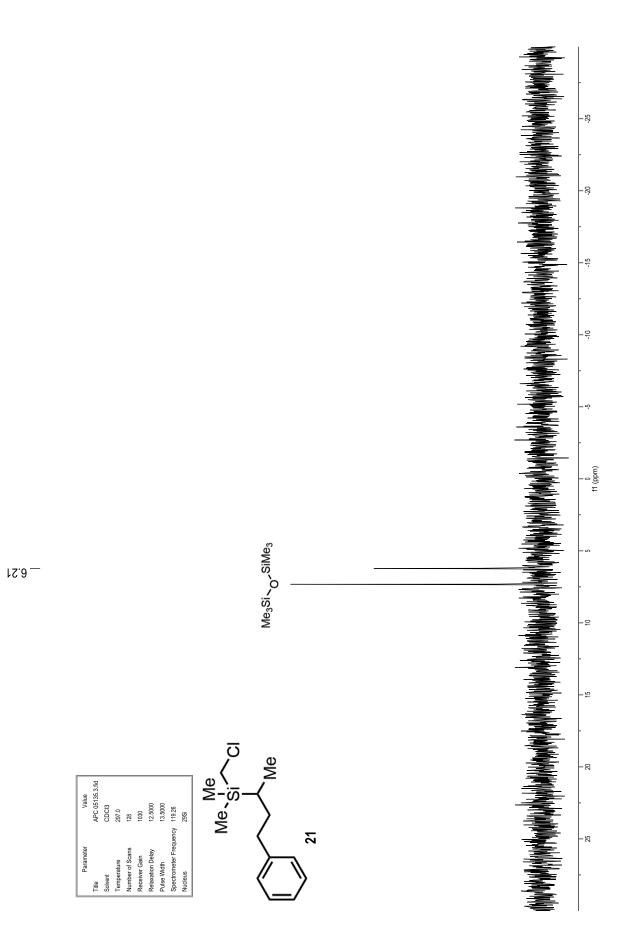
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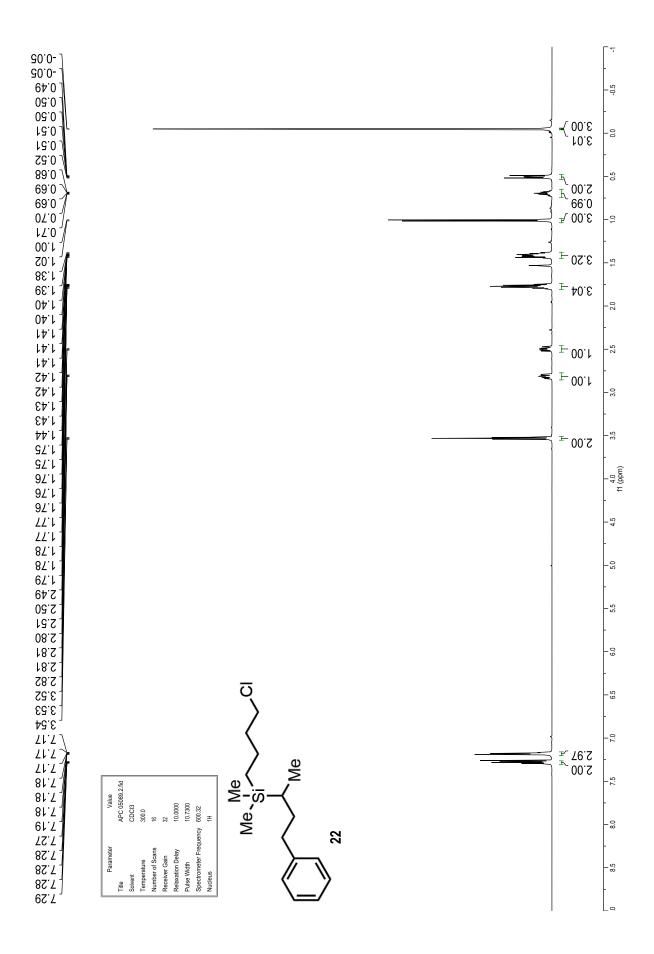


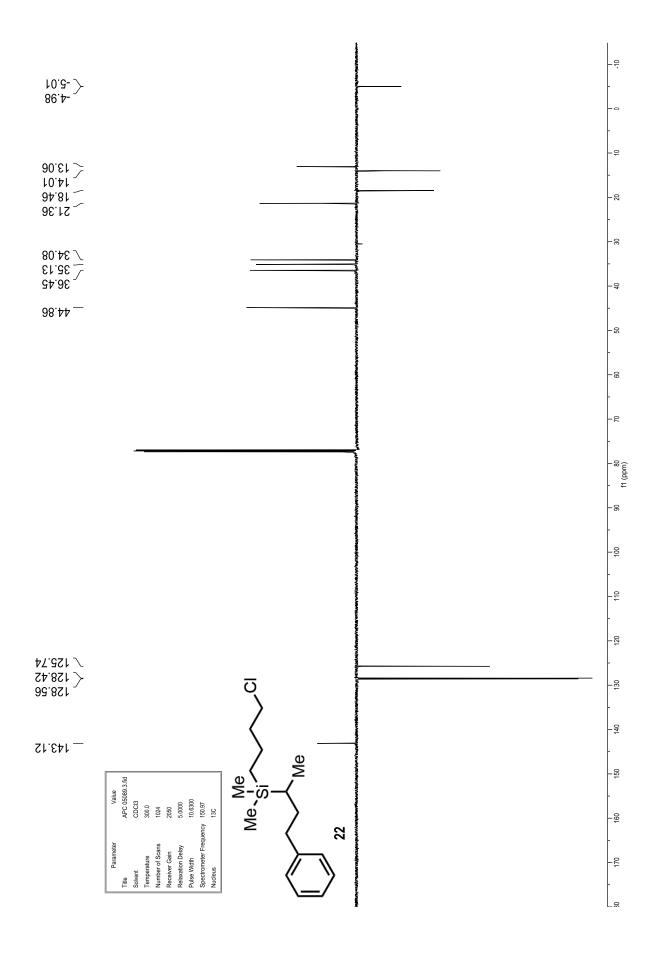


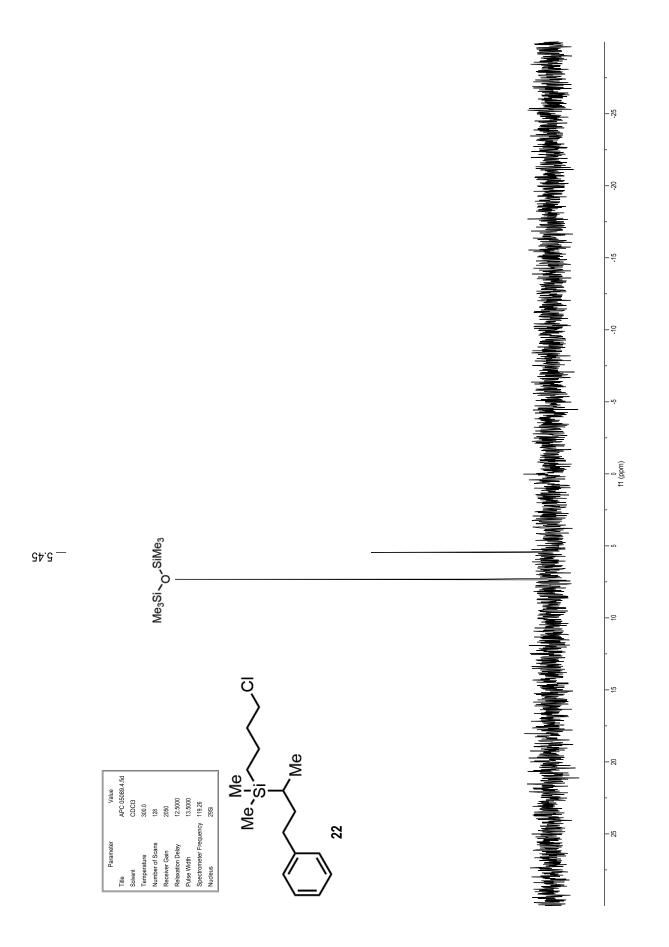




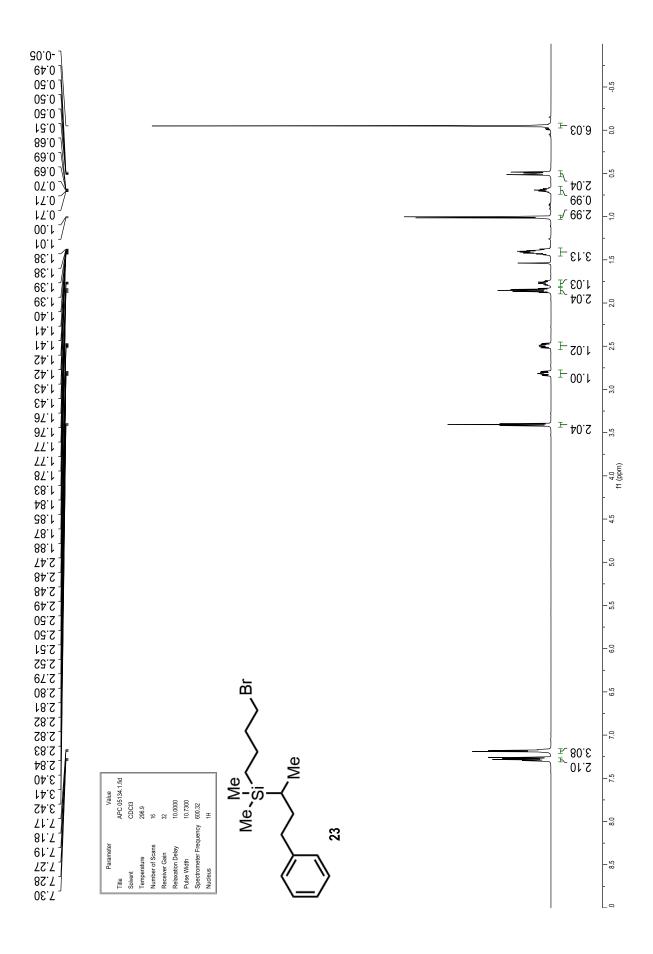


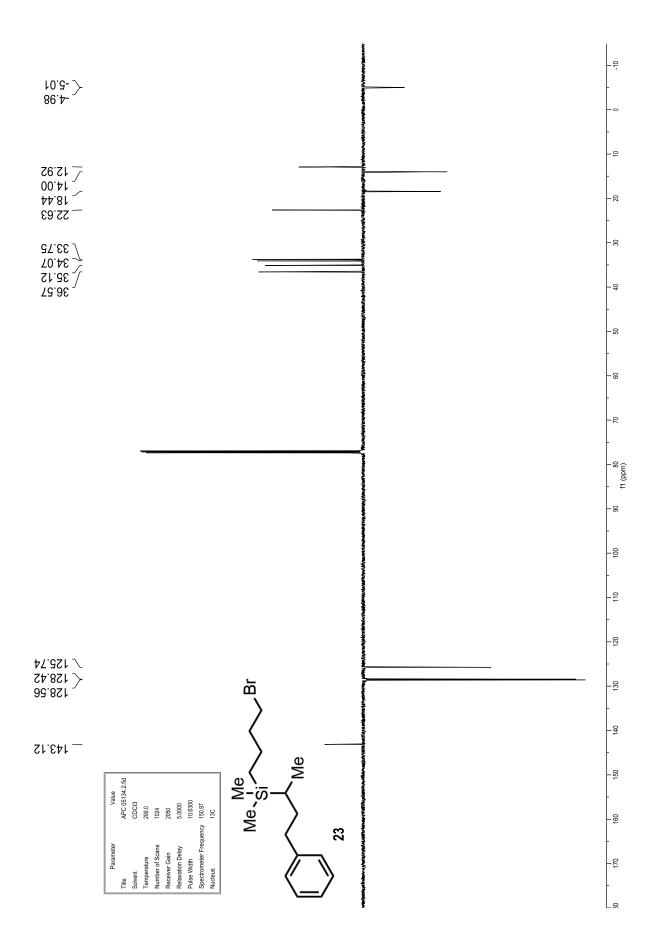


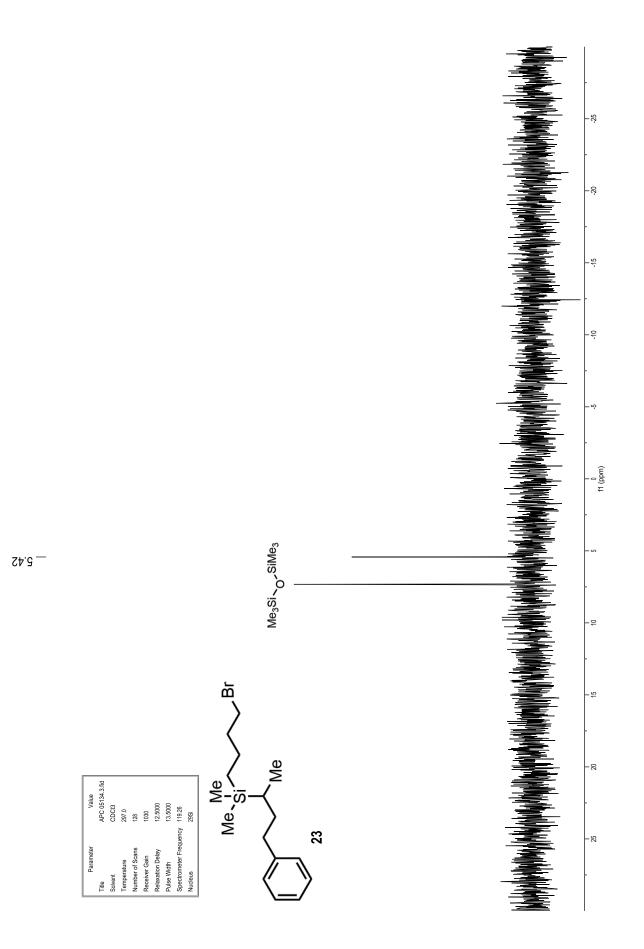


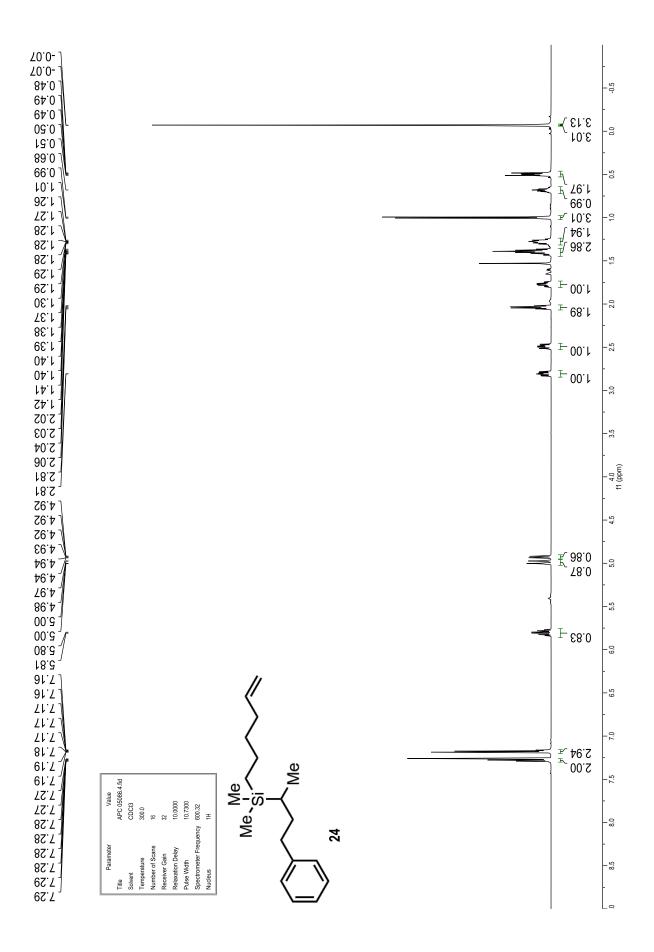


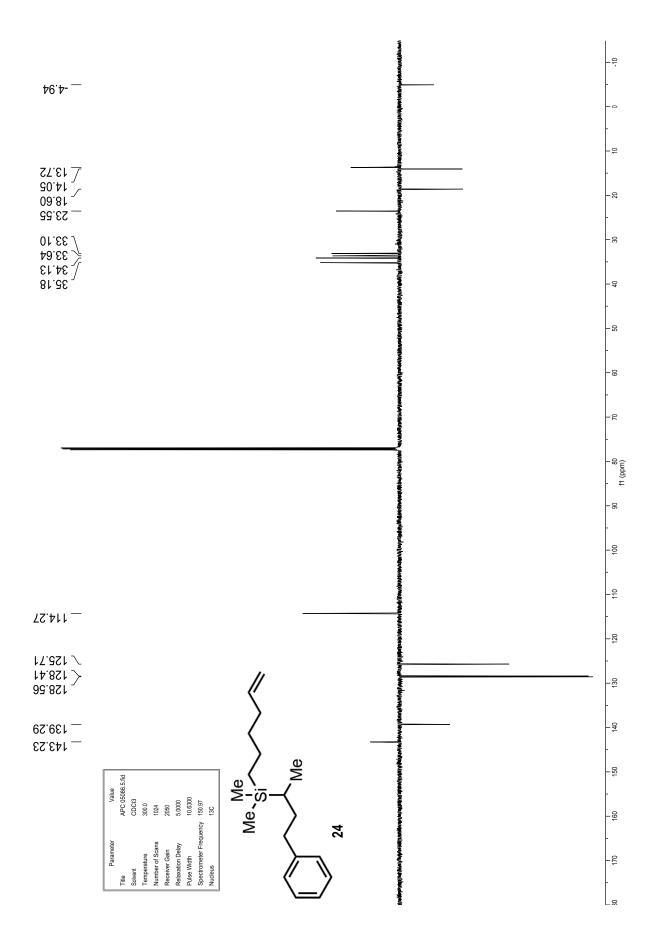
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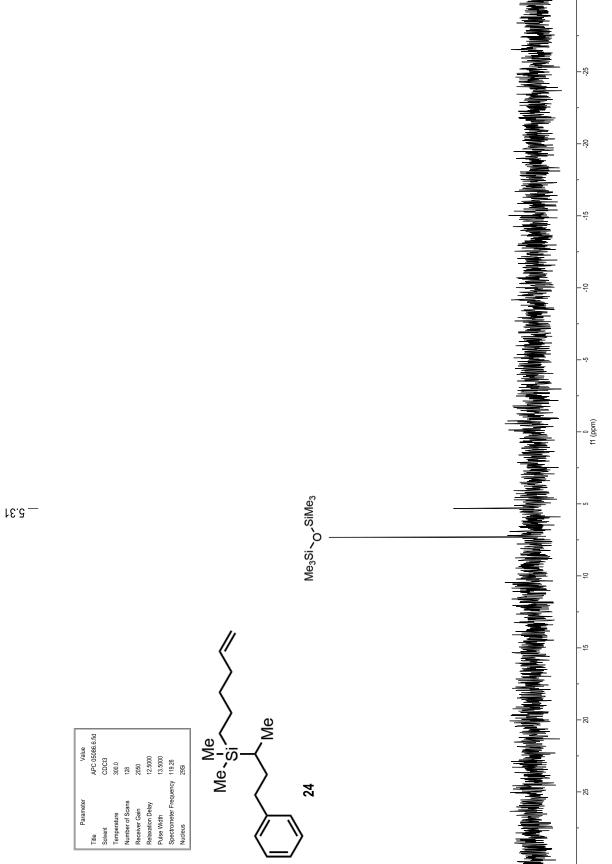


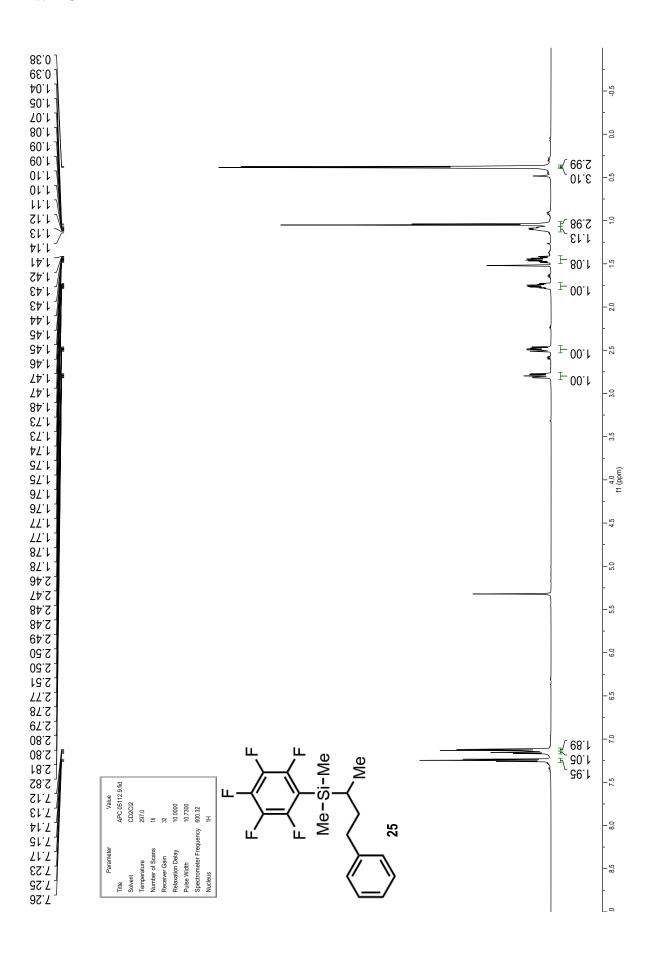


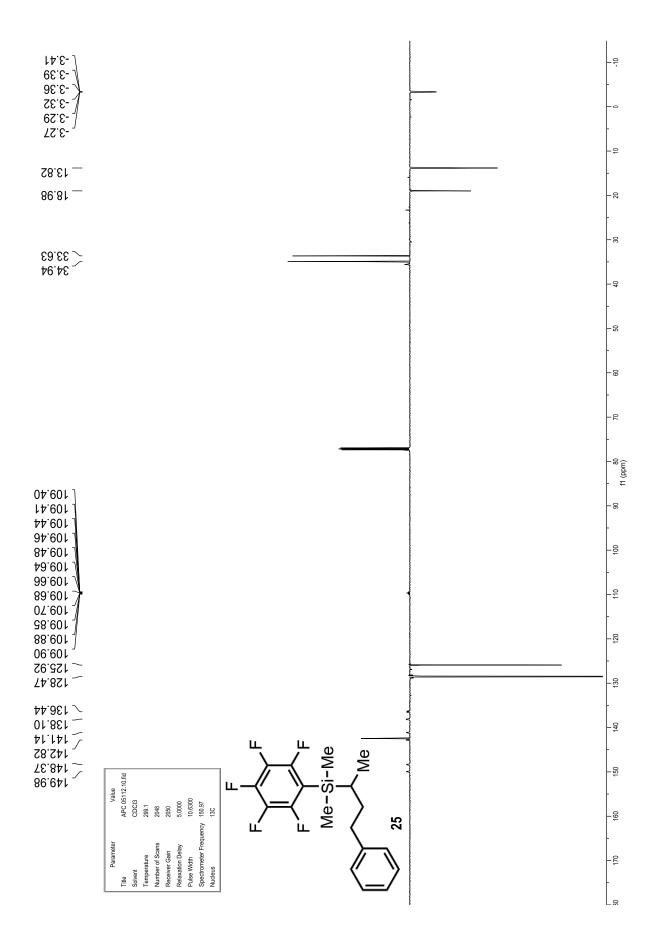


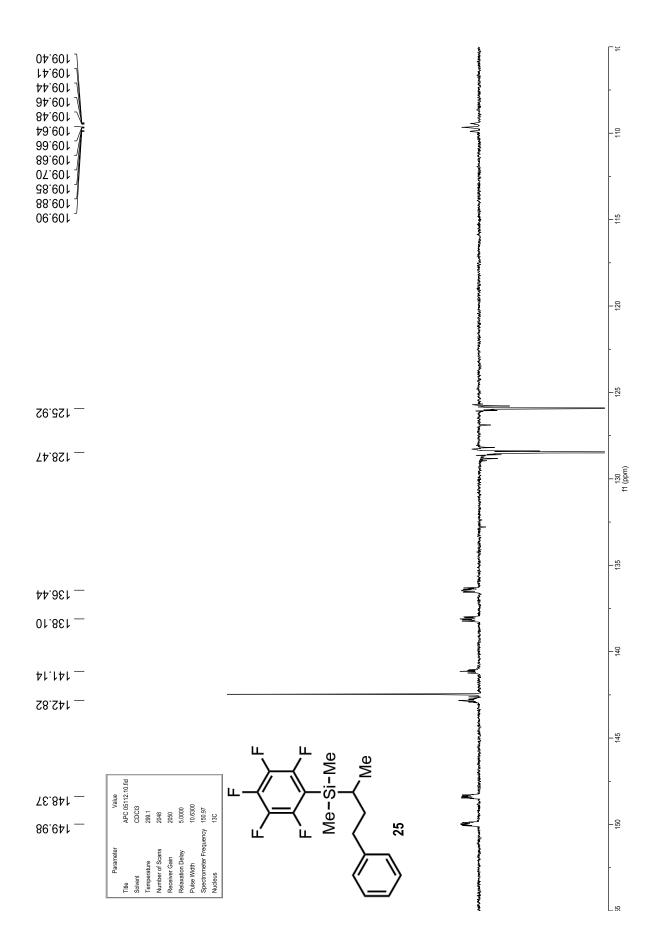


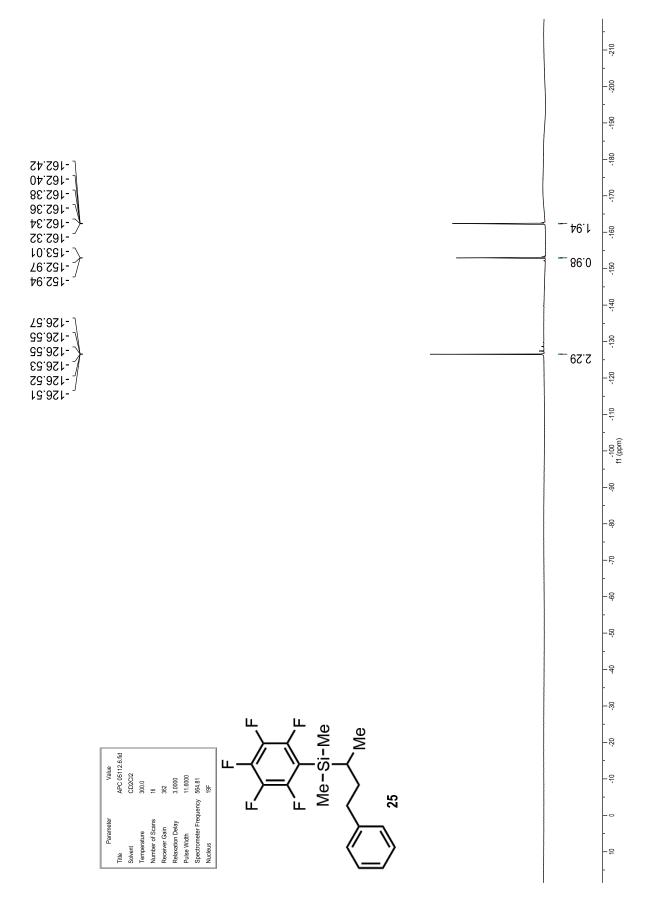


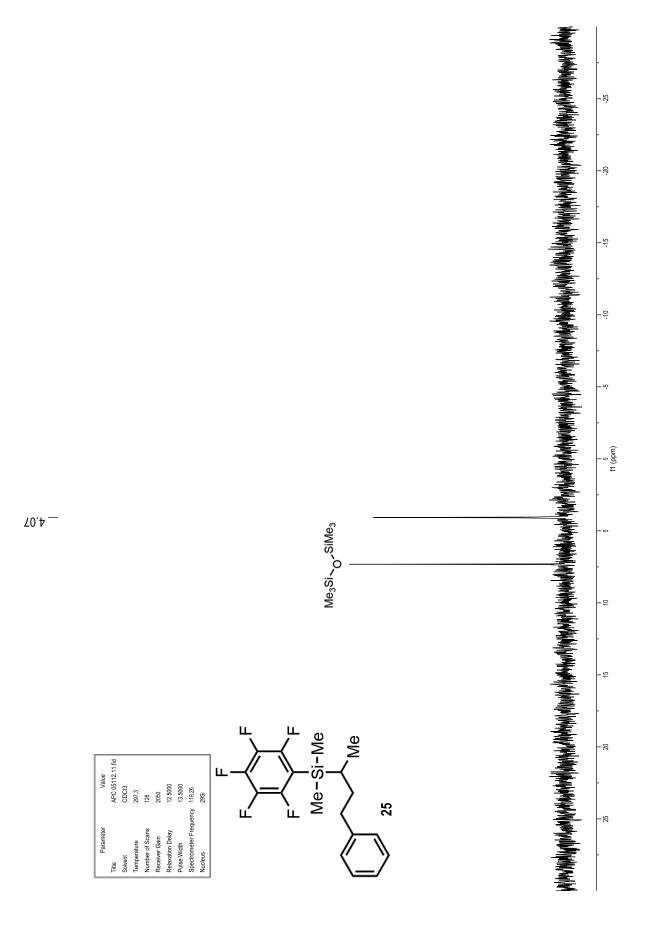


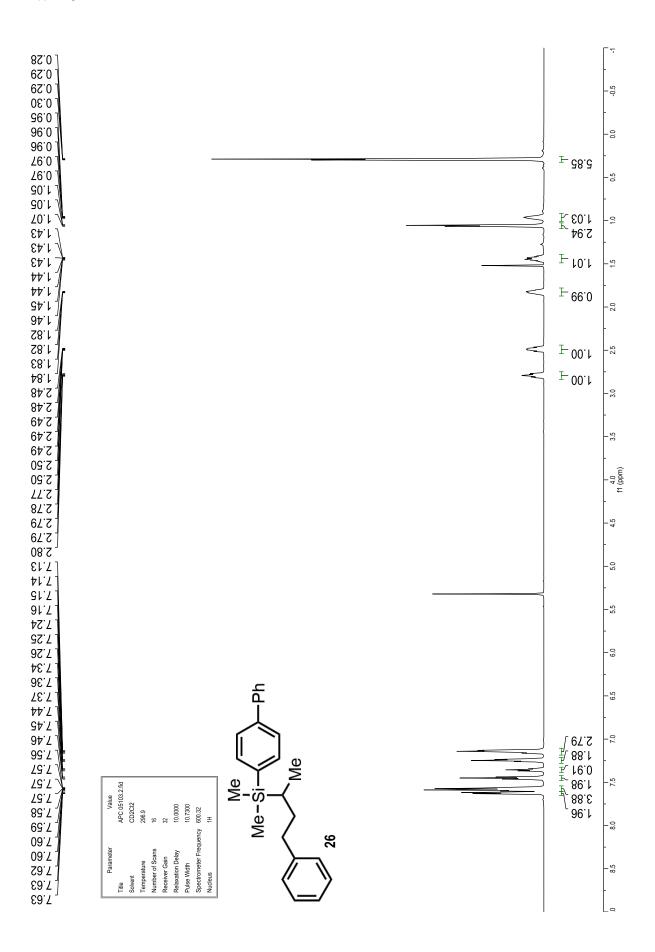


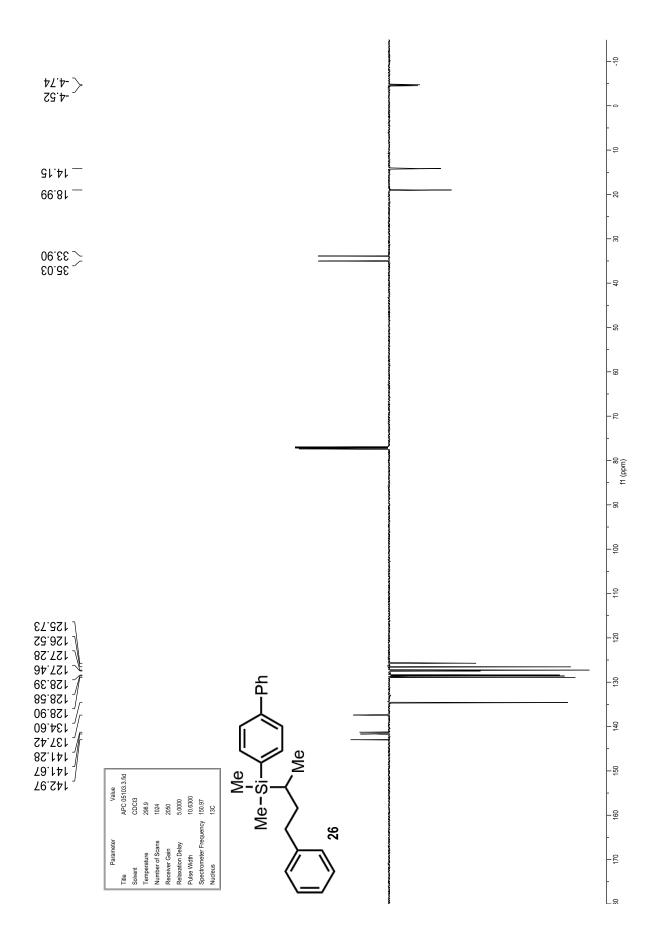


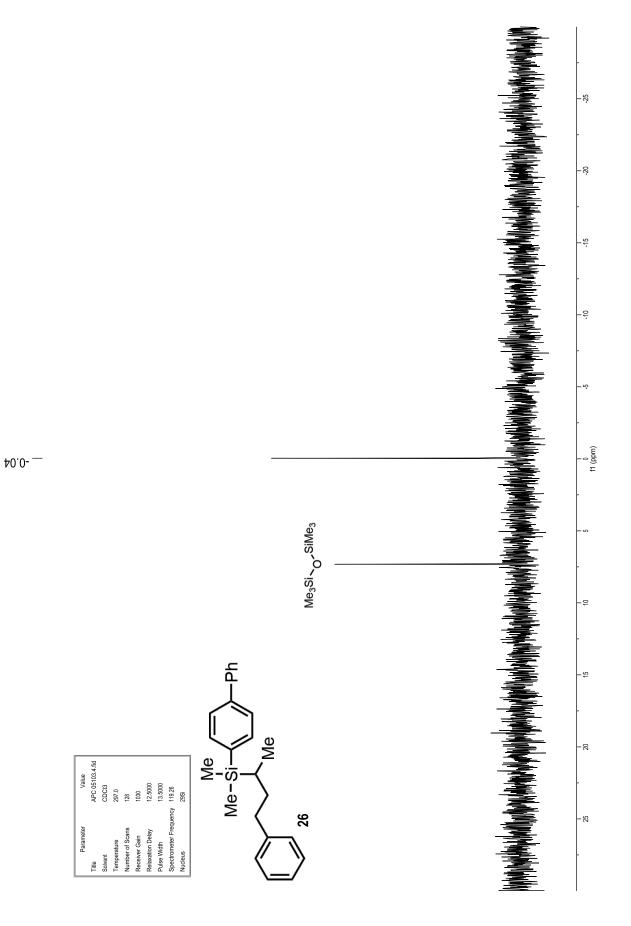


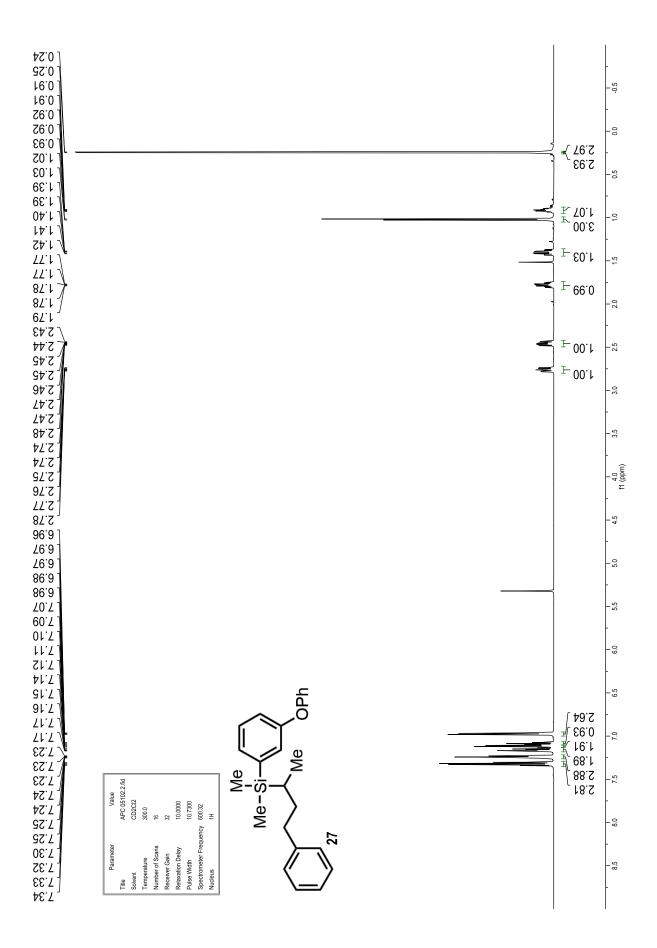


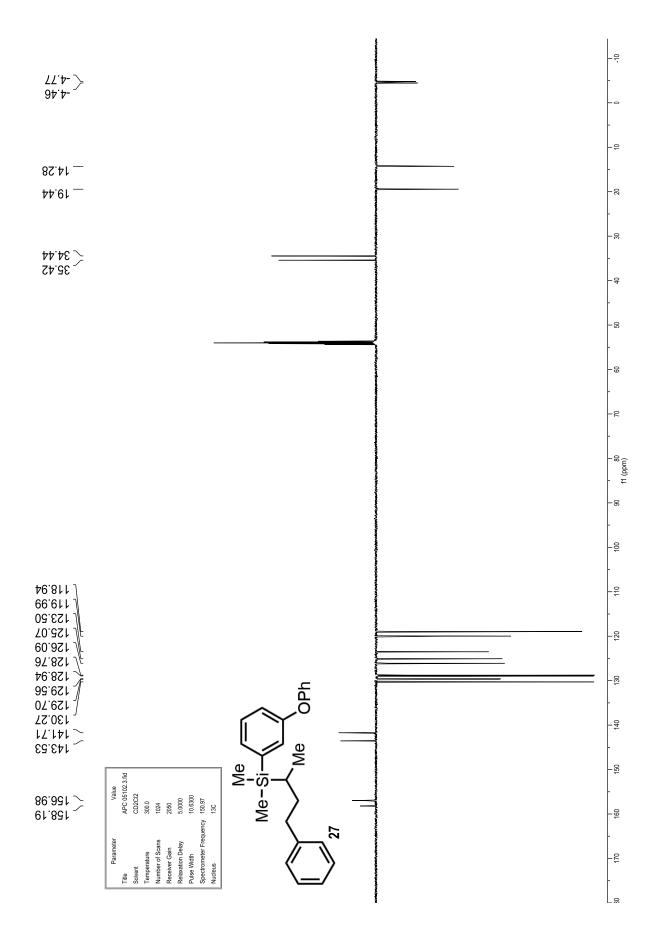


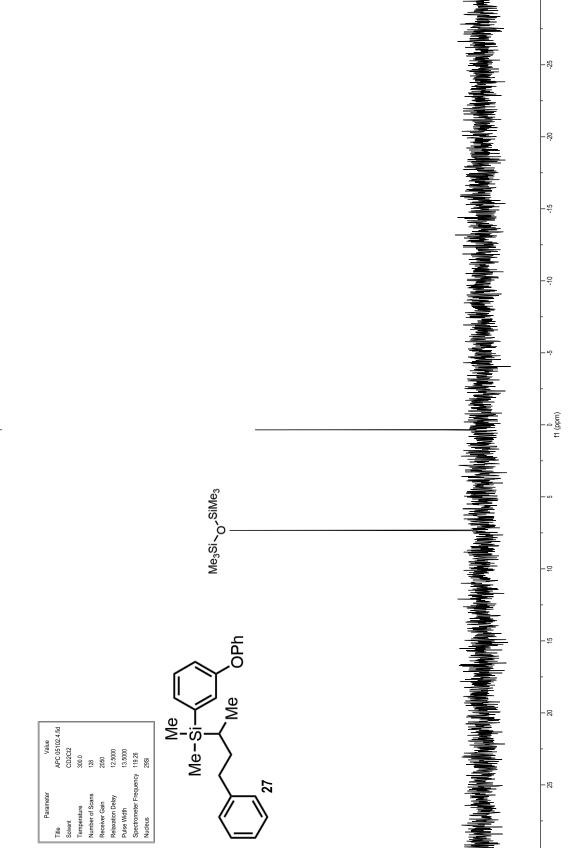




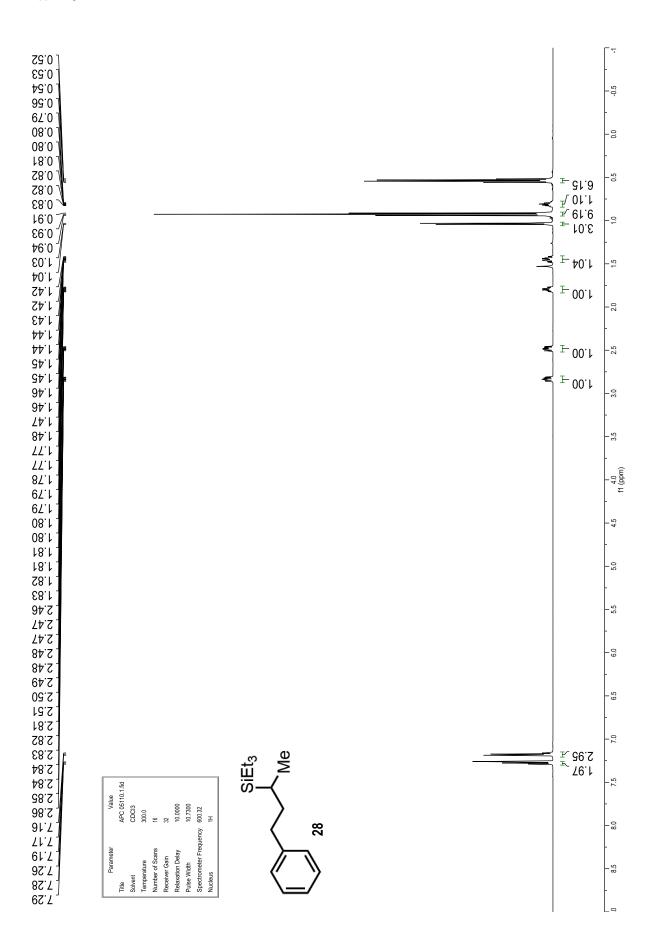


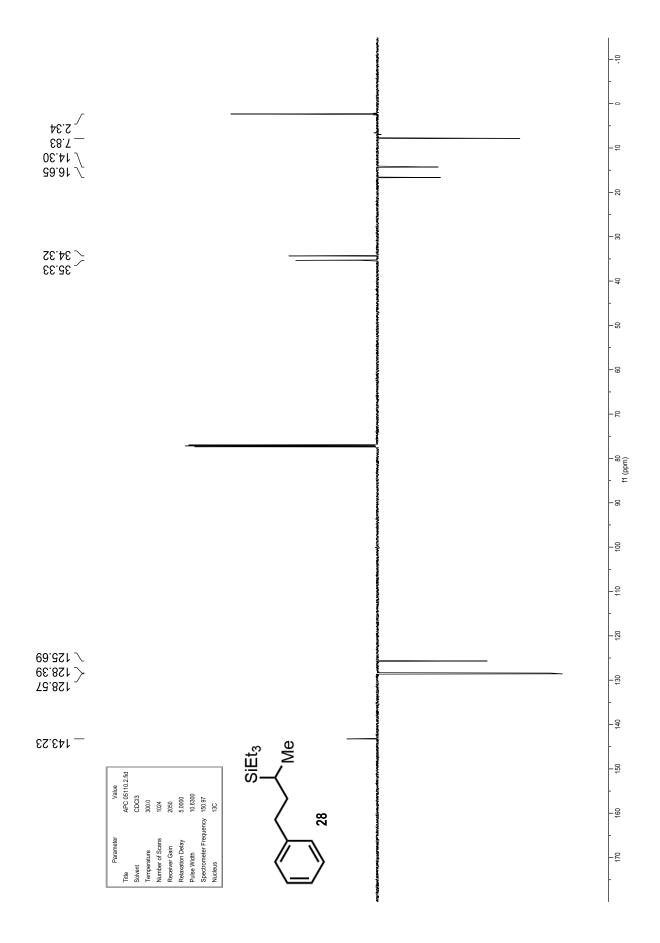


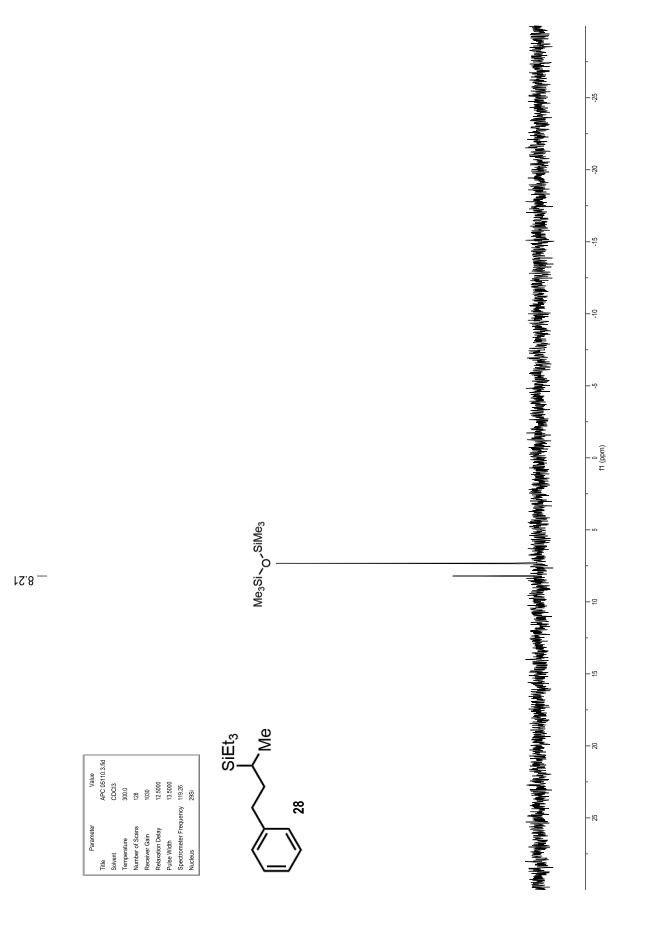


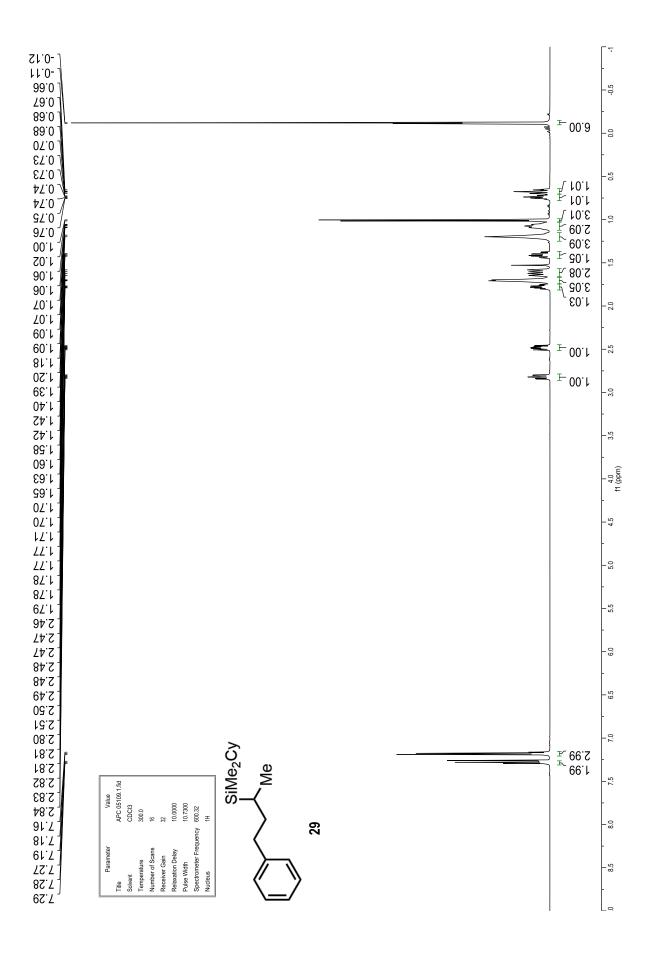


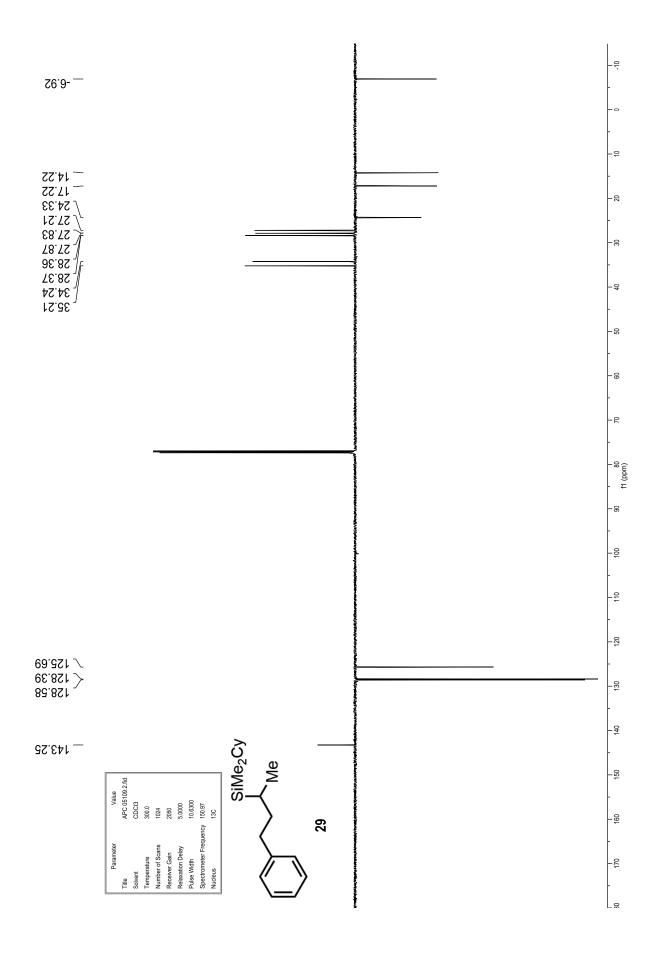


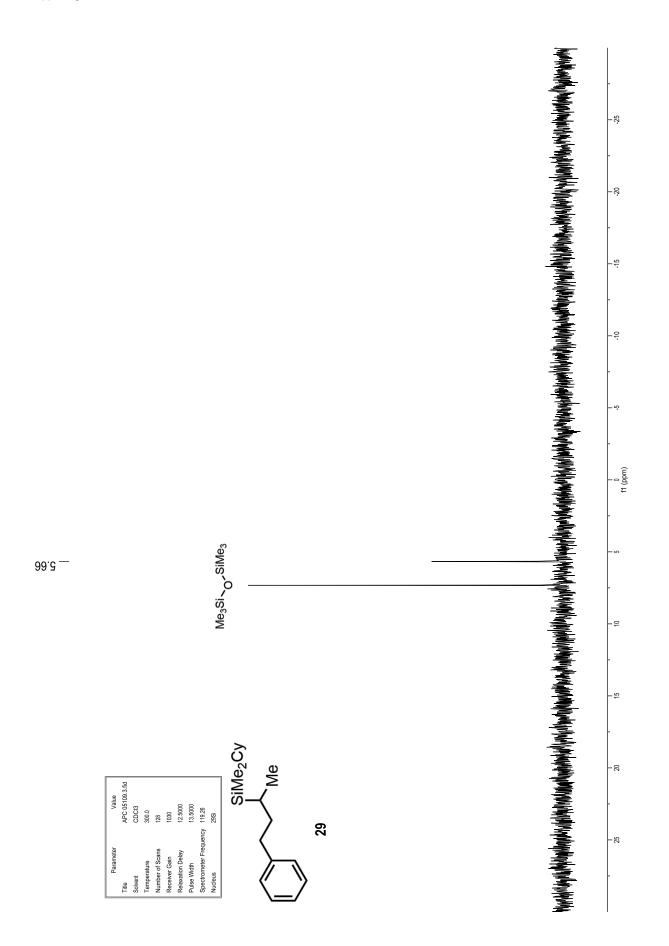


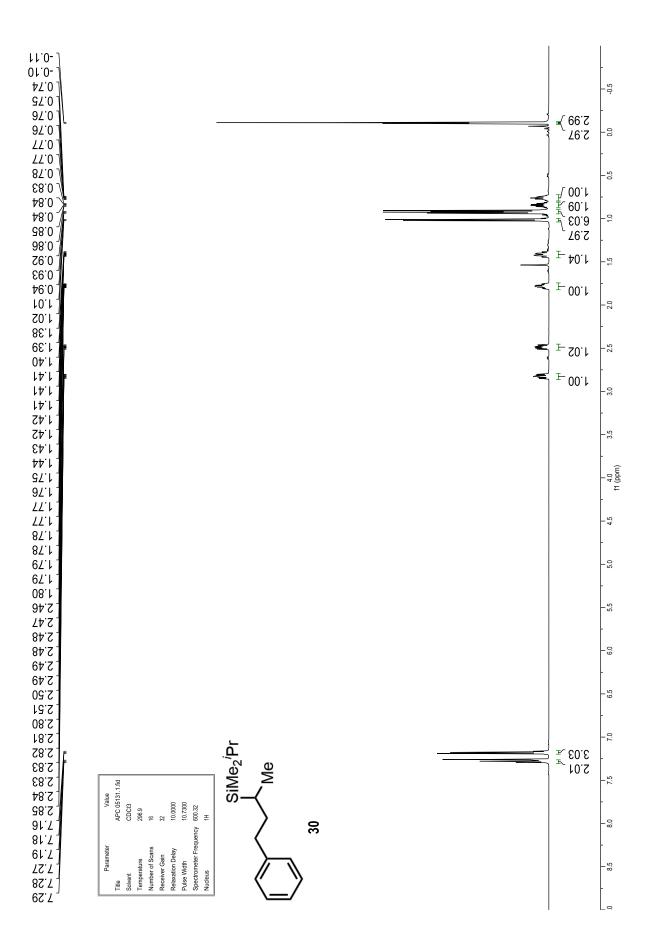


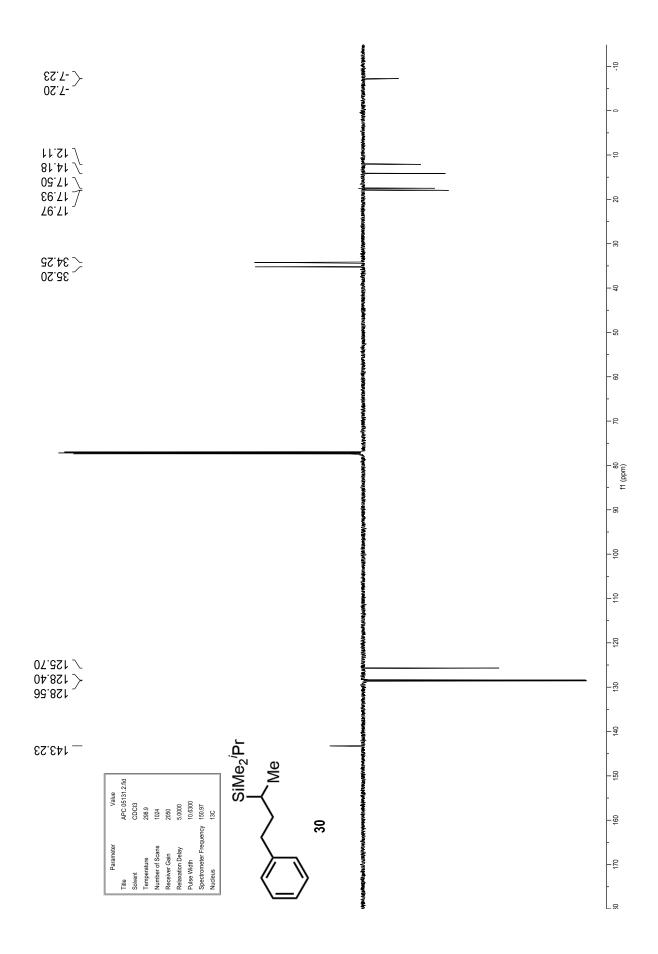


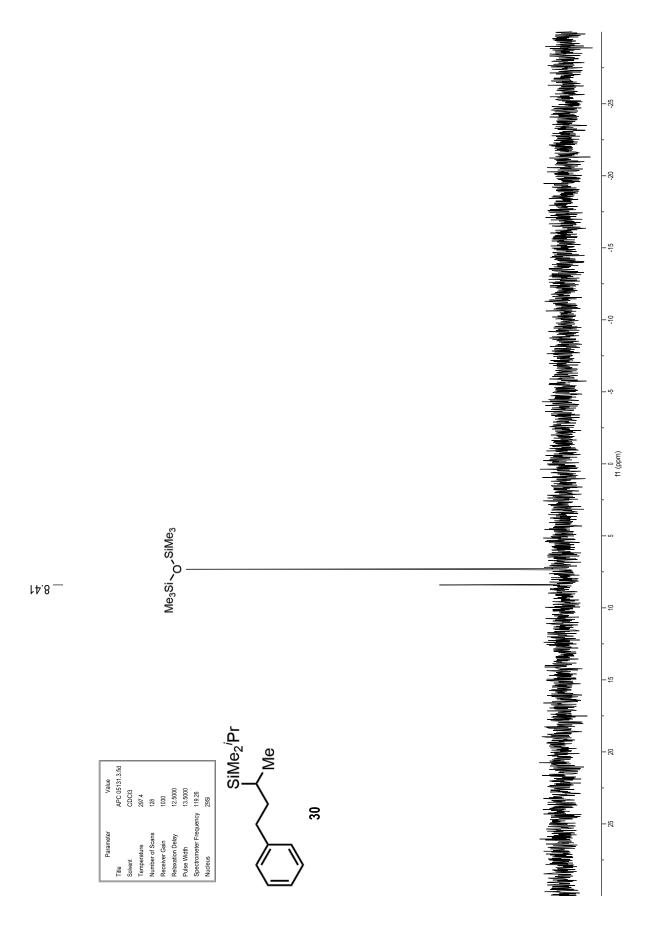


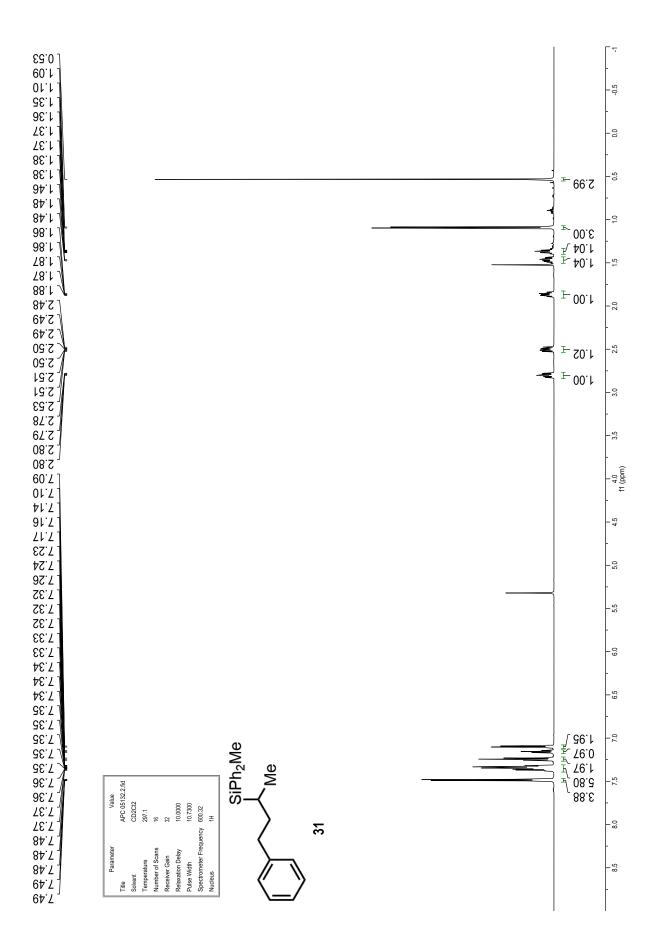




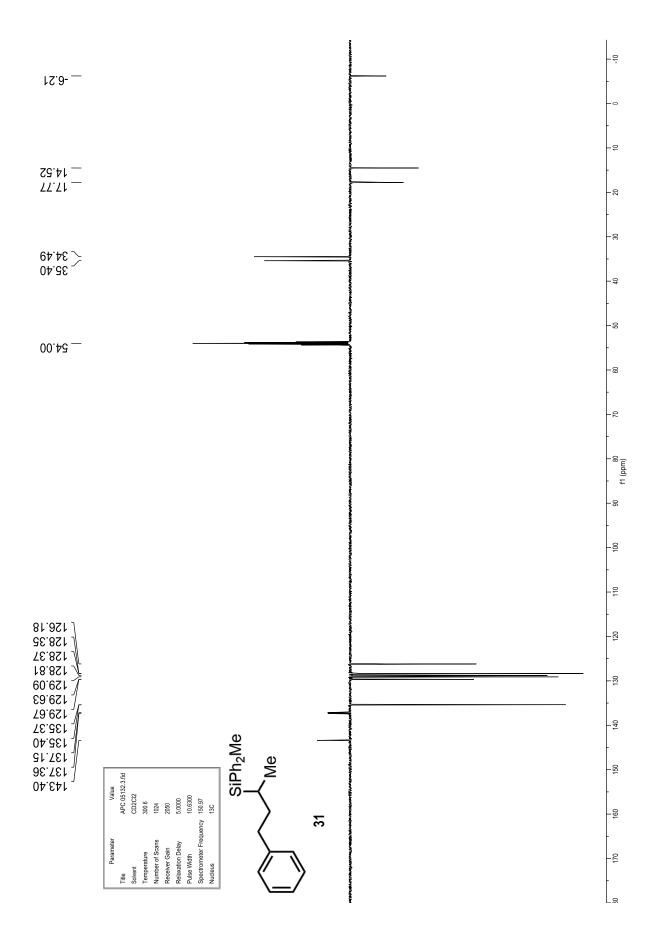


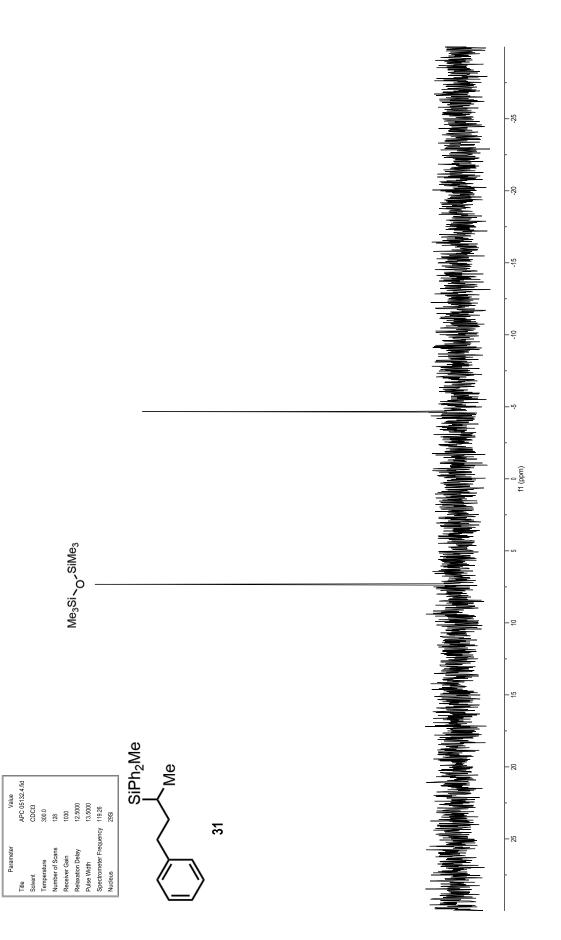




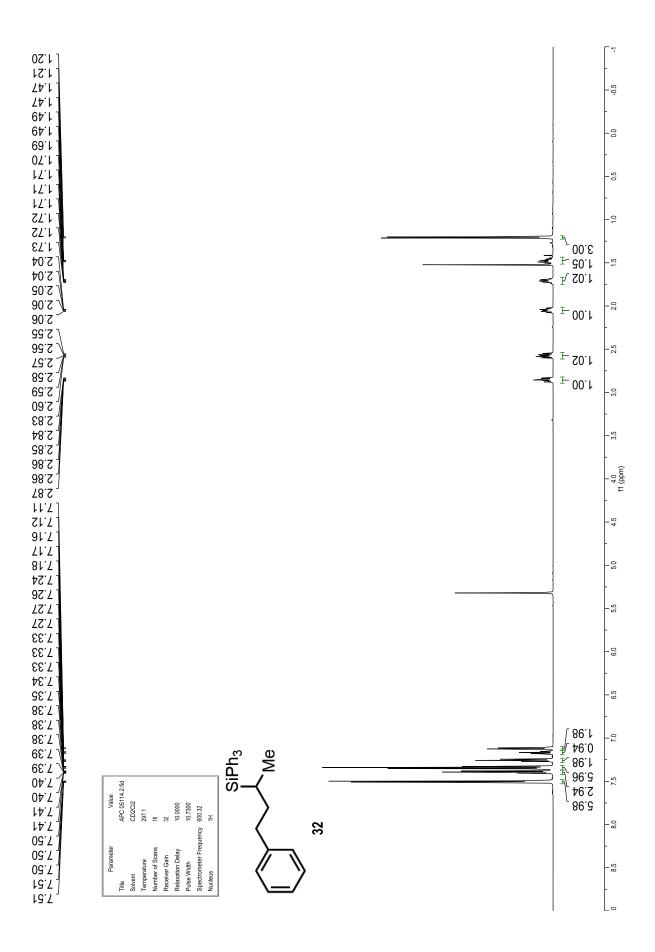


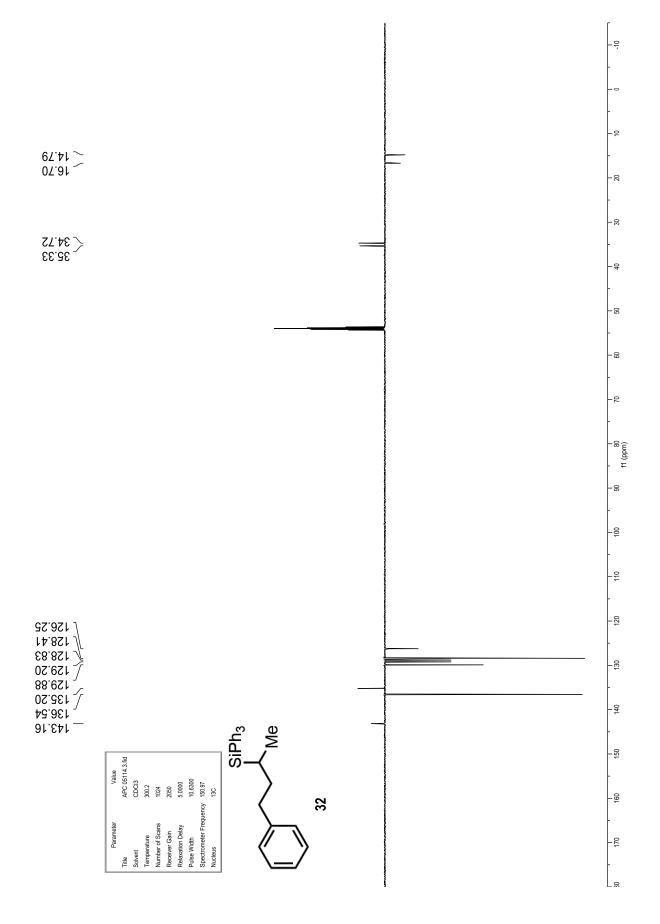
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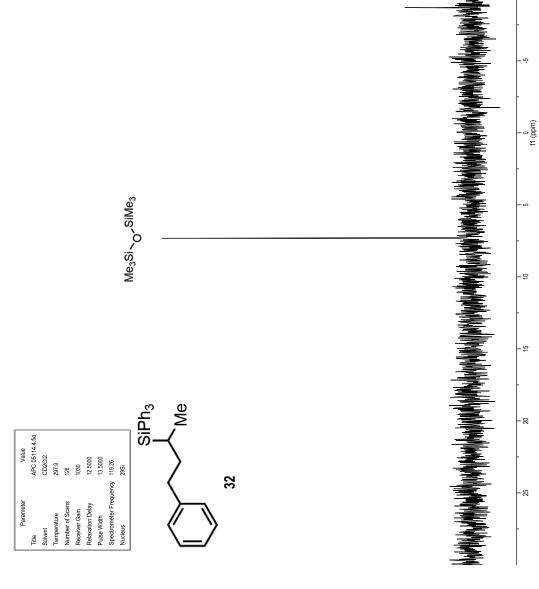












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